Amazon Rekognition

Amazon Rekognition
API Version 2016-06-27
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Welcome

This is the API Reference for Amazon Rekognition Image, Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels, Amazon Rekognition Stored Video, Amazon Rekognition Streaming Video. It provides descriptions of actions, data types, common parameters, and common errors.

Amazon Rekognition Image

- CompareFaces
- CreateCollection
- DeleteCollection
- DeleteFaces
- DescribeCollection
- DetectFaces
- DetectLabels
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- DetectText
- GetCelebrityInfo
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- CreateStreamProcessor
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Actions

The following actions are supported:

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- CreateDataset (p. 14)
- CreateProject (p. 18)
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- CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26)
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**CompareFaces**

Compares a face in the source input image with each of the 100 largest faces detected in the target input image.

If the source image contains multiple faces, the service detects the largest face and compares it with each face detected in the target image.

**Note**

CompareFaces uses machine learning algorithms, which are probabilistic. A false negative is an incorrect prediction that a face in the target image has a low similarity confidence score when compared to the face in the source image. To reduce the probability of false negatives, we recommend that you compare the target image against multiple source images. If you plan to use CompareFaces to make a decision that impacts an individual's rights, privacy, or access to services, we recommend that you pass the result to a human for review and further validation before taking action.

You pass the input and target images either as base64-encoded image bytes or as references to images in an Amazon S3 bucket. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing image bytes isn't supported. The image must be formatted as a PNG or JPEG file.

In response, the operation returns an array of face matches ordered by similarity score in descending order. For each face match, the response provides a bounding box of the face, facial landmarks, pose details (pitch, roll, and yaw), quality (brightness and sharpness), and confidence value (indicating the level of confidence that the bounding box contains a face). The response also provides a similarity score, which indicates how closely the faces match.

**Note**

By default, only faces with a similarity score of greater than or equal to 80% are returned in the response. You can change this value by specifying the SimilarityThreshold parameter.

CompareFaces also returns an array of faces that don't match the source image. For each face, it returns a bounding box, confidence value, landmarks, pose details, and quality. The response also returns information about the face in the source image, including the bounding box of the face and confidence value.

The QualityFilter input parameter allows you to filter out detected faces that don’t meet a required quality bar. The quality bar is based on a variety of common use cases. Use QualityFilter to set the quality bar by specifying LOW, MEDIUM, or HIGH. If you do not want to filter detected faces, specify NONE. The default value is NONE.

If the image doesn't contain Exif metadata, CompareFaces returns orientation information for the source and target images. Use these values to display the images with the correct image orientation.

If no faces are detected in the source or target images, CompareFaces returns an InvalidParameterException error.

**Note**

This is a stateless API operation. That is, data returned by this operation doesn't persist.

For an example, see Comparing faces in images.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:CompareFaces action.

**Request Syntax**

```
{
    "QualityFilter": "string",
    "SimilarityThreshold": number,
}
```
Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**QualityFilter (p. 5)**

A filter that specifies a quality bar for how much filtering is done to identify faces. Filtered faces aren't compared. If you specify AUTO, Amazon Rekognition chooses the quality bar. If you specify LOW, MEDIUM, or HIGH, filtering removes all faces that don't meet the chosen quality bar. The quality bar is based on a variety of common use cases. Low-quality detections can occur for a number of reasons. Some examples are an object that's misidentified as a face, a face that's too blurry, or a face with a pose that's too extreme to use. If you specify NONE, no filtering is performed. The default value is NONE.

To use quality filtering, the collection you are using must be associated with version 3 of the face model or higher.

Type: String

Valid Values: NONE | AUTO | LOW | MEDIUM | HIGH

Required: No

**SimilarityThreshold (p. 5)**

The minimum level of confidence in the face matches that a match must meet to be included in the `FaceMatches` array.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

**SourceImage (p. 5)**

The input image as base64-encoded bytes or an S3 object. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing base64-encoded image bytes is not supported.

If you are using an AWS SDK to call Amazon Rekognition, you might not need to base64-encode image bytes passed using the `Bytes` field. For more information, see Image specifications.
Type: Image (p. 290) object

Required: Yes

**TargetImage (p. 5)**

The target image as base64-encoded bytes or an S3 object. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing base64-encoded image bytes is not supported.

If you are using an AWS SDK to call Amazon Rekognition, you might not need to base64-encode image bytes passed using the `Bytes` field. For more information, see Image specifications.

Type: Image (p. 290) object

Required: Yes

**Response Syntax**

```
{
  "FaceMatches": [
    {
      "Face": {
        "BoundingBox": {
          "Height": number,
          "Left": number,
          "Top": number,
          "Width": number
        },
        "Confidence": number,
        "Emotions": [
          {
            "Confidence": number,
            "Type": "string"
          }
        ],
        "Landmarks": [
          {
            "Type": "string",
            "X": number,
            "Y": number
          }
        ],
        "Pose": {
          "Pitch": number,
          "Roll": number,
          "Yaw": number
        },
        "Quality": {
          "Brightness": number,
          "Sharpness": number
        },
        "Smile": {
          "Confidence": number,
          "Value": boolean
        }
      }
    },
    "Similarity": number
  ],
  "SourceImageFace": {
    "BoundingBox": {
      "Height": number,
      "Left": number,
      "Top": number,
      "Width": number
    },
    "Confidence": number,
    "Landmarks": [
      {
        "Type": "string",
        "X": number,
        "Y": number
      }
    ],
    "Pose": {
      "Pitch": number,
      "Roll": number,
      "Yaw": number
    },
    "Quality": {
      "Brightness": number,
      "Sharpness": number
    },
    "Smile": {
      "Confidence": number,
      "Value": boolean
    }
  }
}
```
"Top": number,
"Width": number
},
"Confidence": number
},
"SourceImageOrientationCorrection": "string",
"TargetImageOrientationCorrection": "string",
"UnmatchedFaces": [
{
"BoundingBox": {
 "Height": number,
 "Left": number,
 "Top": number,
 "Width": number
 },
"Confidence": number,
"Emotions": [
{
 "Confidence": number,
 "Type": "string"
 }
],
"Landmarks": [
{
 "Type": "string",
 "X": number,
 "Y": number
 }
],
"Pose": {
 "Pitch": number,
 "Roll": number,
 "Yaw": number
 },
"Quality": {
 "Brightness": number,
 "Sharpness": number
 },
"Smile": {
 "Confidence": number,
 "Value": boolean
 }
]
}

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

FaceMatches (p. 7)

An array of faces in the target image that match the source image face. Each CompareFacesMatch object provides the bounding box, the confidence level that the bounding box contains a face, and the similarity score for the face in the bounding box and the face in the source image.

Type: Array of CompareFacesMatch (p. 252) objects

SourceImageFace (p. 7)

The face in the source image that was used for comparison.
Type: `ComparedSourceImageFace (p. 251)` object

**SourceImageOrientationCorrection (p. 7)**

The value of `SourceImageOrientationCorrection` is always null.

If the input image is in .jpeg format, it might contain exchangeable image file format (Exif) metadata that includes the image's orientation. Amazon Rekognition uses this orientation information to perform image correction. The bounding box coordinates are translated to represent object locations after the orientation information in the Exif metadata is used to correct the image orientation. Images in .png format don't contain Exif metadata.

Amazon Rekognition doesn’t perform image correction for images in .png format and .jpeg images without orientation information in the image Exif metadata. The bounding box coordinates aren’t translated and represent the object locations before the image is rotated.

Type: String

Valid Values: `ROTATE_0` | `ROTATE_90` | `ROTATE_180` | `ROTATE_270`

**TargetImageOrientationCorrection (p. 7)**

The value of `TargetImageOrientationCorrection` is always null.

If the input image is in .jpeg format, it might contain exchangeable image file format (Exif) metadata that includes the image's orientation. Amazon Rekognition uses this orientation information to perform image correction. The bounding box coordinates are translated to represent object locations after the orientation information in the Exif metadata is used to correct the image orientation. Images in .png format don't contain Exif metadata.

Amazon Rekognition doesn’t perform image correction for images in .png format and .jpeg images without orientation information in the image Exif metadata. The bounding box coordinates aren’t translated and represent the object locations before the image is rotated.

Type: String

Valid Values: `ROTATE_0` | `ROTATE_90` | `ROTATE_180` | `ROTATE_270`

**UnmatchedFaces (p. 7)**

An array of faces in the target image that did not match the source image face.

Type: Array of `ComparedFace (p. 249)` objects

**Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see `Common Errors (p. 359)`.

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ImageTooLargeException**

The input image size exceeds the allowed limit. If you are calling `DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85)`, the image size or resolution exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see `Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition`.

HTTP Status Code: 400

API Version 2016-06-27
**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidImageFormatException**

The provided image format is not supported.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidS3ObjectException**

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
CreateCollection

Creates a collection in an AWS Region. You can add faces to the collection using the IndexFaces (p. 138) operation.

For example, you might create collections, one for each of your application users. A user can then index faces using the IndexFaces operation and persist results in a specific collection. Then, a user can search the collection for faces in the user-specific container.

When you create a collection, it is associated with the latest version of the face model version.

Note
Collection names are case-sensitive.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:CreateCollection action. If you want to tag your collection, you also require permission to perform the rekognition:TagResource operation.

Request Syntax

```json
{
  "CollectionId": "string",
  "Tags": {
    "string" : "string"
  }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

CollectionId (p. 11)

ID for the collection that you are creating.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [ a-zA-Z0-9-_]+

Required: Yes

Tags (p. 11)

A set of tags (key-value pairs) that you want to attach to the collection.

Type: String to string map

Map Entries: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 200 items.

Key Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Key Pattern: ^(?aws:)[\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}\_\.:/=\+\-@]*$

Value Length Constraints: Minimum length of 0. Maximum length of 256.
Value Pattern: ^([^\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}\p{\_\-\=\+/\-\@}]*)$  
Required: No

Response Syntax

```json
{
   "CollectionArn": "string",
   "FaceModelVersion": "string",
   "StatusCode": number
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**CollectionArn (p. 12)**

Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the collection. You can use this to manage permissions on your resources.

Type: String

**FaceModelVersion (p. 12)**

Version number of the face detection model associated with the collection you are creating.

Type: String

**StatusCode (p. 12)**

HTTP status code indicating the result of the operation.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.
HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceAlreadyExistsException

A resource with the specified ID already exists.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ServiceQuotaExceededException

The size of the resource exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
CreateDataset

Creates a new Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels dataset. You can create a dataset by using an Amazon Sagemaker format manifest file or by copying an existing Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels dataset.

To create a training dataset for a project, specify `train` for the value of `DatasetType`. To create the test dataset for a project, specify `test` for the value of `DatasetType`.

The response from CreateDataset is the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for the dataset. Creating a dataset takes a while to complete. Use DescribeDataset (p. 50) to check the current status. The dataset created successfully if the value of `Status` is `CREATE_COMPLETE`.

To check if any non-terminal errors occurred, call ListDatasetEntries (p. 150) and check for the presence of `errors` lists in the JSON Lines.

Dataset creation fails if a terminal error occurs (`Status = CREATE_FAILED`). Currently, you can't access the terminal error information.

For more information, see Creating datasets.

This operation requires permissions to perform the `rekognition:CreateDataset` action. If you want to copy an existing dataset, you also require permission to perform the `rekognition:ListDatasetEntries` action.

Request Syntax

```json
{
  "DatasetSource": {
    "DatasetArn": "string",
    "GroundTruthManifest": {
      "S3Object": {
        "Bucket": "string",
        "Name": "string",
        "Version": "string"
      }
    }
  },
  "DatasetType": "string",
  "ProjectArn": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**DatasetSource (p. 14)**

The source files for the dataset. You can specify the ARN of an existing dataset or specify the Amazon S3 bucket location of an Amazon Sagemaker format manifest file. If you don't specify datasetSource, an empty dataset is created. To add labeled images to the dataset, You can use the console or call UpdateDatasetEntries (p. 228).

Type: DatasetSource (p. 265) object

Required: No
**DatasetType (p. 14)**

The type of the dataset. Specify `train` to create a training dataset. Specify `test` to create a test dataset.

Type: String

Valid Values: TRAIN | TEST

Required: Yes

**ProjectArn (p. 14)**

The ARN of the Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels project to which you want to assign the dataset.

Type: String


Pattern: `^arn:[a-z\d\-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d\-]+:\d{12}:project/[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]{1,255}/dataset/(train|test)/[0-9]+$`

Required: Yes

---

**Response Syntax**

```
{
  "DatasetArn": "string"
}
```

**Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**DatasetArn (p. 15)**

The ARN of the created Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels dataset.

Type: String


Pattern: `^arn:[a-z\d\-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d\-]+:\d{12}:project/[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]{1,255}/dataset/(train|test)/[0-9]+$`

---

**Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors (p. 359)](#).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400
InternalServerException

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidS3ObjectException

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

LimitExceededException

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceeded exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceeded

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceAlreadyExistsException

A resource with the specified ID already exists.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
CreateProject

Creates a new Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels project. A project is a group of resources (datasets, model versions) that you use to create and manage Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels models.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:CreateProject action.

Request Syntax

```
{
  "ProjectName": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**ProjectName (p. 18)**

The name of the project to create.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```
{
  "ProjectArn": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**ProjectArn (p. 18)**

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the new project. You can use the ARN to configure IAM access to the project.

Type: String


Pattern: (^arn:[a-zA-Z0-9\d-]+:rekognition:[a-zA-Z0-9\d-]+:d(12):project/\[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]\{1,255\}/[0-9]+\$)
Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalSERVERError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

LimitExceededException

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceeded exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceInUseException

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
See Also

- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
CreateProjectVersion

Creates a new version of a model and begins training. Models are managed as part of an Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels project. The response from CreateProjectVersion is an Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for the version of the model.

Training uses the training and test datasets associated with the project. For more information, see Creating training and test datasets.

**Note**
You can train a model in a project that doesn't have associated datasets by specifying manifest files in the TrainingData and TestingData fields.
If you open the console after training a model with manifest files, Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels creates the datasets for you using the most recent manifest files. You can no longer train a model version for the project by specifying manifest files.
Instead of training with a project without associated datasets, we recommend that you use the manifest files to create training and test datasets for the project.

Training takes a while to complete. You can get the current status by calling DescribeProjectVersions (p. 56). Training completed successfully if the value of the Status field is TRAINING_COMPLETED.

If training fails, see Debugging a failed model training.

Once training has successfully completed, call DescribeProjectVersions (p. 56) to get the training results and evaluate the model. For more information, see Improving a trained Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels model.

After evaluating the model, you start the model by calling StartProjectVersion (p. 204).

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:CreateProjectVersion action.

**Request Syntax**

```
{
    "KmsKeyId": "string",
    "OutputConfig": {
        "S3Bucket": "string",
        "S3KeyPrefix": "string"
    },
    "ProjectArn": "string",
    "Tags": {
        "string": "string"
    },
    "TestingData": {
        "Assets": [
            {
                "GroundTruthManifest": {
                    "S3Object": {
                        "Bucket": "string",
                        "Name": "string",
                        "Version": "string"
                    }
                }
            }
        ],
        "AutoCreate": boolean
    },
    "TrainingData": {
        "Assets": [
        ]
    }
}
```
Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

KmsKeyId (p. 21)

The identifier for your AWS Key Management Service key (AWS KMS key). You can supply the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of your KMS key, the ID of your KMS key, an alias for your KMS key, or an alias ARN. The key is used to encrypt training and test images copied into the service for model training. Your source images are unaffected. The key is also used to encrypt training results and manifest files written to the output Amazon S3 bucket (OutputConfig).

If you choose to use your own KMS key, you need the following permissions on the KMS key.

- kms:CreateGrant
- kms:DescribeKey
- kms:GenerateDataKey
- kms:Decrypt

If you don't specify a value for KmsKeyId, images copied into the service are encrypted using a key that AWS owns and manages.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9:_/+@.\-]{0,2048}$

Required: No

OutputConfig (p. 21)

The Amazon S3 bucket location to store the results of training. The S3 bucket can be in any AWS account as long as the caller has s3:PutObject permissions on the S3 bucket.

Type: OutputConfig (p. 304) object

Required: Yes

ProjectArn (p. 21)

The ARN of the Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels project that manages the model that you want to train.

Type: String

Pattern: (^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+::\d{12}:project/[a-zA-Z0-\-]{1,255}/[0-9]+$)

Required: Yes

Tags (p. 21)

A set of tags (key-value pairs) that you want to attach to the model.

Type: String to string map

Map Entries: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 200 items.

Key Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Key Pattern: ^(?!*aws:)[\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}_.:/=+-@]*$

Value Length Constraints: Minimum length of 0. Maximum length of 256.

Value Pattern: ^([^\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}_.:/=+-@])*$

Required: No

TestingData (p. 21)

Specifies an external manifest that the service uses to test the model. If you specify TestingData you must also specify TrainingData. The project must not have any associated datasets.

Type: TestingData (p. 345) object

Required: No

TrainingData (p. 21)

Specifies an external manifest that the services uses to train the model. If you specify TrainingData you must also specify TestingData. The project must not have any associated datasets.

Type: TrainingData (p. 350) object

Required: No

VersionName (p. 21)

A name for the version of the model. This value must be unique.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+*

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```json
{
  "ProjectVersionArn": "string"
}
```
Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

ProjectVersionArn (p. 23)

The ARN of the model version that was created. Use DescribeProjectVersion to get the current status of the training operation.

Type: String


Pattern: (^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:\d{12}:project\/[a-zA-Z0-9-.\-]{1,255}/version\/[a-zA-Z0-9-.\-]{1,255}/[0-9]+$)

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

LimitExceededException

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceInUseException

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400
ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ServiceQuotaExceededException

The size of the resource exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
CreateStreamProcessor

Creates an Amazon Rekognition stream processor that you can use to detect and recognize faces or to detect labels in a streaming video.

Amazon Rekognition Video is a consumer of live video from Amazon Kinesis Video Streams. There are two different settings for stream processors in Amazon Rekognition: detecting faces and detecting labels.

- If you are creating a stream processor for detecting faces, you provide as input a Kinesis video stream (Input) and a Kinesis data stream (Output) stream. You also specify the face recognition criteria in Settings. For example, the collection containing faces that you want to recognize. After you have finished analyzing a streaming video, use StopStreamProcessor (p. 221) to stop processing.

- If you are creating a stream processor to detect labels, you provide as input a Kinesis video stream (Input), Amazon S3 bucket information (Output), and an Amazon SNS topic ARN (NotificationChannel). You can also provide a KMS key ID to encrypt the data sent to your Amazon S3 bucket. You specify what you want to detect in ConnectedHomeSettings, such as people, packages and people, or pets, people, and packages. You can also specify where in the frame you want Amazon Rekognition to monitor with RegionsOfInterest. When you run the StartStreamProcessor (p. 211) operation on a label detection stream processor, you input start and stop information to determine the length of the processing time.

Use Name to assign an identifier for the stream processor. You use Name to manage the stream processor. For example, you can start processing the source video by calling StartStreamProcessor (p. 211) with the Name field.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:CreateStreamProcessor action. If you want to tag your stream processor, you also require permission to perform the rekognition:TagResource operation.

Request Syntax

```json
{
   "DataSharingPreference": {
      "OptIn": boolean
   },
   "Input": {
      "KinesisVideoStream": {
         "Arn": "string"
      }
   },
   "KmsKeyId": "string",
   "Name": "string",
   "NotificationChannel": {
      "SNSTopicArn": "string"
   },
   "Output": {
      "KinesisDataStream": {
         "Arn": "string"
      },
      "S3Destination": {
         "Bucket": "string",
         "KeyPrefix": "string"
      }
   },
   "RegionsOfInterest": [
      {
         "BoundingBox": {
         ...
      }
   }
}
```

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Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

DataSharingPreference (p. 26)

Shows whether you are sharing data with Rekognition to improve model performance. You can choose this option at the account level or on a per-stream basis. Note that if you opt out at the account level this setting is ignored on individual streams.

Type: StreamProcessorDataSharingPreference (p. 336) object

Required: No

Input (p. 26)

Kinesis video stream stream that provides the source streaming video. If you are using the AWS CLI, the parameter name is StreamProcessorInput. This is required for both face search and label detection stream processors.

Type: StreamProcessorInput (p. 337) object

Required: Yes

KmsKeyId (p. 26)

The identifier for your AWS Key Management Service key (AWS KMS key). This is an optional parameter for label detection stream processors and should not be used to create a face search stream processor. You can supply the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of your KMS key, the ID of your KMS key, an alias for your KMS key, or an alias ARN. The key is used to encrypt results and data.
published to your Amazon S3 bucket, which includes image frames and hero images. Your source images are unaffected.

Type: String
Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 2048.
Pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9\[\]_\-]+\{0,2048}\$
Required: No

**Name (p. 26)**

An identifier you assign to the stream processor. You can use Name to manage the stream processor. For example, you can get the current status of the stream processor by calling DescribeStreamProcessor (p. 61). Name is idempotent. This is required for both face search and label detection stream processors.

Type: String
Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9._-]+
Required: Yes

**NotificationChannel (p. 26)**

The Amazon Simple Notification Service topic to which Amazon Rekognition publishes the object detection results and completion status of a video analysis operation.

Amazon Rekognition publishes a notification the first time an object of interest or a person is detected in the video stream. For example, if Amazon Rekognition detects a person at second 2, a pet at second 4, and a person again at second 5, Amazon Rekognition sends 2 object class detected notifications, one for a person at second 2 and one for a pet at second 4.

Amazon Rekognition also publishes an an end-of-session notification with a summary when the stream processing session is complete.

Type: StreamProcessorNotificationChannel (p. 338) object
Required: No

**Output (p. 26)**

Kinesis data stream stream or Amazon S3 bucket location to which Amazon Rekognition Video puts the analysis results. If you are using the AWS CLI, the parameter name is StreamProcessorOutput. This must be a S3Destination (p. 321) of an Amazon S3 bucket that you own for a label detection stream processor or a Kinesis data stream ARN for a face search stream processor.

Type: StreamProcessorOutput (p. 339) object
Required: Yes

**RegionsOfInterest (p. 26)**

Specifies locations in the frames where Amazon Rekognition checks for objects or people. You can specify up to 10 regions of interest, and each region has either a polygon or a bounding box. This is an optional parameter for label detection stream processors and should not be used to create a face search stream processor.

Type: Array of RegionOfInterest (p. 320) objects
Array Members: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 10 items.
RoleArn (p. 26)

The Amazon Resource Number (ARN) of the IAM role that allows access to the stream processor. The IAM role provides Rekognition read permissions for a Kinesis stream. It also provides write permissions to an Amazon S3 bucket and Amazon Simple Notification Service topic for a label detection stream processor. This is required for both face search and label detection stream processors.

Type: String

Pattern: `arn:aws:iam::\d{12}:role/?[a-zA-Z0-9+=,.@\-_\/]`

Required: Yes

Settings (p. 26)

Input parameters used in a streaming video analyzed by a stream processor. You can use FaceSearch to recognize faces in a streaming video, or you can use ConnectedHome to detect labels.

Type: `StreamProcessorSettings` (p. 340) object

Required: Yes

Tags (p. 26)

A set of tags (key-value pairs) that you want to attach to the stream processor.

Type: String to string map

Map Entries: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 200 items.

Key Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Key Pattern: `^\(?!aws:\)[\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}_.:/=+-@]*$`

Value Length Constraints: Minimum length of 0. Maximum length of 256.

Value Pattern: `^\(\[\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}_.:.=\+\-@$]*$`

Required: No

Response Syntax

```json
{
    "StreamProcessorArn": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

StreamProcessorArn (p. 29)

Amazon Resource Number for the newly created stream processor.

Type: String
Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerException

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

LimitExceededException

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceInUseException

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ServiceQuotaExceededException

The size of the resource exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:
• AWS Command Line Interface
• AWS SDK for .NET
• AWS SDK for C++
• AWS SDK for Go
• AWS SDK for Java V2
• AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DeleteCollection

Deletes the specified collection. Note that this operation removes all faces in the collection. For an example, see Deleting a collection.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DeleteCollection action.

Request Syntax

```json
{
    "CollectionId": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**CollectionId (p. 32)**

ID of the collection to delete.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```json
{
    "StatusCode": number
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**StatusCode (p. 32)**

HTTP status code that indicates the result of the operation.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).
AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceeded Exception

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DeleteDataset

Deletes an existing Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels dataset. Deleting a dataset might take while. Use DescribeDataset (p. 50) to check the current status. The dataset is still deleting if the value of Status is DELETE_IN_PROGRESS. If you try to access the dataset after it is deleted, you get a ResourceNotFoundException exception.

You can't delete a dataset while it is creating (Status = CREATE_IN_PROGRESS) or if the dataset is updating (Status = UPDATE_IN_PROGRESS).

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DeleteDataset action.

Request Syntax

```
{
  "DatasetArn": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

DatasetArn (p. 34)

The ARN of the Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels dataset that you want to delete.

Type: String


Pattern: (^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:\d{12}:project\/[a-zA-Z0-9-.\-_]{1,255}/dataset/(train|test)/(\d+/\d+$)

Required: Yes

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.
HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

LimitExceededException

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceInUseException

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DeleteFaces

Deletes faces from a collection. You specify a collection ID and an array of face IDs to remove from the collection.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DeleteFaces action.

Request Syntax

```json
{
    "CollectionId": "string",
    "FaceIds": [ "string" ]
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**CollectionId (p. 36)**

Collection from which to remove the specific faces.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.-]+

Required: Yes

**FaceIds (p. 36)**

An array of face IDs to delete.

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 4096 items.

Pattern: [0-9a-f]{8}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{12}

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```json
{
    "DeletedFaces": [ "string" ]
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.
The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**DeletedFaces (p. 36)**

- An array of strings (face IDs) of the faces that were deleted.
- **Type:** Array of strings
- **Array Members:** Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 4096 items.
- **Pattern:** \[0-9a-f\]{8}-\[0-9a-f\]{4}-\[0-9a-f\]{4}-\[0-9a-f\]{4}-\[0-9a-f\]{12}\]

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors (p. 359)].

**AccessDeniedException**

- You are not authorized to perform the action.
- HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerError**

- Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.
- HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

- Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.
- HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

- The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.
- HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

- The resource specified in the request cannot be found.
- HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

- Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.
- HTTP Status Code: 500

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- [AWS Command Line Interface](#)
- [AWS SDK for .NET](#)
- [AWS SDK for C++](#)

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• AWS SDK for Go
• AWS SDK for Java V2
• AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DeleteProject

Deletes an Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels project. To delete a project you must first delete all models associated with the project. To delete a model, see DeleteProjectVersion (p. 42).

DeleteProject is an asynchronous operation. To check if the project is deleted, call DescribeProjects (p. 53). The project is deleted when the project no longer appears in the response.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DeleteProject action.

Request Syntax

```
{
    "ProjectArn": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

ProjectArn (p. 39)

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the project that you want to delete.

Type: String


Pattern: (^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:\d{12}:project/[/a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]{1,255}/[0-9]+$)

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```
{
    "Status": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

Status (p. 39)

The current status of the delete project operation.

Type: String
Valid Values: CREATING | CREATED | DELETING

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerException

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceInUseException

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DeleteProjectVersion

Deletes an Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels model.

You can't delete a model if it is running or if it is training. To check the status of a model, use the Status field returned from DescribeProjectVersions (p. 56). To stop a running model call StopProjectVersion (p. 218). If the model is training, wait until it finishes.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DeleteProjectVersion action.

Request Syntax

```json
{
    "ProjectVersionArn": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

ProjectVersionArn (p. 42)

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the model version that you want to delete.

Type: String


Pattern: (/^[a-z][a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:\d{12}:project\/[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]{1,255}/version\/[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]{1,255}\/[0-9]+$)

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```json
{
    "Status": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

Status (p. 42)

The status of the deletion operation.

Type: String
Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceeded Exception**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceInUseException**

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
• AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DeleteStreamProcessor

Deletes the stream processor identified by Name. You assign the value for Name when you create the stream processor with CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26). You might not be able to use the same name for a stream processor for a few seconds after calling DeleteStreamProcessor.

Request Syntax

```json
{
   "Name": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

Name (p. 45)

The name of the stream processor you want to delete.

Type: String


Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+

Required: Yes

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.
HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceInUseException

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DescribeCollection

Describesthe specified collection. You can use DescribeCollection to get information, such as the number of faces indexed into a collection and the version of the model used by the collection for face detection.

For more information, see Describing a collection.

Request Syntax

```
{
   "CollectionId": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**CollectionId (p. 47)**

The ID of the collection to describe.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.-]+

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```
{
   "CollectionARN": "string",
   "CreationTimestamp": number,
   "FaceCount": number,
   "FaceModelVersion": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**CollectionARN (p. 47)**

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the collection.

Type: String
CreationTimestamp (p. 47)

The number of milliseconds since the Unix epoch time until the creation of the collection. The Unix epoch time is 00:00:00 Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), Thursday, 1 January 1970.

Type: Timestamp

FaceCount (p. 47)

The number of faces that are indexed into the collection. To index faces into a collection, use IndexFaces (p. 138).

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

FaceModelVersion (p. 47)

The version of the face model that's used by the collection for face detection.

For more information, see Model versioning.

Type: String

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500
See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DescribeDataset

Describes an Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels dataset. You can get information such as the current status of a dataset and statistics about the images and labels in a dataset.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DescribeDataset action.

Request Syntax

```
{
  "DatasetArn": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**DatasetArn (p. 50)**

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the dataset that you want to describe.

Type: String


Pattern: (^arn:[a-zA-Z0-9_-]+:rekognition:[a-zA-Z0-9_-]+:/\{12}:project/\{a-zA-Z0-9_-\}\{1,255\}/dataset/(train|test)/(0-9]+$)

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```
{
  "DatasetDescription": {
    "CreationTimestamp": number,
    "DatasetStats": {
      "ErrorEntries": number,
      "LabeledEntries": number,
      "TotalEntries": number,
      "TotalLabels": number
    },
    "LastUpdatedTimestamp": number,
    "Status": "string",
    "StatusMessage": "string",
    "StatusMessageCode": "string"
  }
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.
The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**DatasetDescription (p. 50)**

The description for the dataset.

Type: **DatasetDescription (p. 259) object**

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see **Common Errors (p. 359)**.

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DescribeProjects

Gets information about your Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels projects.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DescribeProjects action.

Request Syntax

```
{
    "MaxResults": number,
    "NextToken": "string",
    "ProjectNames": [ "string" ]
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

MaxResults (p. 53)

The maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 100. If you specify a value greater than 100, a ValidationException error occurs. The default value is 100.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

NextToken (p. 53)

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more results to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of results.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 1024.

Required: No

ProjectNames (p. 53)

A list of the projects that you want Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels to describe. If you don't specify a value, the response includes descriptions for all the projects in your AWS account.

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 10 items.

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+

Required: No

API Version 2016-06-27
Response Syntax

```
{
  "NextToken": "string",
  "ProjectDescriptions": [
    {
      "CreationTimestamp": number,
      "Datasets": [
        {
          "CreationTimestamp": number,
          "DatasetArn": "string",
          "DatasetType": "string",
          "Status": "string",
          "StatusMessage": "string",
          "StatusMessageCode": "string"
        }
      ],
      "ProjectArn": "string",
      "Status": "string"
    }
  ]
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**NextToken (p. 54)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more results to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of results.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 1024.

**ProjectDescriptions (p. 54)**

A list of project descriptions. The list is sorted by the date and time the projects are created.

Type: Array of ProjectDescription (p. 311) objects

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500
InvalidPaginationTokenException

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DescribeProjectVersions

Lists and describes the versions of a model in an Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels project. You can specify up to 10 model versions in ProjectVersionArns. If you don't specify a value, descriptions for all model versions in the project are returned.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DescribeProjectVersions action.

Request Syntax

```
{
  "MaxResults": number,
  "NextToken": "string",
  "ProjectArn": "string",
  "VersionNames": [ "string" ]
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

MaxResults (p. 56)

The maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 100. If you specify a value greater than 100, a ValidationException error occurs. The default value is 100.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

NextToken (p. 56)

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more results to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of results.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 1024.

Required: No

ProjectArn (p. 56)

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the project that contains the models you want to describe.

Type: String


Pattern: (^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:\d{12}:project/\[a-zA-Z0-9-_\.\-]{1,255}\/[0-9]+#)

Required: Yes
VersionNames (p. 56)

A list of model version names that you want to describe. You can add up to 10 model version names to the list. If you don't specify a value, all model descriptions are returned. A version name is part of a model (ProjectVersion) ARN. For example, my-model.2020-01-21T09.10.15 is the version name in the following ARN. arn:aws:rekognition:us-east-1:123456789012:project/getting-started/version/my-model.2020-01-21T09.10.15/1234567890123.

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 10 items.

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+

Required: No

Response Syntax

```json
{
    "NextToken": "string",
    "ProjectVersionDescriptions": [
        {
            "BillableTrainingTimeInSeconds": number,
            "CreationTimestamp": number,
            "EvaluationResult": {
                "F1Score": number,
                "Summary": {
                    "S3Object": {
                        "Bucket": "string",
                        "Name": "string",
                        "Version": "string"
                    }
                }
            },
            "KmsKeyId": "string",
            "ManifestSummary": {
                "S3Object": {
                    "Bucket": "string",
                    "Name": "string",
                    "Version": "string"
                }
            },
            "MinInferenceUnits": number,
            "OutputConfig": {
                "S3Bucket": "string",
                "S3KeyPrefix": "string"
            },
            "ProjectVersionArn": "string",
            "Status": "string",
            "StatusMessage": "string",
            "TestingDataResult": {
                "Input": {
                    "Assets": [
                        {
                            "GroundTruthManifest": {
                                "S3Object": {
                                    "Bucket": "string",
                                    "Name": "string",
                                    "Version": "string"
                                }
                            }
                        }
                    ]
                }
            }
        }
    ]
}
```
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Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

NextToken (p. 57)

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more results to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of results.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 1024.

ProjectVersionDescriptions (p. 57)

A list of model descriptions. The list is sorted by the creation date and time of the model versions, latest to earliest.

Type: Array of ProjectVersionDescription (p. 312) objects

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidPaginationTokenException

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

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HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DescribeStreamProcessor

Provides information about a stream processor created by CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26). You can get information about the input and output streams, the input parameters for the face recognition being performed, and the current status of the stream processor.

Request Syntax

```
{
  "Name": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**Name (p. 61)**

Name of the stream processor for which you want information.

Type: String


Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```
{
  "CreationTimestamp": number,
  "DataSharingPreference": {
    "OptIn": boolean
  },
  "Input": {
    "KinesisVideoStream": {
      "Arn": "string"
    }
  },
  "KmsKeyId": "string",
  "LastUpdateTimestamp": number,
  "Name": "string",
  "NotificationChannel": {
    "SNSTopicArn": "string"
  },
  "Output": {
    "KinesisDataStream": {
      "Arn": "string"
    },
    "S3Destination": {
      "Bucket": "string",
      "KeyPrefix": "string"
    }
  }
}
```
Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

CreationTimestamp (p. 61)

Date and time the stream processor was created

Type: Timestamp

DataSharingPreference (p. 61)

Shows whether you are sharing data with Rekognition to improve model performance. You can choose this option at the account level or on a per-stream basis. Note that if you opt out at the account level this setting is ignored on individual streams.

Type: StreamProcessorDataSharingPreference (p. 336) object

Input (p. 61)

Kinesis video stream that provides the source streaming video.

Type: StreamProcessorInput (p. 337) object

KmsKeyId (p. 61)

The identifier for your AWS Key Management Service key (AWS KMS key). This is an optional parameter for label detection stream processors.
Response Elements

**LastUpdateTimestamp (p. 61)**

The time, in Unix format, the stream processor was last updated. For example, when the stream processor moves from a running state to a failed state, or when the user starts or stops the stream processor.

Type: Timestamp

**Name (p. 61)**

Name of the stream processor.

Type: String

**NotificationChannel (p. 61)**

The Amazon Simple Notification Service topic to which Amazon Rekognition publishes the object detection results and completion status of a video analysis operation.

Amazon Rekognition publishes a notification the first time an object of interest or a person is detected in the video stream. For example, if Amazon Rekognition detects a person at second 2, a pet at second 4, and a person again at second 5, Amazon Rekognition sends 2 object class detected notifications, one for a person at second 2 and one for a pet at second 4.

Amazon Rekognition also publishes an end-of-session notification with a summary when the stream processing session is complete.

Type: StreamProcessorNotificationChannel (p. 338) object

**Output (p. 61)**

Kinesis data stream to which Amazon Rekognition Video puts the analysis results.

Type: StreamProcessorOutput (p. 339) object

**RegionsOfInterest (p. 61)**

Specifies locations in the frames where Amazon Rekognition checks for objects or people. This is an optional parameter for label detection stream processors.

Type: Array of RegionOfInterest (p. 320) objects

**RoleArn (p. 61)**

ARN of the IAM role that allows access to the stream processor.

Type: String

**Settings (p. 61)**

Input parameters used in a streaming video analyzed by a stream processor. You can use FaceSearch to recognize faces in a streaming video, or you can use ConnectedHome to detect labels.
Type: StreamProcessorSettings (p. 340) object

**Status (p. 61)**

Current status of the stream processor.

Type: String

Valid Values: STOPPED | STARTING | RUNNING | FAILED | STOPPING | UPDATING

**StatusMessage (p. 61)**

Detailed status message about the stream processor.

Type: String

**StreamProcessorArn (p. 61)**

ARN of the stream processor.

Type: String

Pattern: (^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:\d{12}:streamprocessor\/.+$)

**Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500
See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DetectCustomLabels

Detects custom labels in a supplied image by using an Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels model.

You specify which version of a model version to use by using the ProjectVersionArn input parameter.

You pass the input image as base64-encoded image bytes or as a reference to an image in an Amazon S3 bucket. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing image bytes is not supported. The image must be either a PNG or JPEG formatted file.

For each object that the model version detects on an image, the API returns a (CustomLabel) object in an array (CustomLabels). Each CustomLabel object provides the label name (Name), the level of confidence that the image contains the object (Confidence), and object location information, if it exists, for the label on the image (Geometry).

To filter labels that are returned, specify a value for MinConfidence. DetectCustomLabelsLabels only returns labels with a confidence that's higher than the specified value. The value of MinConfidence maps to the assumed threshold values created during training. For more information, see Assumed Threshold. Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels expresses an assumed threshold as a floating point value between 0-1. The range of MinConfidence normalizes the assumed threshold to a percentage value (0-100). Confidence responses from DetectCustomLabels are also returned as a percentage. You can use MinConfidence to change the precision and recall or your model. For more information, see Analyzing an image.

If you don't specify a value for MinConfidence, DetectCustomLabels returns labels based on the assumed threshold of each label.

This is a stateless API operation. That is, the operation does not persist any data.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DetectCustomLabels action.

For more information, see Analyzing an image.

Request Syntax

```json
{
  "Image": {
    "Bytes": "blob",
    "S3Object": {
      "Bucket": "string",
      "Name": "string",
      "Version": "string"
    }
  },
  "MaxResults": number,
  "MinConfidence": number,
  "ProjectVersionArn": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

Image (p. 66)

Provides the input image either as bytes or an S3 object.

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You pass image bytes to an Amazon Rekognition API operation by using the `Bytes` property. For example, you would use the `Bytes` property to pass an image loaded from a local file system. Image bytes passed by using the `Bytes` property must be base64-encoded. Your code may not need to encode image bytes if you are using an AWS SDK to call Amazon Rekognition API operations.

For more information, see Analyzing an image loaded from a local file system.

You pass images stored in an S3 bucket to an Amazon Rekognition API operation by using the `S3Object` property. Images stored in an S3 bucket do not need to be base64-encoded.

The region for the S3 bucket containing the S3 object must match the region you use for Amazon Rekognition operations.

If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing image bytes using the `Bytes` property is not supported. You must first upload the image to an Amazon S3 bucket and then call the operation using the `S3Object` property.

For Amazon Rekognition to process an S3 object, the user must have permission to access the S3 object. For more information, see How Amazon Rekognition works with IAM.

**Type:** Image (p. 290) object

**Required:** Yes

### MaxResults (p. 66)

Maximum number of results you want the service to return in the response. The service returns the specified number of highest confidence labels ranked from highest confidence to lowest.

**Type:** Integer

**Valid Range:** Minimum value of 0.

**Required:** No

### MinConfidence (p. 66)

Specifies the minimum confidence level for the labels to return. `DetectCustomLabels` doesn't return any labels with a confidence value that's lower than this specified value. If you specify a value of 0, `DetectCustomLabels` returns all labels, regardless of the assumed threshold applied to each label. If you don't specify a value for `MinConfidence`, `DetectCustomLabels` returns labels based on the assumed threshold of each label.

**Type:** Float

**Valid Range:** Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

**Required:** No

### ProjectVersionArn (p. 66)

The ARN of the model version that you want to use.

**Type:** String

**Length Constraints:** Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

**Pattern:** `^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:\d{12}:project/[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]{1,255}/version/[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]{1,255}/[0-9]+$`

**Required:** Yes
Response Syntax

```json
{
   "CustomLabels": [
      {
         "Confidence": number,
         "Geometry": {
            "BoundingBox": {
               "Height": number,
               "Left": number,
               "Top": number,
               "Width": number
            },
            "Polygon": [
               {
                  "X": number,
                  "Y": number
               }
            ]
         },
         "Name": "string"
      }
   ]
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**CustomLabels (p. 68)**

An array of custom labels detected in the input image.

Type: Array of CustomLabel (p. 257) objects

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ImageTooLargeException**

The input image size exceeds the allowed limit. If you are calling DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85), the image size or resolution exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500
InvalidImageFormatException

The provided image format is not supported.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidS3ObjectException

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

LimitExceededException

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotReadyException

The requested resource isn't ready. For example, this exception occurs when you call DetectCustomLabels with a model version that isn't deployed.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
• AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DetectFaces

Detects faces within an image that is provided as input.

DetectFaces detects the 100 largest faces in the image. For each face detected, the operation returns face details. These details include a bounding box of the face, a confidence value (that the bounding box contains a face), and a fixed set of attributes such as facial landmarks (for example, coordinates of eye and mouth), presence of beard, sunglasses, and so on.

The face-detection algorithm is most effective on frontal faces. For non-frontal or obscured faces, the algorithm might not detect the faces or might detect faces with lower confidence.

You pass the input image either as base64-encoded image bytes or as a reference to an image in an Amazon S3 bucket. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing image bytes is not supported. The image must be either a PNG or JPEG formatted file.

**Note**
This is a stateless API operation. That is, the operation does not persist any data.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DetectFaces action.

**Request Syntax**

```json
{
  "Attributes": [ "string" ],
  "Image": {
    "Bytes": blob,
    "S3Object": {
      "Bucket": "string",
      "Name": "string",
      "Version": "string"
    }
  }
}
```

**Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**Attributes (p. 71)**

An array of facial attributes you want to be returned. This can be the default list of attributes or all attributes. If you don't specify a value for Attributes or if you specify ["DEFAULT"], the API returns the following subset of facial attributes: BoundingBox, Confidence, Pose, Quality, and Landmarks. If you provide ["ALL"], all facial attributes are returned, but the operation takes longer to complete.

If you provide both, ["ALL", "DEFAULT"], the service uses a logical AND operator to determine which attributes to return (in this case, all attributes).

Type: Array of strings

Valid Values: DEFAULT | ALL

Required: No
Image (p. 71)

The input image as base64-encoded bytes or an S3 object. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing base64-encoded image bytes is not supported.

If you are using an AWS SDK to call Amazon Rekognition, you might not need to base64-encode image bytes passed using the `Bytes` field. For more information, see Image specifications.

Type: Image (p. 290) object

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```
{
  "FaceDetails": [
    {
      "AgeRange": {
        "High": number,
        "Low": number
      },
      "Beard": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
      },
      "BoundingBox": {
        "Height": number,
        "Left": number,
        "Top": number,
        "Width": number
      },
      "Confidence": number,
      "Emotions": [
        {
          "Confidence": number,
          "Type": "string"
        }
      ],
      "Eyeglasses": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
      },
      "EyesOpen": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
      },
      "Gender": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": "string"
      },
      "Landmarks": [
        {
          "Type": "string",
          "X": number,
          "Y": number
        }
      ],
      "MouthOpen": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
      },
      "Mustache": {
        "Confidence": number,
```

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Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**FaceDetails (p. 72)**

Details of each face found in the image.

Type: Array of FaceDetail (p. 277) objects

**OrientationCorrection (p. 72)**

The value of OrientationCorrection is always null.

If the input image is in .jpeg format, it might contain exchangeable image file format (Exif) metadata that includes the image's orientation. Amazon Rekognition uses this orientation information to perform image correction. The bounding box coordinates are translated to represent object locations after the orientation information in the Exif metadata is used to correct the image orientation. Images in .png format don't contain Exif metadata.

Amazon Rekognition doesn't perform image correction for images in .png format and .jpeg images without orientation information in the image Exif metadata. The bounding box coordinates aren't translated and represent the object locations before the image is rotated.

Type: String

Valid Values: ROTATE_0 | ROTATE_90 | ROTATE_180 | ROTATE_270

**Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.
HTTP Status Code: 400

**ImageTooLargeException**

The input image size exceeds the allowed limit. If you are calling *DetectProtectiveEquipment* (p. 85), the image size or resolution exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidImageFormatException**

The provided image format is not supported.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidS3ObjectException**

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DetectLabels

Detects instances of real-world entities within an image (JPEG or PNG) provided as input. This includes objects like flower, tree, and table; events like wedding, graduation, and birthday party; and concepts like landscape, evening, and nature.

For an example, see Analyzing images stored in an Amazon S3 bucket.

**Note**
DetectLabels does not support the detection of activities. However, activity detection is supported for label detection in videos. For more information, see StartLabelDetection (p. 196).

You pass the input image as base64-encoded image bytes or as a reference to an image in an Amazon S3 bucket. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing image bytes is not supported. The image must be either a PNG or JPEG formatted file.

For each object, scene, and concept the API returns one or more labels. Each label provides the object name, and the level of confidence that the image contains the object. For example, suppose the input image has a lighthouse, the sea, and a rock. The response includes all three labels, one for each object.

```json
{Name: lighthouse, Confidence: 98.4629}
{Name: rock, Confidence: 79.2097}
{Name: sea, Confidence: 75.061}
```

In the preceding example, the operation returns one label for each of the three objects. The operation can also return multiple labels for the same object in the image. For example, if the input image shows a flower (for example, a tulip), the operation might return the following three labels.

```json
{Name: flower, Confidence: 99.0562}
{Name: plant, Confidence: 99.0562}
{Name: tulip, Confidence: 99.0562}
```

In this example, the detection algorithm more precisely identifies the flower as a tulip.

In response, the API returns an array of labels. In addition, the response also includes the orientation correction. Optionally, you can specify MinConfidence to control the confidence threshold for the labels returned. The default is 55%. You can also add the MaxLabels parameter to limit the number of labels returned.

**Note**
If the object detected is a person, the operation doesn't provide the same facial details that the DetectFaces (p. 71) operation provides.

DetectLabels returns bounding boxes for instances of common object labels in an array of Instance (p. 292) objects. An Instance object contains a BoundingBox (p. 242) object, for the location of the label on the image. It also includes the confidence by which the bounding box was detected.

DetectLabels also returns a hierarchical taxonomy of detected labels. For example, a detected car might be assigned the label car. The label car has two parent labels: Vehicle (its parent) and Transportation (its grandparent). The response returns the entire list of ancestors for a label. Each ancestor is a unique label in the response. In the previous example, Car, Vehicle, and Transportation are returned as unique labels in the response.

This is a stateless API operation. That is, the operation does not persist any data.
This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DetectLabels action.

Request Syntax

```
{
    "Image": {
        "Bytes": blob,
        "S3Object": {
            "Bucket": "string",
            "Name": "string",
            "Version": "string"
        }
    },
    "MaxLabels": number,
    "MinConfidence": number
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**Image (p. 77)**

The input image as base64-encoded bytes or an S3 object. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing image bytes is not supported. Images stored in an S3 Bucket do not need to be base64-encoded.

If you are using an AWS SDK to call Amazon Rekognition, you might not need to base64-encode image bytes passed using the Bytes field. For more information, see Image specifications.

Type: Image (p. 290) object

Required: Yes

**MaxLabels (p. 77)**

Maximum number of labels you want the service to return in the response. The service returns the specified number of highest confidence labels.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

**MinConfidence (p. 77)**

Specifies the minimum confidence level for the labels to return. Amazon Rekognition doesn't return any labels with confidence lower than this specified value.

If MinConfidence is not specified, the operation returns labels with a confidence values greater than or equal to 55 percent.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No
Response Syntax

```json
{
  "LabelModelVersion": "string",
  "Labels": [
    {
      "Confidence": number,
      "Instances": [
        {
          "BoundingBox": {
            "Height": number,
            "Left": number,
            "Top": number,
            "Width": number
          },
          "Confidence": number
        }
      ],
      "Name": "string",
      "Parents": [
        {
          "Name": "string"
        }
      ]
    }
  ],
  "OrientationCorrection": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**LabelModelVersion (p. 78)**

Version number of the label detection model that was used to detect labels.

Type: String

**Labels (p. 78)**

An array of labels for the real-world objects detected.

Type: Array of Label (p. 297) objects

**OrientationCorrection (p. 78)**

The value of OrientationCorrection is always null.

If the input image is in .jpeg format, it might contain exchangeable image file format (Exif) metadata that includes the image's orientation. Amazon Rekognition uses this orientation information to perform image correction. The bounding box coordinates are translated to represent object locations after the orientation information in the Exif metadata is used to correct the image orientation. Images in .png format don't contain Exif metadata.

Amazon Rekognition doesn't perform image correction for images in .png format and .jpeg images without orientation information in the image Exif metadata. The bounding box coordinates aren't translated and represent the object locations before the image is rotated.

Type: String
Valid Values: ROTATE_0 | ROTATE_90 | ROTATE_180 | ROTATE_270

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ImageTooLargeException

The input image size exceeds the allowed limit. If you are calling DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85), the image size or resolution exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidFormatException

The provided image format is not supported.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidS3ObjectException

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
• AWS SDK for .NET
• AWS SDK for C++
• AWS SDK for Go
• AWS SDK for Java V2
• AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DetectModerationLabels

Detects unsafe content in a specified JPEG or PNG format image. Use DetectModerationLabels to moderate images depending on your requirements. For example, you might want to filter images that contain nudity, but not images containing suggestive content.

To filter images, use the labels returned by DetectModerationLabels to determine which types of content are appropriate.

For information about moderation labels, see Moderating content. For a list of moderation labels in Amazon Rekognition, see Using the image and video moderation APIs.

You pass the input image either as base64-encoded image bytes or as a reference to an image in an Amazon S3 bucket. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing image bytes is not supported. The image must be either a PNG or JPEG formatted file.

Request Syntax

```
{
    "HumanLoopConfig": {
        "DataAttributes": {
            "ContentClassifiers": [ "string" ]
        },
        "FlowDefinitionArn": "string",
        "HumanLoopName": "string"
    },
    "Image": {
        "Bytes": blob,
        "S3Object": {
            "Bucket": "string",
            "Name": "string",
            "Version": "string"
        }
    },
    "MinConfidence": number
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**HumanLoopConfig (p. 81)**

Sets up the configuration for human evaluation, including the FlowDefinition the image will be sent to.

Type: HumanLoopConfig (p. 288) object

Required: No

**Image (p. 81)**

The input image as base64-encoded bytes or an S3 object. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing base64-encoded image bytes is not supported.

If you are using an AWS SDK to call Amazon Rekognition, you might not need to base64-encode image bytes passed using the Bytes field. For more information, see Image specifications.
Type: **Image** (p. 290) object

Required: Yes

**MinConfidence (p. 81)**

Specifies the minimum confidence level for the labels to return. Amazon Rekognition doesn't return any labels with a confidence level lower than this specified value.

If you don't specify `MinConfidence`, the operation returns labels with confidence values greater than or equal to 50 percent.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

**Response Syntax**

```
{
    "HumanLoopActivationOutput": {
        "HumanLoopActivationConditionsEvaluationResults": "string",
        "HumanLoopActivationReasons": [ "string" ],
        "HumanLoopArn": "string"
    },
    "ModerationLabels": [ {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Name": "string",
        "ParentName": "string"
    } ],
    "ModerationModelVersion": "string"
}
```

**Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**HumanLoopActivationOutput (p. 82)**

Shows the results of the human in the loop evaluation.

Type: **HumanLoopActivationOutput** (p. 287) object

**ModerationLabels (p. 82)**

Array of detected Moderation labels and the time, in milliseconds from the start of the video, they were detected.

Type: Array of **ModerationLabel** (p. 300) objects

**ModerationModelVersion (p. 82)**

Version number of the moderation detection model that was used to detect unsafe content.

Type: String
Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

HumanLoopQuotaExceededException

The number of in-progress human reviews you have has exceeded the number allowed.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ImageTooLargeException

The input image size exceeds the allowed limit. If you are calling DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85), the image size or resolution exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidImageFormatException

The provided image format is not supported.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidS3ObjectException

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:
See Also

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DetectProtectiveEquipment

Detects Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) worn by people detected in an image. Amazon Rekognition can detect the following types of PPE.

- Face cover
- Hand cover
- Head cover

You pass the input image as base64-encoded image bytes or as a reference to an image in an Amazon S3 bucket. The image must be either a PNG or JPG formatted file.

DetectProtectiveEquipment detects PPE worn by up to 15 persons detected in an image.

For each person detected in the image the API returns an array of body parts (face, head, left-hand, right-hand). For each body part, an array of detected items of PPE is returned, including an indicator of whether or not the PPE covers the body part. The API returns the confidence it has in each detection (person, PPE, body part and body part coverage). It also returns a bounding box (BoundingBox (p. 242)) for each detected person and each detected item of PPE.

You can optionally request a summary of detected PPE items with the SummarizationAttributes input parameter. The summary provides the following information.

- The persons detected as wearing all of the types of PPE that you specify.
- The persons detected as not wearing all of the types PPE that you specify.
- The persons detected where PPE adornment could not be determined.

This is a stateless API operation. That is, the operation does not persist any data.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DetectProtectiveEquipment action.

Request Syntax

```json
{
  "Image": {
    "Bytes": blob,
    "S3Object": {
      "Bucket": "string",
      "Name": "string",
      "Version": "string"
    }
  },
  "SummarizationAttributes": {
    "MinConfidence": number,
    "RequiredEquipmentTypes": [ "string" ]
  }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).
The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**Image (p. 85)**

The image in which you want to detect PPE on detected persons. The image can be passed as image bytes or you can reference an image stored in an Amazon S3 bucket.

Type: Image (p. 290) object

Required: Yes

**SummarizationAttributes (p. 85)**

An array of PPE types that you want to summarize.

Type: ProtectiveEquipmentSummarizationAttributes (p. 317) object

Required: No

**Response Syntax**

```json
{
  "Persons": [
    {
      "BodyParts": [
        {
          "Confidence": number,
          "EquipmentDetections": [
            {
              "BoundingBox": {
                "Height": number,
                "Left": number,
                "Top": number,
                "Width": number
              },
              "Confidence": number,
              "CoversBodyPart": {
                "Confidence": number,
                "Value": boolean
              },
              "Type": "string"
            }
          ],
          "Name": "string"
        }
      ],
      "BoundingBox": {
        "Height": number,
        "Left": number,
        "Top": number,
        "Width": number
      },
      "Confidence": number,
      "Id": number
    }
  ],
  "ProtectiveEquipmentModelVersion": "string",
  "Summary": {
    "PersonsIndeterminate": [ number ],
    "PersonsWithoutRequiredEquipment": [ number ],
    "PersonsWithRequiredEquipment": [ number ]
  }
}
```

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Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**Persons (p. 86)**

An array of persons detected in the image (including persons not wearing PPE).

Type: Array of ProtectiveEquipmentPerson (p. 316) objects

**ProtectiveEquipmentModelVersion (p. 86)**

The version number of the PPE detection model used to detect PPE in the image.

Type: String

**Summary (p. 86)**

Summary information for the types of PPE specified in the SummarizationAttributes input parameter.

Type: ProtectiveEquipmentSummary (p. 318) object

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ImageTooLargeException**

The input image size exceeds the allowed limit. If you are calling DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85), the image size or resolution exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidImageFormatException**

The provided image format is not supported.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400
InvalidS3ObjectException

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DetectText

Detects text in the input image and converts it into machine-readable text.

Pass the input image as base64-encoded image bytes or as a reference to an image in an Amazon S3 bucket. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, you must pass it as a reference to an image in an Amazon S3 bucket. For the AWS CLI, passing image bytes is not supported. The image must be either a .png or .jpeg formatted file.

The DetectText operation returns text in an array of TextDetection (p. 347) elements, TextDetections. Each TextDetection element provides information about a single word or line of text that was detected in the image.

A word is one or more script characters that are not separated by spaces. DetectText can detect up to 100 words in an image.

A line is a string of equally spaced words. A line isn't necessarily a complete sentence. For example, a driver's license number is detected as a line. A line ends when there is no aligned text after it. Also, a line ends when there is a large gap between words, relative to the length of the words. This means, depending on the gap between words, Amazon Rekognition may detect multiple lines in text aligned in the same direction. Periods don't represent the end of a line. If a sentence spans multiple lines, the DetectText operation returns multiple lines.

To determine whether a TextDetection element is a line of text or a word, use the TextDetection object Type field.

To be detected, text must be within +/- 90 degrees orientation of the horizontal axis.

For more information, see Detecting text.

Request Syntax

```json
{
  "Filters": {
    "RegionsOfInterest": [
      {
        "BoundingBox": {
          "Height": number,
          "Left": number,
          "Top": number,
          "Width": number
        },
        "Polygon": [
          {
            "X": number,
            "Y": number
          }
        ],
        "WordFilter": {
          "MinBoundingBoxHeight": number,
          "MinBoundingBoxWidth": number,
          "MinConfidence": number
        }
      }
    ],
    "Image": {
      "Bytes": blob,
      "S3Object": {
        "Bucket": "string",
        "Name": "string"
      }
    }
  }
}
```

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Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

Filters (p. 89)

Optional parameters that let you set the criteria that the text must meet to be included in your response.

Type: DetectTextFilters (p. 268) object

Required: No

Image (p. 89)

The input image as base64-encoded bytes or an Amazon S3 object. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, you can’t pass image bytes.

If you are using an AWS SDK to call Amazon Rekognition, you might not need to base64-encode image bytes passed using the Bytes field. For more information, see Image specifications.

Type: Image (p. 290) object

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```json
{
  "TextDetections": [
    {
      "Confidence": number,
      "DetectedText": "string",
      "Geometry": {
        "BoundingBox": {
          "Height": number,
          "Left": number,
          "Top": number,
          "Width": number
        },
        "Polygon": [
          {
            "X": number,
            "Y": number
          }
        ]
      },
      "Id": number,
      "ParentId": number,
      "Type": "string"
    }
  ],
```

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"TextModelVersion": "string"
}

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**TextDetections (p. 90)**

An array of text that was detected in the input image.

Type: Array of TextDetection (p. 347) objects

**TextModelVersion (p. 90)**

The model version used to detect text.

Type: String

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ImageTooLargeException**

The input image size exceeds the allowed limit. If you are calling DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85), the image size or resolution exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidImageFormatException**

The provided image format is not supported.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidS3ObjectException**

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400
ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DistributeDatasetEntries

Distributes the entries (images) in a training dataset across the training dataset and the test dataset for a project. DistributeDatasetEntries moves 20% of the training dataset images to the test dataset. An entry is a JSON Line that describes an image.

You supply the Amazon Resource Names (ARN) of a project's training dataset and test dataset. The training dataset must contain the images that you want to split. The test dataset must be empty. The datasets must belong to the same project. To create training and test datasets for a project, call CreateDataset (p. 14).

Distributing a dataset takes a while to complete. To check the status call DescribeDataset. The operation is complete when the Status field for the training dataset and the test dataset is UPDATE_COMPLETE. If the dataset split fails, the value of Status is UPDATE_FAILED.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:DistributeDatasetEntries action.

Request Syntax

```json
{
  "Datasets": [
    {
      "Arn": "string"
    }
  ]
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

Datasets (p. 93)

The ARNs for the training dataset and test dataset that you want to use. The datasets must belong to the same project. The test dataset must be empty.

Type: Array of DistributeDataset (p. 269) objects

Array Members: Fixed number of 2 items.

Required: Yes

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).
**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterValue**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotReadyException**

The requested resource isn't ready. For example, this exception occurs when you call DetectCustomLabels with a model version that isn't deployed.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

---

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
GetCelebrityInfo

Gets the name and additional information about a celebrity based on their Amazon Rekognition ID. The additional information is returned as an array of URLs. If there is no additional information about the celebrity, this list is empty.

For more information, see Getting information about a celebrity.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:GetCelebrityInfo action.

Request Syntax

```
{
    "Id": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**Id (p. 95)**

The ID for the celebrity. You get the celebrity ID from a call to the RecognizeCelebrities (p. 166) operation, which recognizes celebrities in an image.

Type: String

Pattern: [0-9A-Za-z]*

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```
{
    "KnownGender": {
        "Type": "string"
    },
    "Name": "string",
    "Urls": [ "string" ]
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**KnownGender (p. 95)**

Retrieves the known gender for the celebrity.

Type: KnownGender (p. 296) object
Name (p. 95)

The name of the celebrity.

Type: String

Urls (p. 95)

An array of URLs pointing to additional celebrity information.

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 255 items.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerException

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET

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See Also

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
GetCelebrityRecognition

Gets the celebrity recognition results for an Amazon Rekognition Video analysis started by
StartCelebrityRecognition (p. 180).

Celebrity recognition in a video is an asynchronous operation. Analysis is started by a call to
StartCelebrityRecognition (p. 180) which returns a job identifier (JobId).

When the celebrity recognition operation finishes, Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a
completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic registered in the initial call to
StartCelebrityRecognition. To get the results of the celebrity recognition analysis, first check that
the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetCelebrityDetection
and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartCelebrityDetection.

For more information, see Working with stored videos.

GetCelebrityRecognition returns detected celebrities and the time(s) they are detected in an array
(Celebrities) of CelebrityRecognition (p. 248) objects. Each CelebrityRecognition contains
information about the celebrity in a CelebrityDetail (p. 246) object and the time, Timestamp, the
celebrity was detected. This CelebrityDetail (p. 246) object stores information about the detected
celebrity's face attributes, a face bounding box, known gender, the celebrity's name, and a confidence
estimate.

Note
GetCelebrityRecognition only returns the default facial attributes (BoundingBox, Confidence, Landmarks, Pose, and Quality). The BoundingBox field only applies to the
detected face instance. The other facial attributes listed in the Face object of the following
response syntax are not returned. For more information, see FaceDetail (p. 277).

By default, the Celebrities array is sorted by time (milliseconds from the start of the video). You can
also sort the array by celebrity by specifying the value ID in the SortBy input parameter.

The CelebrityDetail object includes the celebrity identifier and additional information urls. If you
don't store the additional information urls, you can get them later by calling GetCelebrityInfo (p. 95)
with the celebrity identifier.

No information is returned for faces not recognized as celebrities.

Use MaxResults parameter to limit the number of labels returned. If there are more results than specified
in MaxResults, the value of NextToken in the operation response contains a pagination token for
getting the next set of results. To get the next page of results, call GetCelebrityDetection and
populate the NextToken request parameter with the token value returned from the previous call to
GetCelebrityRecognition.

Request Syntax

```json
{
   "JobId": "string",
   "MaxResults": number,
   "NextToken": "string",
   "SortBy": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common
Parameters (p. 357).
The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**JobId (p. 98)**

Job identifier for the required celebrity recognition analysis. You can get the job identifier from a call to `StartCelebrityRecognition`.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: `^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$`

Required: Yes

**MaxResults (p. 98)**

Maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 1000. If you specify a value greater than 1000, a maximum of 1000 results is returned. The default value is 1000.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.

Required: No

**NextToken (p. 98)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more recognized celebrities to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Video returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of celebrities.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

Required: No

**SortBy (p. 98)**

Sort to use for celebrities returned in `Celebrities` field. Specify `ID` to sort by the celebrity identifier, specify `TIMESTAMP` to sort by the time the celebrity was recognized.

Type: String

Valid Values: `ID` | `TIMESTAMP`

Required: No

**Response Syntax**

```json
{
    "Celebrities": [
        {
            "Celebrity": {
                "BoundingBox": {
                    "Height": number,
                    "Left": number,
                    "Top": number,
                    "Width": number
                },
                // other attributes
            },
            // other celebrities
        }
    ]
}
```
"Confidence": number,
"Face": {
    "AgeRange": {
        "High": number,
        "Low": number
    },
    "Beard": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
    },
    "BoundingBox": {
        "Height": number,
        "Left": number,
        "Top": number,
        "Width": number
    },
    "Confidence": number,
    "Emotions": [
        {
            "Confidence": number,
            "Type": "string"
        }
    ],
    "Eyeglasses": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
    },
    "EyesOpen": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
    },
    "Gender": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": "string"
    },
    "Landmarks": [
        {
            "Type": "string",
            "X": number,
            "Y": number
        }
    ],
    "MouthOpen": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
    },
    "Mustache": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
    },
    "Pose": {
        "Pitch": number,
        "Roll": number,
        "Yaw": number
    },
    "Quality": {
        "Brightness": number,
        "Sharpness": number
    },
    "Smile": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
    },
    "Sunglasses": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
    }
}
Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

Celebrities (p. 99)

Array of celebrities recognized in the video.

Type: Array of CelebrityRecognition (p. 248) objects

JobStatus (p. 99)

The current status of the celebrity recognition job.

Type: String

Valid Values: IN_PROGRESS | SUCCEEDED | FAILED

NextToken (p. 99)

If the response is truncated, Amazon Rekognition Video returns this token that you can use in the subsequent request to retrieve the next set of celebrities.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

StatusMessage (p. 99)

If the job fails, StatusMessage provides a descriptive error message.

Type: String

VideoMetadata (p. 99)

Information about a video that Amazon Rekognition Video analyzed. VideoMetadata is returned in every page of paginated responses from a Amazon Rekognition Video operation.
Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidPaginationTokenException

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceeded Exception

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
See Also

- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
GetContentModeration

Gets the inappropriate, unwanted, or offensive content analysis results for a Amazon Rekognition Video analysis started by StartContentModeration (p. 184). For a list of moderation labels in Amazon Rekognition, see Using the image and video moderation APIs.

Amazon Rekognition Video inappropriate or offensive content detection in a stored video is an asynchronous operation. You start analysis by calling StartContentModeration (p. 184) which returns a job identifier (JobId). When analysis finishes, Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic registered in the initial call to StartContentModeration. To get the results of the content analysis, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetContentModeration and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartContentModeration.

For more information, see Working with stored videos.

GetContentModeration returns detected inappropriate, unwanted, or offensive content moderation labels, and the time they are detected, in an array, ModerationLabels, of ContentModerationDetection (p. 255) objects.

By default, the moderated labels are returned sorted by time, in milliseconds from the start of the video. You can also sort them by moderated label by specifying NAME for the SortBy input parameter.

Since video analysis can return a large number of results, use the MaxResults parameter to limit the number of labels returned in a single call to GetContentModeration. If there are more results than specified in MaxResults, the value of NextToken in the operation response contains a pagination token for getting the next set of results. To get the next page of results, call GetContentModeration and populate the NextToken request parameter with the value of NextToken returned from the previous call to GetContentModeration.

For more information, see Moderating content.

Request Syntax

```json
{
   "JobId": "string",
   "MaxResults": number,
   "NextToken": "string",
   "SortBy": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**JobId (p. 104)**

The identifier for the inappropriate, unwanted, or offensive content moderation job. Use JobId to identify the job in a subsequent call to GetContentModeration.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.
Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-\_]+$  
Required: Yes

**MaxResults (p. 104)**

Maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 1000. If you specify a value greater than 1000, a maximum of 1000 results is returned. The default value is 1000.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.

Required: No

**NextToken (p. 104)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more data to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of content moderation labels.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

Required: No

**SortBy (p. 104)**

Sort to use for elements in the `ModerationLabelDetections` array. Use `TIMESTAMP` to sort array elements by the time labels are detected. Use `NAME` to alphabetically group elements for a label together. Within each label group, the array element are sorted by detection confidence. The default sort is by `TIMESTAMP`.

Type: String

Valid Values: NAME | TIMESTAMP

Required: No

**Response Syntax**

```json
{
   "JobStatus": "string",
   "ModerationLabels": [
      {
         "ModerationLabel": {
            "Confidence": number,
            "Name": "string",
            "ParentName": "string"
         },
         "Timestamp": number
      }
   ],
   "ModerationModelVersion": "string",
   "NextToken": "string",
   "StatusMessage": "string",
   "VideoMetadata": {
      "Codec": "string",
      "ColorRange": "string",
      "DurationMillis": number,
      "Format": "string"
   }
}
```

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Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobStatus (p. 105)**

The current status of the content moderation analysis job.

Type: String

Valid Values: IN_PROGRESS | SUCCEEDED | FAILED

**ModerationLabels (p. 105)**

The detected inappropriate, unwanted, or offensive content moderation labels and the time(s) they were detected.

Type: Array of ContentModerationDetection (p. 255) objects

**ModerationModelVersion (p. 105)**

Version number of the moderation detection model that was used to detect inappropriate, unwanted, or offensive content.

Type: String

**NextToken (p. 105)**

If the response is truncated, Amazon Rekognition Video returns this token that you can use in the subsequent request to retrieve the next set of content moderation labels.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

**StatusMessage (p. 105)**

If the job fails, StatusMessage provides a descriptive error message.

Type: String

**VideoMetadata (p. 105)**

Information about a video that Amazon Rekognition analyzed. Videometadata is returned in every page of paginated responses from GetContentModeration.

Type: VideoMetadata (p. 355) object

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.
HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidPaginationTokenException**

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
GetFaceDetection

Gets face detection results for a Amazon Rekognition Video analysis started by StartFaceDetection (p. 188).

Face detection with Amazon Rekognition Video is an asynchronous operation. You start face detection by calling StartFaceDetection (p. 188) which returns a job identifier (JobId). When the face detection operation finishes, Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic registered in the initial call to StartFaceDetection. To get the results of the face detection operation, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetFaceDetection (p. 108) and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartFaceDetection.

GetFaceDetection returns an array of detected faces (Faces) sorted by the time the faces were detected.

Use MaxResults parameter to limit the number of labels returned. If there are more results than specified in MaxResults, the value of NextToken in the operation response contains a pagination token for getting the next set of results. To get the next page of results, call GetFaceDetection and populate the NextToken request parameter with the token value returned from the previous call to GetFaceDetection.

Request Syntax

```json
{
   "JobId": "string",
   "MaxResults": number,
   "NextToken": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**JobId (p. 108)**

Unique identifier for the face detection job. The JobId is returned from StartFaceDetection.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-__]+$

Required: Yes

**MaxResults (p. 108)**

Maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 1000. If you specify a value greater than 1000, a maximum of 1000 results is returned. The default value is 1000.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.
Required: No

**NextToken (p. 108)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there are more faces to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Video returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of faces.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

Required: No

**Response Syntax**

```json
{
  "Faces": [
    {
      "Face": {
        "AgeRange": {
          "High": number,
          "Low": number
        },
        "Beard": {
          "Confidence": number,
          "Value": boolean
        },
        "BoundingBox": {
          "Height": number,
          "Left": number,
          "Top": number,
          "Width": number
        },
        "Confidence": number,
        "Emotions": [
          {
            "Confidence": number,
            "Type": "string"
          }
        ],
        "Eyeglasses": {
          "Confidence": number,
          "Value": boolean
        },
        "EyesOpen": {
          "Confidence": number,
          "Value": boolean
        },
        "Gender": {
          "Confidence": number,
          "Value": "string"
        },
        "Landmarks": [
          {
            "Type": "string",
            "X": number,
            "Y": number
          }
        ],
        "MouthOpen": {
          "Confidence": number,
          "Value": boolean
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```
```json
{
  "ResponseElements": {
    "Faces": [{
      "Mustache": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
      },
      "Pose": {
        "Pitch": number,
        "Roll": number,
        "Yaw": number
      },
      "Quality": {
        "Brightness": number,
        "Sharpenness": number
      },
      "Smile": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
      },
      "Sunglasses": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Value": boolean
      }
    }],
    "Timestamp": number
  },
  "JobStatus": "string",
  "NextToken": "string",
  "StatusMessage": "string",
  "VideoMetadata": {
    "Codec": "string",
    "ColorRange": "string",
    "DurationMillis": number,
    "Format": "string",
    "FrameHeight": number,
    "FrameRate": number,
    "FrameWidth": number
  }
}
```

**Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**Faces (p. 109)**

An array of faces detected in the video. Each element contains a detected face's details and the time, in milliseconds from the start of the video, the face was detected.

Type: Array of [FaceDetection (p. 280)] objects

**JobStatus (p. 109)**

The current status of the face detection job.

Type: String

Valid Values: IN_PROGRESS | SUCCEEDED | FAILED

**NextToken (p. 109)**

If the response is truncated, Amazon Rekognition returns this token that you can use in the subsequent request to retrieve the next set of faces.
Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidPaginationTokenException**

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500
See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
GetFaceSearch

Gets the face search results for Amazon Rekognition Video face search started by
StartFaceSearch (p. 192). The search returns faces in a collection that match the faces of persons
detected in a video. It also includes the time(s) that faces are matched in the video.

Face search in a video is an asynchronous operation. You start face search by calling to
StartFaceSearch (p. 192) which returns a job identifier (JobId). When the search operation finishes,
Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service
topic registered in the initial call to StartFaceSearch. To get the search results, first check that the
status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetFaceSearch and pass the
job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartFaceSearch.

For more information, see Searching faces in a collection.

The search results are retured in an array, Persons, of PersonMatch (p. 308) objects.
EachPersonMatch element contains details about the matching faces in the input collection, person
information (facial attributes, bounding boxes, and person identifier) for the matched person, and the
time the person was matched in the video.

Note
GetFaceSearch only returns the default facial attributes (BoundingBox, Confidence,
Landmarks, Pose, and Quality). The other facial attributes listed in the Face object of the
following response syntax are not returned. For more information, see FaceDetail (p. 277).

By default, the Persons array is sorted by the time, in milliseconds from the start of the video, persons
are matched. You can also sort by persons by specifying INDEX for the SORTBY input parameter.

Request Syntax

```json
{
  "JobId": "string",
  "MaxResults": number,
  "NextToken": "string",
  "SortBy": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common
Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

JobId (p. 113)

The job identifier for the search request. You get the job identifier from an initial call to
StartFaceSearch.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$

Required: Yes
**MaxResults (p. 113)**

Maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 1000. If you specify a value greater than 1000, a maximum of 1000 results is returned. The default value is 1000.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.

Required: No

**NextToken (p. 113)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more search results to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Video returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of search results.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

Required: No

**SortBy (p. 113)**

Sort to use for grouping faces in the response. Use TIMESTAMP to group faces by the time that they are recognized. Use INDEX to sort by recognized faces.

Type: String

Valid Values: INDEX | TIMESTAMP

Required: No

**Response Syntax**

```json
{
  "JobStatus": "string",
  "NextToken": "string",
  "Persons": [
    {
      "FaceMatches": [
        {
          "Face": {
            "BoundingBox": {
              "Height": number,
              "Left": number,
              "Top": number,
              "Width": number
            },
            "Confidence": number,
            "ExternalImageId": "string",
            "FaceId": "string",
            "ImageId": "string",
            "IndexFacesModelVersion": "string"
          },
          "Similarity": number
        }
      ],
      "Person": {
        "BoundingBox": {
          "Height": number,
          "Left": number,
          "Top": number,
          "Width": number
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

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"Left": number,
"Top": number,
"Width": number
},
"Face": {
  "AgeRange": {
    "High": number,
    "Low": number
  },
  "Beard": {
    "Confidence": number,
    "Value": boolean
  },
  "BoundingBox": {
    "Height": number,
    "Left": number,
    "Top": number,
    "Width": number
  },
  "Confidence": number,
  "Emotions": [
    {
      "Confidence": number,
      "Type": "string"
    }
  ],
  "Eyeglasses": {
    "Confidence": number,
    "Value": boolean
  },
  "EyesOpen": {
    "Confidence": number,
    "Value": boolean
  },
  "Gender": {
    "Confidence": number,
    "Value": "string"
  },
  "Landmarks": [
    {
      "Type": "string",
      "X": number,
      "Y": number
    }
  ],
  "MouthOpen": {
    "Confidence": number,
    "Value": boolean
  },
  "Mustache": {
    "Confidence": number,
    "Value": boolean
  },
  "Pose": {
    "Pitch": number,
    "Roll": number,
    "Yaw": number
  },
  "Quality": {
    "Brightness": number,
    "Sharpness": number
  },
  "Smile": {
    "Confidence": number,
    "Value": boolean
  }
},

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Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobStatus (p. 114)**

The current status of the face search job.

Type: String

Valid Values: IN_PROGRESS | SUCCEEDED | FAILED

**NextToken (p. 114)**

If the response is truncated, Amazon Rekognition Video returns this token that you can use in the subsequent request to retrieve the next set of search results.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

**Persons (p. 114)**

An array of persons, PersonMatch (p. 308), in the video whose face(s) match the face(s) in an Amazon Rekognition collection. It also includes time information for when persons are matched in the video. You specify the input collection in an initial call to StartFaceSearch. Each Persons element includes a time the person was matched, face match details (FaceMatches) for matching faces in the collection, and person information (Person) for the matched person.

Type: Array of PersonMatch (p. 308) objects

**StatusMessage (p. 114)**

If the job fails, StatusMessage provides a descriptive error message.

Type: String

**VideoMetadata (p. 114)**

Information about a video that Amazon Rekognition analyzed. Videometadata is returned in every page of paginated responses from a Amazon Rekognition Video operation.
Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidPaginationTokenException

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceeded Exception

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
GetLabelDetection

Gets the label detection results of a Amazon Rekognition Video analysis started by StartLabelDetection (p. 196).

The label detection operation is started by a call to StartLabelDetection (p. 196) which returns a job identifier (JobId). When the label detection operation finishes, Amazon Rekognition publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic registered in the initial call to StartLabelDetection. To get the results of the label detection operation, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetLabelDetection (p. 119) and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartLabelDetection.

GetLabelDetection returns an array of detected labels (Labels) sorted by the time the labels were detected. You can also sort by the label name by specifying NAME for the SortBy input parameter.

The labels returned include the label name, the percentage confidence in the accuracy of the detected label, and the time the label was detected in the video.

The returned labels also include bounding box information for common objects, a hierarchical taxonomy of detected labels, and the version of the label model used for detection.

Use MaxResults parameter to limit the number of labels returned. If there are more results than specified in MaxResults, the value of NextToken in the operation response contains a pagination token for getting the next set of results. To get the next page of results, call GetLabelDetection and populate the NextToken request parameter with the token value returned from the previous call to GetLabelDetection.

Request Syntax

```json
{
    "JobId": "string",
    "MaxResults": number,
    "NextToken": "string",
    "SortBy": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**JobId (p. 119)**

Job identifier for the label detection operation for which you want results returned. You get the job identifier from an initial call to StartLabelDetection.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: `^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$`

Required: Yes
**MaxResults (p. 119)**

Maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 1000. If you specify a value greater than 1000, a maximum of 1000 results is returned. The default value is 1000.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.

Required: No

**NextToken (p. 119)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there are more labels to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Video returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of labels.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

Required: No

**SortBy (p. 119)**

Sort to use for elements in the Labels array. Use TIMESTAMP to sort array elements by the time labels are detected. Use NAME to alphabetically group elements for a label together. Within each label group, the array element are sorted by detection confidence. The default sort is by TIMESTAMP.

Type: String

Valid Values: NAME | TIMESTAMP

Required: No

## Response Syntax

```json
{
  "JobStatus": "string",
  "LabelModelVersion": "string",
  "Labels": [
    {
      "Label": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Instances": [
          {
            "BoundingBox": {
              "Height": number,
              "Left": number,
              "Top": number,
              "Width": number
            },
            "Confidence": number
          }
        ],
        "Name": "string",
        "Parents": [
          {
            "Name": "string"
          }
        ]
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

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Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobStatus** (p. 120)

The current status of the label detection job.

Type: String

Valid Values: IN_PROGRESS | SUCCEEDED | FAILED

**LabelModelVersion** (p. 120)

Version number of the label detection model that was used to detect labels.

Type: String

**Labels** (p. 120)

An array of labels detected in the video. Each element contains the detected label and the time, in milliseconds from the start of the video, that the label was detected.

Type: Array of **LabelDetection** (p. 298) objects

**NextToken** (p. 120)

If the response is truncated, Amazon Rekognition Video returns this token that you can use in the subsequent request to retrieve the next set of labels.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

**StatusMessage** (p. 120)

If the job fails, **StatusMessage** provides a descriptive error message.

Type: String

**VideoMetadata** (p. 120)

Information about a video that Amazon Rekognition Video analyzed. **VideoMetadata** is returned in every page of paginated responses from a Amazon Rekognition video operation.
Type: VideoMetadata (p. 355) object

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidPaginationTokenException

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
GetPersonTracking

Gets the path tracking results of a Amazon Rekognition Video analysis started by StartPersonTracking (p. 200).

The person path tracking operation is started by a call to StartPersonTracking which returns a job identifier (JobId). When the operation finishes, Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic registered in the initial call to StartPersonTracking.

To get the results of the person path tracking operation, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetPersonTracking (p. 124) and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartPersonTracking.

GetPersonTracking returns an array, Persons, of tracked persons and the time(s) their paths were tracked in the video.

**Note**

GetPersonTracking only returns the default facial attributes (BoundingBox, Confidence, Landmarks, Pose, and Quality). The other facial attributes listed in the Face object of the following response syntax are not returned.

For more information, see FaceDetail (p. 277).

By default, the array is sorted by the time(s) a person's path is tracked in the video. You can sort by tracked persons by specifying INDEX for the SortBy input parameter.

Use the MaxResults parameter to limit the number of items returned. If there are more results than specified in MaxResults, the value of NextToken in the operation response contains a pagination token for getting the next set of results. To get the next page of results, call GetPersonTracking and populate the NextToken request parameter with the token value returned from the previous call to GetPersonTracking.

**Request Syntax**

```json
{
   "JobId": "string",
   "MaxResults": number,
   "NextToken": "string",
   "SortBy": "string"
}
```

**Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**JobId** (p. 124)

The identifier for a job that tracks persons in a video. You get the JobId from a call to StartPersonTracking.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$
**MaxResults (p. 124)**

Maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 1000. If you specify a value greater than 1000, a maximum of 1000 results is returned. The default value is 1000.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.

Required: No

**NextToken (p. 124)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there are more persons to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Video returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of persons.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

Required: No

**SortBy (p. 124)**

Sort to use for elements in the **Persons** array. Use **TIMESTAMP** to sort array elements by the time persons are detected. Use **INDEX** to sort by the tracked persons. If you sort by **INDEX**, the array elements for each person are sorted by detection confidence. The default sort is by **TIMESTAMP**.

Type: String

Valid Values: **INDEX** | **TIMESTAMP**

Required: No

**Response Syntax**

```json
{
    "JobStatus": "string",
    "NextToken": "string",
    "Persons": [
        {
            "Person": {
                "BoundingBox": {
                    "Height": number,
                    "Left": number,
                    "Top": number,
                    "Width": number
                },
                "Face": {
                    "AgeRange": {
                        "High": number,
                        "Low": number
                    },
                    "Beard": {
                        "Confidence": number,
                        "Value": boolean
                    },
                    "BoundingBox": {
                        "Height": number,
                        "Left": number,
                        "Top": number,
                        "Width": number
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    ]
}
```
"Left": number,
"Top": number,
"Width": number
},
"Confidence": number,
"Emotions": [
  {
    "Confidence": number,
    "Type": "string"
  }
],
"Eyeglasses": {
  "Confidence": number,
  "Value": boolean
},
"EyesOpen": {
  "Confidence": number,
  "Value": boolean
},
"Gender": {
  "Confidence": number,
  "Value": "string"
},
"Landmarks": [
  {
    "Type": "string",
    "X": number,
    "Y": number
  }
],
"MouthOpen": {
  "Confidence": number,
  "Value": boolean
},
"Mustache": {
  "Confidence": number,
  "Value": boolean
},
"Pose": {
  "Pitch": number,
  "Roll": number,
  "Yaw": number
},
"Quality": {
  "Brightness": number,
  "Sharpness": number
},
"Smile": {
  "Confidence": number,
  "Value": boolean
},
"Sunglasses": {
  "Confidence": number,
  "Value": boolean
}
"Index": number
},
"Timestamp": number
],
"StatusMessage": "string",
"VideoMetadata": {
  "Codec": "string",
  "ColorRange": "string",
  "DurationMillis": number,
}
Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobStatus (p. 125)**

The current status of the person tracking job.

- **Type**: String
- **Valid Values**: IN_PROGRESS | SUCCEEDED | FAILED

**NextToken (p. 125)**

If the response is truncated, Amazon Rekognition Video returns this token that you can use in the subsequent request to retrieve the next set of persons.

- **Type**: String
- **Length Constraints**: Maximum length of 255.

**Persons (p. 125)**

An array of the persons detected in the video and the time(s) their path was tracked throughout the video. An array element will exist for each time a person's path is tracked.

- **Type**: Array of **PersonDetection (p. 307)** objects

**StatusMessage (p. 125)**

If the job fails, StatusMessage provides a descriptive error message.

- **Type**: String

**VideoMetadata (p. 125)**

Information about a video that Amazon Rekognition Video analyzed. VideoMetadata is returned in every page of paginated responses from a Amazon Rekognition Video operation.

- **Type**: **VideoMetadata (p. 355)** object

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

- **HTTP Status Code**: 400

**InternalServer**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.
HTTP Status Code: 500
InvalidPaginationTokenException
Pagination token in the request is not valid.
HTTP Status Code: 400
InvalidParameterException
Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.
HTTP Status Code: 400
ProvisionedThroughputExceededException
The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.
HTTP Status Code: 400
ResourceNotFoundException
The resource specified in the request cannot be found.
HTTP Status Code: 400
ThrottlingException
Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.
HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also
For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
GetSegmentDetection

Gets the segment detection results of a Amazon Rekognition Video analysis started by StartSegmentDetection (p. 207).

Segment detection with Amazon Rekognition Video is an asynchronous operation. You start segment detection by calling StartSegmentDetection (p. 207) which returns a job identifier (JobId). When the segment detection operation finishes, Amazon Rekognition publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic registered in the initial call to StartSegmentDetection. To get the results of the segment detection operation, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetSegmentDetection and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call of StartSegmentDetection.

GetSegmentDetection returns detected segments in an array (Segments) of SegmentDetection (p. 323) objects. Segments is sorted by the segment types specified in the SegmentTypes input parameter of StartSegmentDetection. Each element of the array includes the detected segment, the percentage confidence in the accuracy of the detected segment, the type of the segment, and the frame in which the segment was detected.

Use SelectedSegmentTypes to find out the type of segment detection requested in the call to StartSegmentDetection.

Use the MaxResults parameter to limit the number of segment detections returned. If there are more results than specified in MaxResults, the value of NextToken in the operation response contains a pagination token for getting the next set of results. To get the next page of results, call GetSegmentDetection and populate the NextToken request parameter with the token value returned from the previous call to GetSegmentDetection.

For more information, see Detecting video segments in stored video.

Request Syntax

```
{
  "JobId": "string",
  "MaxResults": number,
  "NextToken": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

JobId (p. 129)

Job identifier for the text detection operation for which you want results returned. You get the job identifier from an initial call to StartSegmentDetection.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$

Required: Yes
MaxResults (p. 129)

Maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 1000.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.

Required: No

NextToken (p. 129)

If the response is truncated, Amazon Rekognition Video returns this token that you can use in the subsequent request to retrieve the next set of text.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

Required: No

Response Syntax

```json
{
  "AudioMetadata": [
    {
      "Codec": "string",
      "DurationMillis": number,
      "NumberOfChannels": number,
      "SampleRate": number
    }
  ],
  "JobStatus": "string",
  "NextToken": "string",
  "Segments": [
    {
      "DurationFrames": number,
      "DurationMillis": number,
      "DurationSMPT": "string",
      "EndFrameNumber": number,
      "EndTimecodeSMPT": "string",
      "EndTimecodeSMPT": "string",
      "EndTimestampMillis": number,
      "ShotSegment": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Index": number
      },
      "StartFrameNumber": number,
      "StartTimecodeSMPT": "string",
      "StartTimecodeSMPT": "string",
      "StartTimestampMillis": number,
      "TechnicalCueSegment": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "Type": "string"
      },
      "Type": "string"
    }
  ],
  "SelectedSegmentTypes": [
    {
      "ModelVersion": "string",
      "Type": "string"
    }
  ],
  "StatusMessage": "string"
}
```

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Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**AudioMetadata (p. 130)**

An array of AudioMetadata (p. 239) objects. There can be multiple audio streams. Each AudioMetadata object contains metadata for a single audio stream. Audio information in an AudioMetadata objects includes the audio codec, the number of audio channels, the duration of the audio stream, and the sample rate. Audio metadata is returned in each page of information returned by GetSegmentDetection.

Type: Array of AudioMetadata (p. 239) objects

**JobStatus (p. 130)**

Current status of the segment detection job.

Type: String

Valid Values: IN_PROGRESS | SUCCEEDED | FAILED

**NextToken (p. 130)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there are more labels to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Video returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of text.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

**Segments (p. 130)**

An array of segments detected in a video. The array is sorted by the segment types (TECHNICAL_CUE or SHOT) specified in the SegmentTypes input parameter of StartSegmentDetection. Within each segment type the array is sorted by timestamp values.

Type: Array of SegmentDetection (p. 323) objects

**SelectedSegmentTypes (p. 130)**

An array containing the segment types requested in the call to StartSegmentDetection.

Type: Array of SegmentTypeInfo (p. 326) objects

**StatusMessage (p. 130)**

If the job fails, StatusMessage provides a descriptive error message.
Currently, Amazon Rekognition Video returns a single VideoMetadata object in the VideoMetadata array. The object contains information about the video stream in the input file that Amazon Rekognition Video chose to analyze. The VideoMetadata object includes the video codec, video format and other information. Video metadata is returned in each page of information returned by GetSegmentDetection.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors.

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidPaginationTokenException

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:
See Also

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
GetTextDetection

Gets the text detection results of an Amazon Rekognition Video analysis started by
StartTextDetection (p. 214).

Text detection with Amazon Rekognition Video is an asynchronous operation. You start text detection
by calling StartTextDetection (p. 214) which returns a job identifier (JobId) when the text detection
operation finishes, Amazon Rekognition publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple
Notification Service topic registered in the initial call to StartTextDetection. To get the results of
the text detection operation, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is
SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetTextDetection and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call of
StartTextDetection.

GetTextDetection returns an array of detected text (TextDetections) sorted by the time the text
was detected, up to 50 words per frame of video.

Each element of the array includes the detected text, the percentage confidence in the accuracy of the
detected text, the time the text was detected, bounding box information for where the text was located,
and unique identifiers for words and their lines.

Use MaxResults parameter to limit the number of text detections returned. If there are more results
than specified in MaxResults, the value of NextToken in the operation response contains a pagination
token for getting the next set of results. To get the next page of results, call GetTextDetection and
populate the NextToken request parameter with the token value returned from the previous call to
GetTextDetection.

Request Syntax

```
{
  "JobId": "string",
  "MaxResults": number,
  "NextToken": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common
Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

JobId (p. 134)

Job identifier for the text detection operation for which you want results returned. You get the job
identifier from an initial call to StartTextDetection.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_]+$

Required: Yes

MaxResults (p. 134)

Maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 1000.
Type: Integer
Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.
Required: No

NextToken (p. 134)
If the previous response was incomplete (because there are more labels to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Video returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of text.
Type: String
Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.
Required: No

Response Syntax

```json
{
  "JobStatus": "string",
  "NextToken": "string",
  "StatusMessage": "string",
  "TextDetections": [
    {
      "TextDetection": {
        "Confidence": number,
        "DetectedText": "string",
        "Geometry": {
          "BoundingBox": {
            "Height": number,
            "Left": number,
            "Top": number,
            "Width": number
          },
          "Polygon": [
            {
              "X": number,
              "Y": number
            }
          ]
        },
        "Id": number,
        "ParentId": number,
        "Type": "string"
      },
      "Timestamp": number
    },
    "TextModelVersion": "string",
    "VideoMetadata": {
      "Codec": "string",
      "ColorRange": "string",
      "DurationMillis": number,
      "Format": "string",
      "FrameHeight": number,
      "FrameRate": number,
      "FrameWidth": number
    }
  }
}
```
Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobStatus (p. 135)**

Current status of the text detection job.

Type: String

Valid Values: IN_PROGRESS | SUCCEEDED | FAILED

**NextToken (p. 135)**

If the response is truncated, Amazon Rekognition Video returns this token that you can use in the subsequent request to retrieve the next set of text.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

**StatusMessage (p. 135)**

If the job fails, StatusMessage provides a descriptive error message.

Type: String

**TextDetections (p. 135)**

An array of text detected in the video. Each element contains the detected text, the time in milliseconds from the start of the video that the text was detected, and where it was detected on the screen.

Type: Array of TextDetectionResult (p. 349) objects

**TextModelVersion (p. 135)**

Version number of the text detection model that was used to detect text.

Type: String

**VideoMetadata (p. 135)**

Information about a video that Amazon Rekognition analyzed. Videometadata is returned in every page of paginated responses from a Amazon Rekognition video operation.

Type: VideoMetadata (p. 355) object

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServer**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.
HTTP Status Code: 500
InvalidPaginationTokenException
Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400
InvalidParameterException
Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400
ProvisionedThroughputExceededException
The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400
ResourceNotFoundException
The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400
ThrottlingException
Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

See Also
For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
IndexFaces

Detects faces in the input image and adds them to the specified collection.

Amazon Rekognition doesn't save the actual faces that are detected. Instead, the underlying detection algorithm first detects the faces in the input image. For each face, the algorithm extracts facial features into a feature vector, and stores it in the backend database. Amazon Rekognition uses feature vectors when it performs face match and search operations using the SearchFaces (p. 171) and SearchFacesByImage (p. 175) operations.

For more information, see Adding faces to a collection.

To get the number of faces in a collection, call DescribeCollection (p. 47).

If you're using version 1.0 of the face detection model, IndexFaces indexes the 15 largest faces in the input image. Later versions of the face detection model index the 100 largest faces in the input image.

If you're using version 4 or later of the face model, image orientation information is not returned in the OrientationCorrection field.

To determine which version of the model you're using, call DescribeCollection (p. 47) and supply the collection ID. You can also get the model version from the value of FaceModelVersion in the response from IndexFaces

For more information, see Model versioning.

If you provide the optional ExternalImageId for the input image you provided, Amazon Rekognition associates this ID with all faces that it detects. When you call the ListFaces (p. 157) operation, the response returns the external ID. You can use this external image ID to create a client-side index to associate the faces with each image. You can then use the index to find all faces in an image.

You can specify the maximum number of faces to index with the MaxFaces input parameter. This is useful when you want to index the largest faces in an image and don't want to index smaller faces, such as those belonging to people standing in the background.

The QualityFilter input parameter allows you to filter out detected faces that don't meet a required quality bar. The quality bar is based on a variety of common use cases. By default, IndexFaces chooses the quality bar that's used to filter faces. You can also explicitly choose the quality bar. Use QualityFilter, to set the quality bar by specifying LOW, MEDIUM, or HIGH. If you do not want to filter detected faces, specify NONE.

Note
To use quality filtering, you need a collection associated with version 3 of the face model or higher. To get the version of the face model associated with a collection, call DescribeCollection (p. 47).

Information about faces detected in an image, but not indexed, is returned in an array of UnindexedFace (p. 352) objects, UnindexedFaces. Faces aren't indexed for reasons such as:

- The number of faces detected exceeds the value of the MaxFaces request parameter.
- The face is too small compared to the image dimensions.
- The face is too blurry.
- The image is too dark.
- The face has an extreme pose.
- The face doesn't have enough detail to be suitable for face search.

In response, the IndexFaces operation returns an array of metadata for all detected faces, FaceRecords. This includes:
• The bounding box, `BoundingBox`, of the detected face.
• A confidence value, `Confidence`, which indicates the confidence that the bounding box contains a face.
• A face ID, `FaceId`, assigned by the service for each face that's detected and stored.
• An image ID, `ImageId`, assigned by the service for the input image.

If you request all facial attributes (by using the `detectionAttributes` parameter), Amazon Rekognition returns detailed facial attributes, such as facial landmarks (for example, location of eye and mouth) and other facial attributes. If you provide the same image, specify the same collection, and use the same external ID in the `IndexFaces` operation, Amazon Rekognition doesn't save duplicate face metadata.

The input image is passed either as base64-encoded image bytes, or as a reference to an image in an Amazon S3 bucket. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing image bytes isn't supported. The image must be formatted as a PNG or JPEG file.

This operation requires permissions to perform the `rekognition:IndexFaces` action.

**Request Syntax**

```
{
    "CollectionId": "string",
    "DetectionAttributes": ["string"],
    "ExternalImageId": "string",
    "Image": {
        "Bytes": blob,
        "S3Object": {
            "Bucket": "string",
            "Name": "string",
            "Version": "string"
        }
    },
    "MaxFaces": number,
    "QualityFilter": "string"
}
```

**Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**CollectionId (p. 139)**

The ID of an existing collection to which you want to add the faces that are detected in the input images.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9-_\.\-]+

Required: Yes
DetectionAttributes (p. 139)

An array of facial attributes that you want to be returned. This can be the default list of attributes or all attributes. If you don't specify a value for Attributes or if you specify ["DEFAULT"], the API returns the following subset of facial attributes: BoundingBox, Confidence, Pose, Quality, and Landmarks. If you provide ["ALL"], all facial attributes are returned, but the operation takes longer to complete.

If you provide both, ["ALL", "DEFAULT"], the service uses a logical AND operator to determine which attributes to return (in this case, all attributes).

Type: Array of strings

Valid Values: DEFAULT | ALL

Required: No

ExternalImageId (p. 139)

The ID you want to assign to all the faces detected in the image.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.-:]+

Required: No

Image (p. 139)

The input image as base64-encoded bytes or an S3 object. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing base64-encoded image bytes isn't supported.

If you are using an AWS SDK to call Amazon Rekognition, you might not need to base64-encode image bytes passed using the Bytes field. For more information, see Image specifications.

Type: Image (p. 290) object

Required: Yes

MaxFaces (p. 139)

The maximum number of faces to index. The value of MaxFaces must be greater than or equal to 1. IndexFaces returns no more than 100 detected faces in an image, even if you specify a larger value for MaxFaces.

If IndexFaces detects more faces than the value of MaxFaces, the faces with the lowest quality are filtered out first. If there are still more faces than the value of MaxFaces, the faces with the smallest bounding boxes are filtered out (up to the number that's needed to satisfy the value of MaxFaces). Information about the unindexed faces is available in the UnindexedFaces array.

The faces that are returned by IndexFaces are sorted by the largest face bounding box size to the smallest size, in descending order.

MaxFaces can be used with a collection associated with any version of the face model.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.

Required: No
QualityFilter (p. 139)

A filter that specifies a quality bar for how much filtering is done to identify faces. Filtered faces aren't indexed. If you specify AUTO, Amazon Rekognition chooses the quality bar. If you specify LOW, MEDIUM, or HIGH, filtering removes all faces that don't meet the chosen quality bar. The default value is AUTO. The quality bar is based on a variety of common use cases. Low-quality detections can occur for a number of reasons. Some examples are an object that's misidentified as a face, a face that's too blurry, or a face with a pose that's too extreme to use. If you specify NONE, no filtering is performed.

To use quality filtering, the collection you are using must be associated with version 3 of the face model or higher.

Type: String

Valid Values: NONE | AUTO | LOW | MEDIUM | HIGH

Required: No

Response Syntax

```
{    
  "FaceModelVersion": "string",  
  "FaceRecords": [    
    {      
      "Face": {  
        "BoundingBox": {  
          "Height": number,  
          "Left": number,  
          "Top": number,  
          "Width": number  
        },  
        "Confidence": number,  
        "ExternalImageId": "string",  
        "FaceId": "string",  
        "ImageId": "string",  
        "IndexFacesModelVersion": "string"  
      },  
      "FaceDetail": {  
        "AgeRange": {  
          "High": number,  
          "Low": number  
        },  
        "Beard": {  
          "Confidence": number,  
          "Value": boolean  
        },  
        "BoundingBox": {  
          "Height": number,  
          "Left": number,  
          "Top": number,  
          "Width": number  
        },  
        "Confidence": number,  
        "Emotions": [  
          {  
            "Confidence": number,  
            "Type": "string"  
          }  
        ],  
        "Eyeglasses": {  
          "Confidence": number,  
```

API Version 2016-06-27
"Value": boolean
},
"EyesOpen": {
   "Confidence": number,
   "Value": boolean
},
"Gender": {
   "Confidence": number,
   "Value": "string"
},
"Landmarks": [
   {
      "Type": "string",
      "X": number,
      "Y": number
   }
],
"MouthOpen": {
   "Confidence": number,
   "Value": boolean
},
"Mustache": {
   "Confidence": number,
   "Value": boolean
},
"Pose": {
   "Pitch": number,
   "Roll": number,
   "Yaw": number
},
"Quality": {
   "Brightness": number,
   "Sharpness": number
},
"Smile": {
   "Confidence": number,
   "Value": boolean
},
"Sunglasses": {
   "Confidence": number,
   "Value": boolean
}
],
"OrientationCorrection": "string",
"UnindexedFaces": [
   {
      "FaceDetail": {
         "AgeRange": {
            "High": number,
            "Low": number
         },
         "Beard": {
            "Confidence": number,
            "Value": boolean
         },
         "BoundingBox": {
            "Height": number,
            "Left": number,
            "Top": number,
            "Width": number
         },
         "Confidence": number,
         "Emotions": [
            {
"emotions": {
"Type": "string",
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Landmarks": [
"Type": "string",
"X": number,
"Y": number
],
"MouthOpen": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Mustache": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Pose": {
"Pitch": number,
"Roll": number,
"Yaw": number
},
"Quality": {
"Brightness": number,
"Sharpness": number
},
"Smile": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Sunglasses": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
}
],
"OrientationCorrection": "string",
"UnindexedFaces": [
{
"FaceDetail": {
"AgeRange": {
"High": number,
"Low": number
},
"Beard": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"BoundingBox": {
"Height": number,
"Left": number,
"Top": number,
"Width": number
},
"Confidence": number,
"Emotions": [
{
"emotions": {
"Type": "string",
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Landmarks": [
"Type": "string",
"X": number,
"Y": number
],
"MouthOpen": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Mustache": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Pose": {
"Pitch": number,
"Roll": number,
"Yaw": number
},
"Quality": {
"Brightness": number,
"Sharpness": number
},
"Smile": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Sunglasses": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
}
}
}
"Confidence": number,
"Type": "string"
],
"Eyeglasses": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"EyesOpen": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Gender": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": "string"
},
"Landmarks": [
{
"Type": "string",
"X": number,
"Y": number
}
],
"MouthOpen": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Mustache": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Pose": {
"Pitch": number,
"Roll": number,
"Yaw": number
},
"Quality": {
"Brightness": number,
"Sharpness": number
},
"Smile": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
},
"Sunglasses": {
"Confidence": number,
"Value": boolean
}
},
"Reasons": [ "string" ]
}]

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

FaceModelVersion (p. 141)

The version number of the face detection model that's associated with the input collection (CollectionId).
FaceRecords (p. 141)

An array of faces detected and added to the collection. For more information, see Searching faces in a collection.

Type: Array of FaceRecord (p. 282) objects

OrientationCorrection (p. 141)

If your collection is associated with a face detection model that's later than version 3.0, the value of OrientationCorrection is always null and no orientation information is returned.

If your collection is associated with a face detection model that's version 3.0 or earlier, the following applies:

- If the input image is in .jpeg format, it might contain exchangeable image file format (Exif) metadata that includes the image's orientation. Amazon Rekognition uses this orientation information to perform image correction - the bounding box coordinates are translated to represent object locations after the orientation information in the Exif metadata is used to correct the image orientation. Images in .png format don't contain Exif metadata. The value of OrientationCorrection is null.
- If the image doesn't contain orientation information in its Exif metadata, Amazon Rekognition returns an estimated orientation (ROTATE_0, ROTATE_90, ROTATE_180, ROTATE_270). Amazon Rekognition doesn't perform image correction for images. The bounding box coordinates aren't translated and represent the object locations before the image is rotated.

Bounding box information is returned in the FaceRecords array. You can get the version of the face detection model by calling DescribeCollection (p. 47).

Type: String

Valid Values: ROTATE_0 | ROTATE_90 | ROTATE_180 | ROTATE_270

UnindexedFaces (p. 141)

An array of faces that were detected in the image but weren't indexed. They weren't indexed because the quality filter identified them as low quality, or the MaxFaces request parameter filtered them out. To use the quality filter, you specify the QualityFilter request parameter.

Type: Array of UnindexedFace (p. 352) objects

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ImageTooLargeException

The input image size exceeds the allowed limit. If you are calling DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85), the image size or resolution exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerException

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.
HTTP Status Code: 500
InvalidImageFormatException
The provided image format is not supported.

HTTP Status Code: 400
InvalidParameterException
Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400
InvalidS3ObjectException
Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400
ProvisionedThroughputExceededException
The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400
ResourceNotFoundException
The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400
ServiceQuotaExceededException
The size of the resource exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400
ThrottlingException
Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ListCollections

Returns list of collection IDs in your account. If the result is truncated, the response also provides a NextToken that you can use in the subsequent request to fetch the next set of collection IDs.

For an example, see Listing collections.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:ListCollections action.

Request Syntax

```
{
   "MaxResults": number,
   "NextToken": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**MaxResults (p. 147)**

Maximum number of collection IDs to return.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 4096.

Required: No

**NextToken (p. 147)**

Pagination token from the previous response.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

Required: No

Response Syntax

```
{
   "CollectionIds": [ "string" ],
   "FaceModelVersions": [ "string" ],
   "NextToken": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.
The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**CollectionIds (p. 147)**

An array of collection IDs.

Type: Array of strings

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.-]+

**FaceModelVersions (p. 147)**

Version numbers of the face detection models associated with the collections in the array CollectionIds. For example, the value of FaceModelVersions[2] is the version number for the face detection model used by the collection in CollectionId[2].

Type: Array of strings

**NextToken (p. 147)**

If the result is truncated, the response provides a NextToken that you can use in the subsequent request to fetch the next set of collection IDs.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

**Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidPaginationTokenException**

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400
ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ListDatasetEntries

Lists the entries (images) within a dataset. An entry is a JSON Line that contains the information for a single image, including the image location, assigned labels, and object location bounding boxes. For more information, see Creating a manifest file.

JSON Lines in the response include information about non-terminal errors found in the dataset. Non-terminal errors are reported in errors lists within each JSON Line. The same information is reported in the training and testing validation result manifests that Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels creates during model training.

You can filter the response in variety of ways, such as choosing which labels to return and returning JSON Lines created after a specific date.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:ListDatasetEntries action.

Request Syntax

```json
{
   "ContainsLabels": [ "string" ],
   "DatasetArn": "string",
   "HasErrors": boolean,
   "Labeled": boolean,
   "MaxResults": number,
   "NextToken": "string",
   "SourceRefContains": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

ContainsLabels (p. 150)

Specifies a label filter for the response. The response includes an entry only if one or more of the labels in ContainsLabels exist in the entry.

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 10 items.

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: .{1,}

Required: No

DatasetArn (p. 150)

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for the dataset that you want to use.

Type: String

Pattern: (^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:\d{12}:project/[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]{1,255}\/dataset\/(train|test)\/[0-9]+$)

Required: Yes

**HasErrors (p. 150)**

Specifies an error filter for the response. Specify **True** to only include entries that have errors.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

**Labeled (p. 150)**

Specify **true** to get only the JSON Lines where the image is labeled. Specify **false** to get only the JSON Lines where the image isn't labeled. If you don't specify **Labeled**, `ListDatasetEntries` returns JSON Lines for labeled and unlabeled images.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

**MaxResults (p. 150)**

The maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 100. If you specify a value greater than 100, a ValidationException error occurs. The default value is 100.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

**NextToken (p. 150)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more results to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of results.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 1024.

Required: No

**SourceRefContains (p. 150)**

If specified, `ListDatasetEntries` only returns JSON Lines where the value of `SourceRefContains` is part of the `source-ref` field. The `source-ref` field contains the Amazon S3 location of the image. You can use `SourceRefContains` for tasks such as getting the JSON Line for a single image, or getting JSON Lines for all images within a specific folder.

For more information, see [Creating a manifest file](#).

For more information, see Creating a manifest file in the *Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels Developer Guide*.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: .\S.*

Required: No
Response Syntax

```json
{
   "DatasetEntries": [ "string" ],
   "NextToken": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response. The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**DatasetEntries (p. 152)**

A list of entries (images) in the dataset.

- **Type:** Array of strings
- **Length Constraints:** Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 100000.
- **Pattern:** `^\{.*\}$`

**NextToken (p. 152)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more results to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of results.

- **Type:** String
- **Length Constraints:** Maximum length of 1024.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

- **HTTP Status Code:** 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

- **HTTP Status Code:** 500

**InvalidPaginationTokenException**

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

- **HTTP Status Code:** 400

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.
HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceInUseException

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotReadyException

The requested resource isn't ready. For example, this exception occurs when you call DetectCustomLabels with a model version that isn't deployed.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ListDatasetLabels

Lists the labels in a dataset. Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels uses labels to describe images. For more information, see Labeling images.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:ListDatasetLabels action.

Request Syntax

```json
{
    "DatasetArn": "string",
    "MaxResults": number,
    "NextToken": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**DatasetArn (p. 154)**

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the dataset that you want to use.

Type: String


Pattern: `^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:[d12]:project/[a-zA-Z0-9-_]{1,255}/dataset/(train|test)/[0-9]+$`

Required: Yes

**MaxResults (p. 154)**

The maximum number of results to return per paginated call. The largest value you can specify is 100. If you specify a value greater than 100, a ValidationException error occurs. The default value is 100.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

**NextToken (p. 154)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more results to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of results.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 1024.

Required: No
Response Syntax

```
{
  "DatasetLabelDescriptions": [ 
    {
      "LabelName": "string",
      "LabelStats": {
        "BoundingBoxCount": number,
        "EntryCount": number
      }
    },
  ],
  "NextToken": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**DatasetLabelDescriptions (p. 155)**

A list of the labels in the dataset.

Type: Array of DatasetLabelDescription (p. 261) objects

**NextToken (p. 155)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more results to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of results.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 1024.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidPaginationTokenException**

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400
InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceInUseException

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotReadyException

The requested resource isn't ready. For example, this exception occurs when you call DetectCustomLabels with a model version that isn't deployed.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ListFaces

Returns metadata for faces in the specified collection. This metadata includes information such as the bounding box coordinates, the confidence (that the bounding box contains a face), and face ID. For an example, see Listing faces in a collection.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:ListFaces action.

Request Syntax

```json
{
    "CollectionId": "string",
    "MaxResults": number,
    "NextToken": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**CollectionId (p. 157)**

ID of the collection from which to list the faces.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: `[a-zA-Z0-9_.-]+`

Required: Yes

**MaxResults (p. 157)**

Maximum number of faces to return.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 4096.

Required: No

**NextToken (p. 157)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there is more data to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of faces.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

Required: No
Response Syntax

```json
{
  "FaceModelVersion": "string",
  "Faces": [
    {
      "BoundingBox": {
        "Height": number,
        "Left": number,
        "Top": number,
        "Width": number
      },
      "Confidence": number,
      "ExternalImageId": "string",
      "FaceId": "string",
      "ImageId": "string",
      "IndexFacesModelVersion": "string"
    }
  ],
  "NextToken": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**FaceModelVersion (p. 158)**

Version number of the face detection model associated with the input collection (CollectionId).

Type: String

**Faces (p. 158)**

An array of Face objects.

Type: Array of Face (p. 275) objects

**NextToken (p. 158)**

If the response is truncated, Amazon Rekognition returns this token that you can use in the subsequent request to retrieve the next set of faces.

Type: String

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.
HTTP Status Code: 500
InvalidPaginationTokenException
Pagination token in the request is not valid.
HTTP Status Code: 400
InvalidParameterException
Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.
HTTP Status Code: 400
ProvisionedThroughputExceededException
The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.
HTTP Status Code: 400
ResourceNotFoundException
The resource specified in the request cannot be found.
HTTP Status Code: 400
ThrottlingException
Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.
HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ListStreamProcessors

Gets a list of stream processors that you have created with CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26).

Request Syntax

```
{
   "MaxResults": number,
   "NextToken": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**MaxResults (p. 160)**

Maximum number of stream processors you want Amazon Rekognition Video to return in the response. The default is 1000.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.

Required: No

**NextToken (p. 160)**

If the previous response was incomplete (because there are more stream processors to retrieve), Amazon Rekognition Video returns a pagination token in the response. You can use this pagination token to retrieve the next set of stream processors.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

Required: No

Response Syntax

```
{
   "NextToken": "string",
   "StreamProcessors": [
   {
      "Name": "string",
      "Status": "string"
   }
   ]
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.
The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**NextToken (p. 160)**

If the response is truncated, Amazon Rekognition Video returns this token that you can use in the subsequent request to retrieve the next set of stream processors.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 255.

**StreamProcessors (p. 160)**

List of stream processors that you have created.

Type: Array of StreamProcessor (p. 335) objects

---

**Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidPaginationTokenException**

Pagination token in the request is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

---

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

---

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• AWS Command Line Interface
• AWS SDK for .NET
• AWS SDK for C++
• AWS SDK for Go
• AWS SDK for Java V2
• AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ListTagsForResource

Returns a list of tags in an Amazon Rekognition collection, stream processor, or Custom Labels model.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:ListTagsForResource action.

Request Syntax

```
{
    "ResourceArn": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

ResourceArn (p. 163)

Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the model, collection, or stream processor that contains the tags that you want a list of.

Type: String


Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```
{
    "Tags": {
        "string": "string"
    }
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

Tags (p. 163)

A list of key-value tags assigned to the resource.

Type: String to string map

Map Entries: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 200 items.

Key Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Key Pattern: `^[^aws:]\[\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}_.-/\+\-@]*$`
Value Length Constraints: Minimum length of 0. Maximum length of 256.

Value Pattern: ^([\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}\._/:=+-@]*)$  

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException
You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError
Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException
Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException
The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException
The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException
Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
RecognizeCelebrities

Returns an array of celebrities recognized in the input image. For more information, see Recognizing celebrities.

RecognizeCelebrities returns the 64 largest faces in the image. It lists the recognized celebrities in the CelebrityFaces array and any unrecognized faces in the UnrecognizedFaces array. RecognizeCelebrities doesn't return celebrities whose faces aren't among the largest 64 faces in the image.

For each celebrity recognized, RecognizeCelebrities returns a Celebrity object. The Celebrity object contains the celebrity name, ID, URL links to additional information, match confidence, and a ComparedFace object that you can use to locate the celebrity's face on the image.

Amazon Rekognition doesn't retain information about which images a celebrity has been recognized in. Your application must store this information and use the Celebrity ID property as a unique identifier for the celebrity. If you don't store the celebrity name or additional information URLs returned by RecognizeCelebrities, you will need the ID to identify the celebrity in a call to the GetCelebrityInfo (p. 95) operation.

You pass the input image either as base64-encoded image bytes or as a reference to an image in an Amazon S3 bucket. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing image bytes is not supported. The image must be either a PNG or JPEG formatted file.

For an example, see Recognizing celebrities in an image.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:RecognizeCelebrities operation.

Request Syntax

```json
{
  "Image": {
    "Bytes": blob,
    "S3Object": {
      "Bucket": "string",
      "Name": "string",
      "Version": "string"
    }
  }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**Image (p. 166)**

The input image as base64-encoded bytes or an S3 object. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing base64-encoded image bytes is not supported.

If you are using an AWS SDK to call Amazon Rekognition, you might not need to base64-encode image bytes passed using the Bytes field. For more information, see Image specifications.
Response Syntax

```
{
  "CelebrityFaces": [
    {
      "Face": {
        "BoundingBox": {
          "Height": number,
          "Left": number,
          "Top": number,
          "Width": number
        },
        "Confidence": number,
        "Emotions": [
          {
            "Confidence": number,
            "Type": "string"
          }
        ],
        "Landmarks": [
          {
            "Type": "string",
            "X": number,
            "Y": number
          }
        ],
        "Pose": {
          "Pitch": number,
          "Roll": number,
          "Yaw": number
        },
        "Quality": {
          "Brightness": number,
          "Sharpness": number
        },
        "Smile": {
          "Confidence": number,
          "Value": boolean
        }
      },
      "Id": "string",
      "KnownGender": {
        "Type": "string"
      },
      "MatchConfidence": number,
      "Name": "string",
      "Urls": [ "string" ]
    }
  ],
  "OrientationCorrection": "string",
  "UnrecognizedFaces": [
    {
      "BoundingBox": {
        "Height": number,
        "Left": number,
        "Top": number,
        "Width": number
      },
      "Confidence": number,
      // Other properties...
    }
  ]
}
```

Type: **Image (p. 290)** object

Required: Yes
Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

CelebrityFaces (p. 167)

Details about each celebrity found in the image. Amazon Rekognition can detect a maximum of 64 celebrities in an image. Each celebrity object includes the following attributes: Face, Confidence, Emotions, Landmarks, Pose, Quality, Smile, Id, KnownGender, MatchConfidence, Name, Urls.

Type: Array of Celebrity (p. 244) objects

OrientationCorrection (p. 167)

**Note**
Support for estimating image orientation using the the OrientationCorrection field has ceased as of August 2021. Any returned values for this field included in an API response will always be NULL.

The orientation of the input image (counterclockwise direction). If your application displays the image, you can use this value to correct the orientation. The bounding box coordinates returned in CelebrityFaces and UnrecognizedFaces represent face locations before the image orientation is corrected.

**Note**
If the input image is in .jpeg format, it might contain exchangeable image (Exif) metadata that includes the image's orientation. If so, and the Exif metadata for the input image populates the orientation field, the value of OrientationCorrection is null. The CelebrityFaces and UnrecognizedFaces bounding box coordinates represent face
locations after Exif metadata is used to correct the image orientation. Images in .png format
don’t contain Exif metadata.

Type: String

Valid Values: ROTATE_0 | ROTATE_90 | ROTATE_180 | ROTATE_270

UnrecognizedFaces (p. 167)

Details about each unrecognized face in the image.

Type: Array of ComparedFace (p. 249) objects

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ImageTooLargeException

The input image size exceeds the allowed limit. If you are calling DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85),
the image size or resolution exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and
quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidImageFormatException

The provided image format is not supported.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidImageFormatException

The provided image format is not supported.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation
again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidS3ObjectException

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact
Amazon Rekognition.
HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
SearchFaces

For a given input face ID, searches for matching faces in the collection the face belongs to. You get a face ID when you add a face to the collection using the IndexFaces (p. 138) operation. The operation compares the features of the input face with faces in the specified collection.

**Note**

You can also search faces without indexing faces by using the SearchFacesByImage operation.

The operation response returns an array of faces that match, ordered by similarity score with the highest similarity first. More specifically, it is an array of metadata for each face match that is found. Along with the metadata, the response also includes a confidence value for each face match, indicating the confidence that the specific face matches the input face.

For an example, see Searching for a face using its face ID.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:SearchFaces action.

**Request Syntax**

```json
{
    "CollectionId": "string",
    "FaceId": "string",
    "FaceMatchThreshold": number,
    "MaxFaces": number
}
```

**Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**CollectionId (p. 171)**

ID of the collection the face belongs to.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+

Required: Yes

**FaceId (p. 171)**

ID of a face to find matches for in the collection.

Type: String

Pattern: \[0-9a-f\]{8}-\[0-9a-f\]{4}-\[0-9a-f\]{4}-\[0-9a-f\]{4}-\[0-9a-f\]{12}

Required: Yes

**FaceMatchThreshold (p. 171)**

Optional value specifying the minimum confidence in the face match to return. For example, don't return any matches where confidence in matches is less than 70%. The default value is 80%.
Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

MaxFaces (p. 171)

Maximum number of faces to return. The operation returns the maximum number of faces with the
highest confidence in the match.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 4096.

Required: No

Response Syntax

```json
{
    "FaceMatches": [
        {
            "Face": {
                "BoundingBox": {
                    "Height": number,
                    "Left": number,
                    "Top": number,
                    "Width": number
                },
                "Confidence": number,
                "ExternalImageId": "string",
                "FaceId": "string",
                "ImageId": "string",
                "IndexFacesModelVersion": "string"
            },
            "Similarity": number
        }
    ],
    "FaceModelVersion": "string",
    "SearchedFaceId": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**FaceMatches (p. 172)**

An array of faces that matched the input face, along with the confidence in the match.

Type: Array of FaceMatch (p. 281) objects

**FaceModelVersion (p. 172)**

Version number of the face detection model associated with the input collection (CollectionId).

Type: String

**SearchedFaceId (p. 172)**

ID of the face that was searched for matches in a collection.
Type: String
Pattern: [0-9a-f]{8}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{12}

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**
You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**
Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**
Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**
The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**
The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**
Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3

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**SearchFacesByImage**

For a given input image, first detects the largest face in the image, and then searches the specified collection for matching faces. The operation compares the features of the input face with faces in the specified collection.

**Note**
To search for all faces in an input image, you might first call the IndexFaces (p. 138) operation, and then use the face IDs returned in subsequent calls to the SearchFaces (p. 171) operation. You can also call the DetectFaces operation and use the bounding boxes in the response to make face crops, which then you can pass in to the SearchFacesByImage operation.

You pass the input image either as base64-encoded image bytes or as a reference to an image in an Amazon S3 bucket. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing image bytes is not supported. The image must be either a PNG or JPEG formatted file.

The response returns an array of faces that match, ordered by similarity score with the highest similarity first. More specifically, it is an array of metadata for each face match found. Along with the metadata, the response also includes a similarity indicating how similar the face is to the input face. In the response, the operation also returns the bounding box (and a confidence level that the bounding box contains a face) of the face that Amazon Rekognition used for the input image.

If no faces are detected in the input image, SearchFacesByImage returns an InvalidParameterException error.

For an example, see Searching for a Face Using an Image.

The QualityFilter input parameter allows you to filter out detected faces that don’t meet a required quality bar. The quality bar is based on a variety of common use cases. Use QualityFilter to set the quality bar for filtering by specifying LOW, MEDIUM, or HIGH. If you do not want to filter detected faces, specify NONE. The default value is NONE.

**Note**
To use quality filtering, you need a collection associated with version 3 of the face model or higher. To get the version of the face model associated with a collection, call DescribeCollection (p. 47).

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:SearchFacesByImage action.

**Request Syntax**

```json
{
    "CollectionId": "string",
    "FaceMatchThreshold": number,
    "Image": {
        "Bytes": blob,
        "S3Object": {
            "Bucket": "string",
            "Name": "string",
            "Version": "string"
        }
    },
    "MaxFaces": number,
    "QualityFilter": "String"
}
```

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Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**CollectionId (p. 175)**

ID of the collection to search.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: \[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+\]

Required: Yes

**FaceMatchThreshold (p. 175)**

(Optional) Specifies the minimum confidence in the face match to return. For example, don't return any matches where confidence in matches is less than 70%. The default value is 80%.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

**Image (p. 175)**

The input image as base64-encoded bytes or an S3 object. If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing base64-encoded image bytes is not supported.

If you are using an AWS SDK to call Amazon Rekognition, you might not need to base64-encode image bytes passed using the **Bytes** field. For more information, see Image specifications.

Type: Image (p. 290) object

Required: Yes

**MaxFaces (p. 175)**

Maximum number of faces to return. The operation returns the maximum number of faces with the highest confidence in the match.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 4096.

Required: No

**QualityFilter (p. 175)**

A filter that specifies a quality bar for how much filtering is done to identify faces. Filtered faces aren't searched for in the collection. If you specify AUTO, Amazon Rekognition chooses the quality bar. If you specify LOW, MEDIUM, or HIGH, filtering removes all faces that don't meet the chosen quality bar. The quality bar is based on a variety of common use cases. Low-quality detections can occur for a number of reasons. Some examples are an object that's misidentified as a face, a face that's too blurry, or a face with a pose that's too extreme to use. If you specify NONE, no filtering is performed. The default value is none.
To use quality filtering, the collection you are using must be associated with version 3 of the face model or higher.

Type: String

Valid Values: NONE | AUTO | LOW | MEDIUM | HIGH

Required: No

Response Syntax

```
{
  "FaceMatches": [
    {
      "Face": {
        "BoundingBox": {
          "Height": number,
          "Left": number,
          "Top": number,
          "Width": number
        },
        "Confidence": number,
        "ExternalImageId": "string",
        "FaceId": "string",
        "ImageId": "string",
        "IndexFacesModelVersion": "string"
      },
      "Similarity": number
    }
  ],
  "FaceModelVersion": "string",
  "SearchedFaceBoundingBox": {
    "Height": number,
    "Left": number,
    "Top": number,
    "Width": number
  },
  "SearchedFaceConfidence": number
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**FaceMatches (p. 177)**

An array of faces that match the input face, along with the confidence in the match.

Type: Array of FaceMatch (p. 281) objects

**FaceModelVersion (p. 177)**

Version number of the face detection model associated with the input collection (CollectionId).

Type: String

**SearchedFaceBoundingBox (p. 177)**

The bounding box around the face in the input image that Amazon Rekognition used for the search.
Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ImageTooLargeException

The input image size exceeds the allowed limit. If you are calling DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85), the image size or resolution exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidImageFormatException

The provided image format is not supported.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidS3ObjectException

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400
ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartCelebrityRecognition

Starts asynchronous recognition of celebrities in a stored video.

Amazon Rekognition Video can detect celebrities in a video must be stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. Use Video (p. 354) to specify the bucket name and the filename of the video. StartCelebrityRecognition returns a job identifier (JobId) which you use to get the results of the analysis. When celebrity recognition analysis is finished, Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic that you specify in NotificationChannel. To get the results of the celebrity recognition analysis, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetCelebrityRecognition (p. 98) and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartCelebrityRecognition.

For more information, see Recognizing celebrities.

Request Syntax

```
{
"ClientRequestToken": "string",
"JobTag": "string",
"NotificationChannel": {
  "RoleArn": "string",
  "SNSTopicArn": "string"
},
"Video": {
  "S3Object": {
    "Bucket": "string",
    "Name": "string",
    "Version": "string"
  }
}
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

ClientRequestToken (p. 180)

Idempotent token used to identify the start request. If you use the same token with multiple StartCelebrityRecognition requests, the same JobId is returned. Use ClientRequestToken to prevent the same job from being accidently started more than once.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$

Required: No

JobTag (p. 180)

An identifier you specify that's returned in the completion notification that's published to your Amazon Simple Notification Service topic. For example, you can use JobTag to group related jobs and identify them in the completion notification.
Type: String
Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 256.
Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-:]+
Required: No

**NotificationChannel (p. 180)**

The Amazon SNS topic ARN that you want Amazon Rekognition Video to publish the completion status of the celebrity recognition analysis to. The Amazon SNS topic must have a topic name that begins with `AmazonRekognition` if you are using the AmazonRekognitionServiceRole permissions policy.

Type: NotificationChannel (p. 303) object
Required: No

**Video (p. 180)**

The video in which you want to recognize celebrities. The video must be stored in an Amazon S3 bucket.

Type: Video (p. 354) object
Required: Yes

### Response Syntax

```
{
  "JobId": "string"
}
```

### Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobId (p. 181)**

The identifier for the celebrity recognition analysis job. Use JobId to identify the job in a subsequent call to GetCelebrityRecognition.

Type: String
Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.
Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-\-_]+$%

### Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.
HTTP Status Code: 400

IdempotentParameterMismatchException

A ClientRequestToken input parameter was reused with an operation, but at least one of the other input parameters is different from the previous call to the operation.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidS3ObjectException

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

LimitExceededException

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

VideoTooLargeException

The file size or duration of the supplied media is too large. The maximum file size is 10GB. The maximum duration is 6 hours.

HTTP Status Code: 400

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
• AWS SDK for Go
• AWS SDK for Java V2
• AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartContentModeration

Starts asynchronous detection of inappropriate, unwanted, or offensive content in a stored video. For a list of moderation labels in Amazon Rekognition, see Using the image and video moderation APIs.

Amazon Rekognition Video can moderate content in a video stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. Use Video (p. 354) to specify the bucket name and the filename of the video. StartContentModeration returns a job identifier (JobId) which you use to get the results of the analysis. When content analysis is finished, Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic that you specify in NotificationChannel.

To get the results of the content analysis, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetContentModeration (p. 104) and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartContentModeration.

For more information, see Moderating content.

Request Syntax

```
{
  "ClientRequestToken": "string",
  "JobTag": "string",
  "MinConfidence": number,
  "NotificationChannel": {
    "RoleArn": "string",
    "SNSTopicArn": "string"
  },
  "Video": {
    "S3Object": {
      "Bucket": "string",
      "Name": "string",
      "Version": "string"
    }
  }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**ClientRequestToken (p. 184)**

Idempotent token used to identify the start request. If you use the same token with multiple StartContentModeration requests, the same JobId is returned. Use ClientRequestToken to prevent the same job from being accidently started more than once.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$

Required: No
JobTag (p. 184)

An identifier you specify that's returned in the completion notification that's published to your Amazon Simple Notification Service topic. For example, you can use JobTag to group related jobs and identify them in the completion notification.

Type: String
Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 256.
Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-:]+
Required: No

MinConfidence (p. 184)

Specifies the minimum confidence that Amazon Rekognition must have in order to return a moderated content label. Confidence represents how certain Amazon Rekognition is that the moderated content is correctly identified. 0 is the lowest confidence. 100 is the highest confidence. Amazon Rekognition doesn't return any moderated content labels with a confidence level lower than this specified value. If you don't specify MinConfidence, GetContentModeration returns labels with confidence values greater than or equal to 50 percent.

Type: Float
Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.
Required: No

NotificationChannel (p. 184)

The Amazon SNS topic ARN that you want Amazon Rekognition Video to publish the completion status of the content analysis to. The Amazon SNS topic must have a topic name that begins with AmazonRekognition if you are using the AmazonRekognitionServiceRole permissions policy to access the topic.

Type: NotificationChannel (p. 303) object
Required: No

Video (p. 184)

The video in which you want to detect inappropriate, unwanted, or offensive content. The video must be stored in an Amazon S3 bucket.

Type: Video (p. 354) object
Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```
{
  "JobId": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.
JobId (p. 185)

The identifier for the content analysis job. Use JobId to identify the job in a subsequent call to GetContentModeration.

Type: String
Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.
Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-\_]\+$

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

IdempotentParameterMismatchException

A ClientRequestToken input parameter was reused with an operation, but at least one of the other input parameters is different from the previous call to the operation.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidS3ObjectException

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

LimitExceededException

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400
**ThrottlingException**
Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**VideoTooLargeException**
The file size or duration of the supplied media is too large. The maximum file size is 10GB. The maximum duration is 6 hours.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**See Also**
For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartFaceDetection

Starts asynchronous detection of faces in a stored video.

Amazon Rekognition Video can detect faces in a video stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. Use Video (p. 354) to specify the bucket name and the filename of the video. StartFaceDetection returns a job identifier (JobId) that you use to get the results of the operation. When face detection is finished, Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic that you specify in NotificationChannel. To get the results of the face detection operation, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetFaceDetection (p. 108) and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartFaceDetection.

For more information, see Detecting faces in a stored video.

Request Syntax

```
{
  "ClientRequestToken": "string",
  "FaceAttributes": "string",
  "JobTag": "string",
  "NotificationChannel": {
    "RoleArn": "string",
    "SNSTopicArn": "string"
  },
  "Video": {
    "S3Object": {
      "Bucket": "string",
      "Name": "string",
      "Version": "string"
    }
  }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

ClientRequestToken (p. 188)

Idempotent token used to identify the start request. If you use the same token with multiple StartFaceDetection requests, the same JobId is returned. Use ClientRequestToken to prevent the same job from being accidently started more than once.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$

Required: No

FaceAttributes (p. 188)

The face attributes you want returned.
**Response Syntax**

```
{
    "JobId": "string"
}
```

**Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobId (p. 189)**

The identifier for the face detection job. Use JobId to identify the job in a subsequent call to GetFaceDetection.
Type: String
Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.
Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_]+$

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException
You are not authorized to perform the action.
HTTP Status Code: 400

IdempotentParameterMismatchException
A ClientRequestToken input parameter was reused with an operation, but at least one of the other input parameters is different from the previous call to the operation.
HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerError
Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.
HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException
Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.
HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidS3ObjectException
Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.
HTTP Status Code: 400

LimitExceededException
An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.
HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException
The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.
HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException
Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.
HTTP Status Code: 500
VideoTooLargeException

The file size or duration of the supplied media is too large. The maximum file size is 10GB. The maximum duration is 6 hours.

HTTP Status Code: 400

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartFaceSearch

Starts the asynchronous search for faces in a collection that match the faces of persons detected in a stored video.

The video must be stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. Use Video (p. 354) to specify the bucket name and the filename of the video. StartFaceSearch returns a job identifier (JobId) which you use to get the search results once the search has completed. When searching is finished, Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic that you specify in NotificationChannel. To get the search results, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetFaceSearch (p. 113) and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartFaceSearch. For more information, see Searching stored videos for faces.

Request Syntax

```json
{
    "ClientRequestToken": "string",
    "CollectionId": "string",
    "FaceMatchThreshold": number,
    "JobTag": "string",
    "NotificationChannel": {
        "RoleArn": "string",
        "SNSTopicArn": "string"
    },
    "Video": {
        "S3Object": {
            "Bucket": "string",
            "Name": "string",
            "Version": "string"
        }
    }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**ClientRequestToken (p. 192)**

Idempotent token used to identify the start request. If you use the same token with multiple StartFaceSearch requests, the same JobId is returned. Use ClientRequestToken to prevent the same job from being accidently started more than once.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-]+$  

Required: No

**CollectionId (p. 192)**

ID of the collection that contains the faces you want to search for.

Type: String
Response Syntax

```
{
   "JobId": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.
The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobId (p. 193)**

The identifier for the search job. Use JobId to identify the job in a subsequent call to GetFaceSearch.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$  

**Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors (p. 359)](#).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**IdempotentParameterMismatchException**

A ClientRequestToken input parameter was reused with an operation, but at least one of the other input parameters is different from the previous call to the operation.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidS3ObjectException**

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**LimitExceededException**

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400
**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**VideoTooLargeException**

The file size or duration of the supplied media is too large. The maximum file size is 10GB. The maximum duration is 6 hours.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartLabelDetection

Starts asynchronous detection of labels in a stored video.

Amazon Rekognition Video can detect labels in a video. Labels are instances of real-world entities. This includes objects like flower, tree, and table; events like wedding, graduation, and birthday party; concepts like landscape, evening, and nature; and activities like a person getting out of a car or a person skiing.

The video must be stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. Use Video (p. 354) to specify the bucket name and the filename of the video. StartLabelDetection returns a job identifier (JobId) which you use to get the results of the operation. When label detection is finished, Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic that you specify in NotificationChannel.

To get the results of the label detection operation, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetLabelDetection (p. 119) and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartLabelDetection.

Request Syntax

```json
{
   "ClientRequestToken": "string",
   "JobTag": "string",
   "MinConfidence": number,
   "NotificationChannel": {
      "RoleArn": "string",
      "SNSTopicArn": "string"
   },
   "Video": {
      "S3Object": {
         "Bucket": "string",
         "Name": "string",
         "Version": "string"
      }
   }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

ClientRequestToken (p. 196)

Idempotent token used to identify the start request. If you use the same token with multiple StartLabelDetection requests, the same JobId is returned. Use ClientRequestToken to prevent the same job from being accidently started more than once.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_]+$
Required: No

**JobTag (p. 196)**

An identifier you specify that's returned in the completion notification that's published to your Amazon Simple Notification Service topic. For example, you can use JobTag to group related jobs and identify them in the completion notification.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 256.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.-:]+

Required: No

**MinConfidence (p. 196)**

Specifies the minimum confidence that Amazon Rekognition Video must have in order to return a detected label. Confidence represents how certain Amazon Rekognition is that a label is correctly identified. 0 is the lowest confidence. 100 is the highest confidence. Amazon Rekognition Video doesn't return any labels with a confidence level lower than this specified value.

If you don't specify MinConfidence, the operation returns labels with confidence values greater than or equal to 50 percent.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

**NotificationChannel (p. 196)**

The Amazon SNS topic ARN you want Amazon Rekognition Video to publish the completion status of the label detection operation to. The Amazon SNS topic must have a topic name that begins with AmazonRekognition if you are using the AmazonRekognitionServiceRole permissions policy.

Type: NotificationChannel (p. 303) object

Required: No

**Video (p. 196)**

The video in which you want to detect labels. The video must be stored in an Amazon S3 bucket.

Type: Video (p. 354) object

Required: Yes

---

**Response Syntax**

```json
{
"JobId": "string"
}
```

**Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.
The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobId (p. 197)**

The identifier for the label detection job. Use JobId to identify the job in a subsequent call to GetLabelDetection.

- **Type:** String
- **Length Constraints:** Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.
- **Pattern:** `^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$`

**Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors (p. 359)](#).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

- **HTTP Status Code:** 400

**IdempotentParameterMismatchException**

A ClientRequestToken input parameter was reused with an operation, but at least one of the other input parameters is different from the previous call to the operation.

- **HTTP Status Code:** 400

**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

- **HTTP Status Code:** 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

- **HTTP Status Code:** 400

**InvalidS3ObjectException**

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

- **HTTP Status Code:** 400

**LimitExceededException**

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

- **HTTP Status Code:** 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

- **HTTP Status Code:** 400
**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**VideoTooLargeException**

The file size or duration of the supplied media is too large. The maximum file size is 10GB. The maximum duration is 6 hours.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartPersonTracking

Starts the asynchronous tracking of a person's path in a stored video.

Amazon Rekognition Video can track the path of people in a video stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. Use Video (p. 354) to specify the bucket name and the filename of the video. StartPersonTracking returns a job identifier (JobId) which you use to get the results of the operation. When label detection is finished, Amazon Rekognition publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic that you specify in NotificationChannel.

To get the results of the person detection operation, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetPersonTracking (p. 124) and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartPersonTracking.

Request Syntax

```
{
    "ClientRequestToken": "string",
    "JobTag": "string",
    "NotificationChannel": {
        "RoleArn": "string",
        "SNSTopicArn": "string"
    },
    "Video": {
        "S3Object": {
            "Bucket": "string",
            "Name": "string",
            "Version": "string"
        }
    }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

ClientRequestToken (p. 200)

Idempotent token used to identify the start request. If you use the same token with multiple StartPersonTracking requests, the same JobId is returned. Use ClientRequestToken to prevent the same job from being accidently started more than once.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-\_]+$  

Required: No

JobTag (p. 200)

An identifier you specify that's returned in the completion notification that's published to your Amazon Simple Notification Service topic. For example, you can use JobTag to group related jobs and identify them in the completion notification.
Response Syntax

```json
{
    "JobId": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobId (p. 201)**

The identifier for the person detection job. Use JobId to identify the job in a subsequent call to GetPersonTracking.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400
IdempotentParameterMismatchException

A ClientRequestToken input parameter was reused with an operation, but at least one of the other input parameters is different from the previous call to the operation.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerException

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InvalidS3ObjectException

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

LimitExceededException

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

VideoTooLargeException

The file size or duration of the supplied media is too large. The maximum file size is 10GB. The maximum duration is 6 hours.

HTTP Status Code: 400

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
• AWS SDK for Java V2
• AWS SDK for JavaScript
• AWS SDK for PHP V3
• AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartProjectVersion

Starts the running of the version of a model. Starting a model takes a while to complete. To check the current state of the model, use DescribeProjectVersions (p. 56).

Once the model is running, you can detect custom labels in new images by calling DetectCustomLabels (p. 66).

**Note**
You are charged for the amount of time that the model is running. To stop a running model, call StopProjectVersion (p. 218).

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:StartProjectVersion action.

**Request Syntax**

```json
{
   "MinInferenceUnits": number,
   "ProjectVersionArn": "string"
}
```

**Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**MinInferenceUnits (p. 204)**

The minimum number of inference units to use. A single inference unit represents 1 hour of processing.

For information about the number of transactions per second (TPS) that an inference unit can support, see Running a trained Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels model.

Use a higher number to increase the TPS throughput of your model. You are charged for the number of inference units that you use.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.

Required: Yes

**ProjectVersionArn (p. 204)**

The Amazon Resource Name(ARN) of the model version that you want to start.

Type: String


Pattern: (^[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:d\{12\}:project\/[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]{1,255}\//version\/[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]{1,255}\/[0-9]+$)

Required: Yes
Response Syntax

```
{
  "Status": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**Status (p. 205)**

The current running status of the model.

Type: String

Valid Values: TRAINING_IN_PROGRESS | TRAINING_COMPLETED | TRAINING_FAILED | STARTING | RUNNING | FAILED | STOPPING | STOPPED | DELETING

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**LimitExceededException**

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400
**ResourceInUseException**

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartSegmentDetection

Starts asynchronous detection of segment detection in a stored video.

Amazon Rekognition Video can detect segments in a video stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. Use Video (p. 354) to specify the bucket name and the filename of the video. StartSegmentDetection returns a job identifier (JobId) which you use to get the results of the operation. When segment detection is finished, Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic that you specify in NotificationChannel.

You can use the Filters (StartSegmentDetectionFilters (p. 329)) input parameter to specify the minimum detection confidence returned in the response. Within Filters, use ShotFilter (StartShotDetectionFilter (p. 330)) to filter detected shots. Use TechnicalCueFilter (StartTechnicalCueDetectionFilter (p. 331)) to filter technical cues.

To get the results of the segment detection operation, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetSegmentDetection (p. 129) and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartSegmentDetection.

For more information, see Detecting video segments in stored video.

Request Syntax

```
{
  "ClientRequestToken": "string",
  "Filters": {
    "ShotFilter": {
      "MinSegmentConfidence": number
    },
    "TechnicalCueFilter": {
      "BlackFrame": {
        "MaxPixelThreshold": number,
        "MinCoveragePercentage": number
      },
      "MinSegmentConfidence": number
    }
  },
  "JobTag": "string",
  "NotificationChannel": {
    "RoleArn": "string",
    "SNSTopicArn": "string"
  },
  "SegmentTypes": [ "string" ],
  "Video": {
    "S3Object": {
      "Bucket": "string",
      "Name": "string",
      "Version": "string"
    }
  }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.
**ClientRequestToken (p. 207)**

Idempotent token used to identify the start request. If you use the same token with multiple `StartSegmentDetection` requests, the same `JobId` is returned. Use `ClientRequestToken` to prevent the same job from being accidently started more than once.

- **Type:** String
- **Length Constraints:** Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.
- **Pattern:** `^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$`
- **Required:** No

**Filters (p. 207)**

Filters for technical cue or shot detection.

- **Type:** `StartSegmentDetectionFilters (p. 329)` object
- **Required:** No

**JobTag (p. 207)**

An identifier you specify that's returned in the completion notification that's published to your Amazon Simple Notification Service topic. For example, you can use `JobTag` to group related jobs and identify them in the completion notification.

- **Type:** String
- **Length Constraints:** Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 256.
- **Pattern:** `^[a-zA-Z0-9-_.]+$`
- **Required:** No

**NotificationChannel (p. 207)**

The ARN of the Amazon SNS topic to which you want Amazon Rekognition Video to publish the completion status of the segment detection operation. Note that the Amazon SNS topic must have a topic name that begins with `AmazonRekognition` if you are using the AmazonRekognitionServiceRole permissions policy to access the topic.

- **Type:** `NotificationChannel (p. 303)` object
- **Required:** No

**SegmentTypes (p. 207)**

An array of segment types to detect in the video. Valid values are `TECHNICAL_CUE` and `SHOT`.

- **Type:** Array of strings
- **Array Members:** Minimum number of 1 item.
- **Valid Values:** `TECHNICAL_CUE` | `SHOT`
- **Required:** Yes

**Video (p. 207)**

Video file stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. Amazon Rekognition video start operations such as `StartLabelDetection (p. 196)` use `Video` to specify a video for analysis. The supported file formats are `.mp4`, `.mov` and `.avi`.

- **Type:** `Video (p. 354)` object
Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```json
{
  "JobId": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.
The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobId (p. 209)**

Unique identifier for the segment detection job. The JobId is returned from StartSegmentDetection.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-_]+$

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**IdempotentParameterMismatchException**

A ClientRequestToken input parameter was reused with an operation, but at least one of the other input parameters is different from the previous call to the operation.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidS3ObjectException**

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.
LimitExceededException

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

VideoTooLargeException

The file size or duration of the supplied media is too large. The maximum file size is 10GB. The maximum duration is 6 hours.

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartStreamProcessor

Starts processing a stream processor. You create a stream processor by calling CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26). To tell StartStreamProcessor which stream processor to start, use the value of the Name field specified in the call to CreateStreamProcessor.

If you are using a label detection stream processor to detect labels, you need to provide a Start selector and a Stop selector to determine the length of the stream processing time.

Request Syntax

```json
{
   "Name": "string",
   "StartSelector": {
      "KVSStreamStartSelector": {
         "FragmentNumber": "string",
         "ProducerTimestamp": number
      }
   },
   "StopSelector": {
      "MaxDurationInSeconds": number
   }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**Name (p. 211)**

The name of the stream processor to start processing.

Type: String


Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_-\.\-]+

Required: Yes

**StartSelector (p. 211)**

Specifies the starting point in the Kinesis stream to start processing. You can use the producer timestamp or the fragment number. For more information, see Fragment.

This is a required parameter for label detection stream processors and should not be used to start a face search stream processor.

Type: StreamProcessingStartSelector (p. 333) object

Required: No

**StopSelector (p. 211)**

Specifies when to stop processing the stream. You can specify a maximum amount of time to process the video.
This is a required parameter for label detection stream processors and should not be used to start a face search stream processor.

Type: StreamProcessingStopSelector (p. 334) object

Required: No

Response Syntax

```
{
  "SessionId": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**SessionId (p. 212)**

A unique identifier for the stream processing session.

Type: String

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceInUseException**

The specified resource is already being used.
HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartTextDetection

Starts asynchronous detection of text in a stored video.

Amazon Rekognition Video can detect text in a video stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. Use Video (p. 354) to specify the bucket name and the filename of the video. StartTextDetection returns a job identifier (JobId) which you use to get the results of the operation. When text detection is finished, Amazon Rekognition Video publishes a completion status to the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic that you specify in NotificationChannel.

To get the results of the text detection operation, first check that the status value published to the Amazon SNS topic is SUCCEEDED. If so, call GetTextDetection (p. 134) and pass the job identifier (JobId) from the initial call to StartTextDetection.

Request Syntax

```json
{
   "ClientRequestToken": "string",
   "Filters": {
      "RegionsOfInterest": [
         {
            "BoundingBox": {
               "Height": number,
               "Left": number,
               "Top": number,
               "Width": number
            },
            "Polygon": [
               {
                  "X": number,
                  "Y": number
               }
            ]
         }
      ],
      "WordFilter": {
         "MinBoundingBoxHeight": number,
         "MinBoundingBoxWidth": number,
         "MinConfidence": number
      }
   },
   "JobTag": "string",
   "NotificationChannel": {
      "RoleArn": "string",
      "SNSTopicArn": "string"
   },
   "Video": {
      "S3Object": {
         "Bucket": "string",
         "Name": "string",
         "Version": "string"
      }
   }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).
The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**ClientRequestToken (p. 214)**

Idempotent token used to identify the start request. If you use the same token with multiple StartTextDetection requests, the same JobId is returned. Use ClientRequestToken to prevent the same job from being accidentaly started more than once.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-\_]+$

Required: No

**Filters (p. 214)**

Optional parameters that let you set criteria the text must meet to be included in your response.

Type: StartTextDetectionFilters (p. 332) object

Required: No

**JobTag (p. 214)**

An identifier returned in the completion status published by your Amazon Simple Notification Service topic. For example, you can use JobTag to group related jobs and identify them in the completion notification.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 256.

Pattern: [ a-zA-Z0-9\-\.\_: ]+

Required: No

**NotificationChannel (p. 214)**

The Amazon Simple Notification Service topic to which Amazon Rekognition publishes the completion status of a video analysis operation. For more information, see Calling Amazon Rekognition Video operations. Note that the Amazon SNS topic must have a topic name that begins with AmazonRekognition if you are using the AmazonRekognitionServiceRole permissions policy to access the topic. For more information, see Giving access to multiple Amazon SNS topics.

Type: NotificationChannel (p. 303) object

Required: No

**Video (p. 214)**

Video file stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. Amazon Rekognition video start operations such as StartLabelDetection (p. 196) use Video to specify a video for analysis. The supported file formats are .mp4, .mov and .avi.

Type: Video (p. 354) object

Required: Yes

---

**Response Syntax**

```json
{

```

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215```
"JobId": "string"
}

**Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**JobId (p. 215)**

Identifier for the text detection job. Use JobId to identify the job in a subsequent call to GetTextDetection.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9-\_]+$

**Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**IdempotentParameterMismatchException**

A ClientRequestToken input parameter was reused with an operation, but at least one of the other input parameters is different from the previous call to the operation.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidS3ObjectException**

Amazon Rekognition is unable to access the S3 object specified in the request.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**LimitExceedededException**

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceedededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.
HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**VideoTooLargeException**

The file size or duration of the supplied media is too large. The maximum file size is 10GB. The maximum duration is 6 hours.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StopProjectVersion

Halts a running model. The operation might take a while to complete. To check the current status, call DescribeProjectVersions (p. 56).

Request Syntax

```json
{
   "ProjectVersionArn": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**ProjectVersionArn (p. 218)**

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the model version that you want to delete.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:StopProjectVersion action.

Type: String


Pattern:
```
^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+::\d{12}:project/\[a-zA-Z0-9-_.\-]{1,255}/version/\[a-zA-Z0-9-_.\-]{1,255}/[0-9]+$`
```

Required: Yes

Response Syntax

```json
{
   "Status": "string"
}
```

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

**Status (p. 218)**

The current status of the stop operation.

Type: String

Valid Values: TRAINING_IN_PROGRESS | TRAINING_COMPLETED | TRAINING_FAILED | STARTING | RUNNING | FAILED | STOPPING | STOPPED | DELETING
Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceInUseException**

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StopStreamProcessor

Stops a running stream processor that was created by CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26).

Request Syntax

```
{
  "Name": "string"
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

Name (p. 221)

The name of a stream processor created by CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26).

- **Type**: String
- **Length Constraints**: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.
- **Pattern**: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+
- **Required**: Yes

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

- **AccessDeniedException**
  
  You are not authorized to perform the action.
  
  HTTP Status Code: 400

- **InternalServerException**
  
  Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.
  
  HTTP Status Code: 500

- **InvalidParameterException**
  
  Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.
  
  HTTP Status Code: 400
ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceInUseException

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
TagResource

TagResource

Add one or more key-value tags to an Amazon Rekognition collection, stream processor, or Custom Labels model. For more information, see Tagging AWS Resources.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:TagResource action.

Request Syntax

```json
{
    "ResourceArn": "string",
    "Tags": {
        "string": "string"
    }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**ResourceArn (p. 223)**

Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the model, collection, or stream processor that you want to assign the tags to.

Type: String


Required: Yes

**Tags (p. 223)**

The key-value tags to assign to the resource.

Type: String to string map

Map Entries: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 200 items.

Key Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Key Pattern: ^(?i:aws:)[\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}\p{_}.:/=+-@]*$

Value Length Constraints: Minimum length of 0. Maximum length of 256.

Value Pattern: ^([\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}\p{_}.:/=+-@]*)$

Required: Yes

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.
Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ProvisionedThroughputExceeded**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ServiceQuotaExceeded**

The size of the resource exceeds the allowed limit. For more information, see Guidelines and quotas in Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
See Also

- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
UntagResource

Removes one or more tags from an Amazon Rekognition collection, stream processor, or Custom Labels model.

This operation requires permissions to perform the rekognition:UntagResource action.

Request Syntax

```
{
    "ResourceArn": "string",
    "TagKeys": [ "string" ]
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

ResourceArn (p. 226)

Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the model, collection, or stream processor that you want to remove the tags from.

Type: String


Required: Yes

TagKeys (p. 226)

A list of the tags that you want to remove.

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 200 items.


Pattern: `^[^aws:][\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}_.:/=+\-@]*$`

Required: Yes

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.
HTTP Status Code: 400
**InternalServerError**

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500
**InvalidParameterException**

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400
**ProvisionedThroughputExceededException**

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400
**ResourceNotFoundException**

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400
**ThrottlingException**

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
UpdateDatasetEntries

Adds or updates one or more entries (images) in a dataset. An entry is a JSON Line which contains the information for a single image, including the image location, assigned labels, and object location bounding boxes. For more information, see Image-Level labels in manifest files and Object localization in manifest files.

If the `source-ref` field in the JSON line references an existing image, the existing image in the dataset is updated. If `source-ref` field doesn't reference an existing image, the image is added as a new image to the dataset.

You specify the changes that you want to make in the `Changes` input parameter. There isn't a limit to the number JSON Lines that you can change, but the size of `Changes` must be less than 5MB.

`UpdateDatasetEntries` returns immediately, but the dataset update might take a while to complete. Use `DescribeDataset` (p. 50) to check the current status. The dataset updated successfully if the value of `Status` is `UPDATE_COMPLETE`.

To check if any non-terminal errors occurred, call `ListDatasetEntries` (p. 150) and check for the presence of errors lists in the JSON Lines.

Dataset update fails if a terminal error occurs (`Status = UPDATE_FAILED`). Currently, you can't access the terminal error information from the Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels SDK.

This operation requires permissions to perform the `rekognition:UpdateDatasetEntries` action.

**Request Syntax**

```json
{
   "Changes": {
       "GroundTruth": blob
   },
   "DatasetArn": "string"
}
```

**Request Parameters**

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**Changes (p. 228)**

The changes that you want to make to the dataset.

Type: DatasetChanges (p. 258) object

Required: Yes

**DatasetArn (p. 228)**

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the dataset that you want to update.

Type: String

Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

AccessDeniedException

You are not authorized to perform the action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

InternalServerException

Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

InvalidParameterException

Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

LimitExceededException

An Amazon Rekognition service limit was exceeded. For example, if you start too many Amazon Rekognition Video jobs concurrently, calls to start operations (StartLabelDetection, for example) will raise a LimitExceededException exception (HTTP status code: 400) until the number of concurrently running jobs is below the Amazon Rekognition service limit.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceInUseException

The specified resource is already being used.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.
HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
UpdateStreamProcessor

Allows you to update a stream processor. You can change some settings and regions of interest and delete certain parameters.

Request Syntax

```json
{
    "DataSharingPreferenceForUpdate": {
        "OptIn": boolean
    },
    "Name": "string",
    "ParametersToDelete": ["string"],
    "RegionsOfInterestForUpdate": [
        {
            "BoundingBox": {
                "Height": number,
                "Left": number,
                "Top": number,
                "Width": number
            },
            "Polygon": [
                {
                    "X": number,
                    "Y": number
                }
            ]
        }
    ],
    "SettingsForUpdate": {
        "ConnectedHomeForUpdate": {
            "Labels": ["string"],
            "MinConfidence": number
        }
    }
}
```

Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see Common Parameters (p. 357).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

**DataSharingPreferenceForUpdate (p. 231)**

Shows whether you are sharing data with Rekognition to improve model performance. You can choose this option at the account level or on a per-stream basis. Note that if you opt out at the account level this setting is ignored on individual streams.

Type: StreamProcessorDataSharingPreference (p. 336) object

Required: No

**Name (p. 231)**

Name of the stream processor that you want to update.

Type: String
Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+
Required: Yes

**ParametersToDelete (p. 231)**
A list of parameters you want to delete from the stream processor.
Type: Array of strings
Valid Values: ConnectedHomeMinConfidence | RegionsOfInterest
Required: No

**RegionsOfInterestForUpdate (p. 231)**
Specifies locations in the frames where Amazon Rekognition checks for objects or people. This is an optional parameter for label detection stream processors.
Type: Array of RegionOfInterest (p. 320) objects
Array Members: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 10 items.
Required: No

**SettingsForUpdate (p. 231)**
The stream processor settings that you want to update. Label detection settings can be updated to detect different labels with a different minimum confidence.
Type: StreamProcessorSettingsForUpdate (p. 341) object
Required: No

**Response Elements**
If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

**Errors**
For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see Common Errors (p. 359).

**AccessDeniedException**
You are not authorized to perform the action.
HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalServerException**
Amazon Rekognition experienced a service issue. Try your call again.
HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidParameterException**
Input parameter violated a constraint. Validate your parameter before calling the API operation again.
HTTP Status Code: 400
ProvisionedThroughputExceededException

The number of requests exceeded your throughput limit. If you want to increase this limit, contact Amazon Rekognition.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ResourceNotFoundException

The resource specified in the request cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ThrottlingException

Amazon Rekognition is temporarily unable to process the request. Try your call again.

HTTP Status Code: 500

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS Command Line Interface
- AWS SDK for .NET
- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for JavaScript
- AWS SDK for PHP V3
- AWS SDK for Python
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Data Types

The Amazon Rekognition API contains several data types that various actions use. This section describes each data type in detail.

Note
The order of each element in a data type structure is not guaranteed. Applications should not assume a particular order.

The following data types are supported:

- AgeRange (p. 237)
- Asset (p. 238)
- AudioMetadata (p. 239)
- Beard (p. 240)
- BlackFrame (p. 241)
- BoundingBox (p. 242)
- Celebrity (p. 244)
- CelebrityDetail (p. 246)
- CelebrityRecognition (p. 248)
- ComparedFace (p. 249)
- ComparedSourceImageFace (p. 251)
- CompareFacesMatch (p. 252)
- ConnectedHomeSettings (p. 253)
- ConnectedHomeSettingsForUpdate (p. 254)
- ContentModerationDetection (p. 255)
- CoversBodyPart (p. 256)
- CustomLabel (p. 257)
- DatasetChanges (p. 258)
- DatasetDescription (p. 259)
- DatasetLabelDescription (p. 261)
- DatasetLabelStats (p. 262)
- DatasetMetadata (p. 263)
- DatasetSource (p. 265)
- DatasetStats (p. 266)
- DetectionFilter (p. 267)
- DetectTextFilters (p. 268)
- DistributeDataset (p. 269)
- Emotion (p. 270)
- EquipmentDetection (p. 271)
- EvaluationResult (p. 272)
- Eyeglasses (p. 273)
- EyeOpen (p. 274)
- Face (p. 275)
- FaceDetail (p. 277)
- FaceDetection (p. 280)
- FaceMatch (p. 281)
- FaceRecord (p. 282)
- FaceSearchSettings (p. 283)
- Gender (p. 284)
- Geometry (p. 285)
- GroundTruthManifest (p. 286)
- HumanLoopActivationOutput (p. 287)
- HumanLoopConfig (p. 288)
- HumanLoopDataAttributes (p. 289)
- Image (p. 290)
- ImageQuality (p. 291)
- Instance (p. 292)
- KinesisDataStream (p. 293)
- KinesisVideoStream (p. 294)
- KinesisVideoStreamStartSelector (p. 295)
- KnownGender (p. 296)
- Label (p. 297)
- LabelDetection (p. 298)
- Landmark (p. 299)
- ModerationLabel (p. 300)
- MouthOpen (p. 301)
- Mustache (p. 302)
- NotificationChannel (p. 303)
- OutputConfig (p. 304)
- Parent (p. 305)
- PersonDetail (p. 306)
- PersonDetection (p. 307)
- PersonMatch (p. 308)
- Point (p. 309)
- Pose (p. 310)
- ProjectDescription (p. 311)
- ProjectVersionDescription (p. 312)
- ProtectiveEquipmentBodyPart (p. 315)
- ProtectiveEquipmentPerson (p. 316)
- ProtectiveEquipmentSummarizationAttributes (p. 317)
- ProtectiveEquipmentSummary (p. 318)
- RegionOfInterest (p. 320)
- S3Destination (p. 321)
- S3Object (p. 322)
- SegmentDetection (p. 323)
- SegmentTypeInfo (p. 326)
- ShotSegment (p. 327)
- Smile (p. 328)
- StartSegmentDetectionFilters (p. 329)
- StartShotDetectionFilter (p. 330)
- StartTechnicalCueDetectionFilter (p. 331)
- StartTextDetectionFilters (p. 332)
- StreamProcessingStartSelector (p. 333)
- StreamProcessingStopSelector (p. 334)
- StreamProcessor (p. 335)
- StreamProcessorDataSharingPreference (p. 336)
- StreamProcessorInput (p. 337)
- StreamProcessorNotificationChannel (p. 338)
- StreamProcessorOutput (p. 339)
- StreamProcessorSettings (p. 340)
- StreamProcessorSettingsForUpdate (p. 341)
- Summary (p. 342)
- Sunglasses (p. 343)
- TechnicalCueSegment (p. 344)
- TestingData (p. 345)
- TestingDataResult (p. 346)
- TextDetection (p. 347)
- TextDetectionResult (p. 349)
- TrainingData (p. 350)
- TrainingDataResult (p. 351)
- UnindexedFace (p. 352)
- ValidationData (p. 353)
- Video (p. 354)
- VideoMetadata (p. 355)
AgeRange

Structure containing the estimated age range, in years, for a face.

Amazon Rekognition estimates an age range for faces detected in the input image. Estimated age ranges can overlap. A face of a 5-year-old might have an estimated range of 4-6, while the face of a 6-year-old might have an estimated range of 4-8.

Contents

High

The highest estimated age.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

Low

The lowest estimated age.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Asset

Assets are the images that you use to train and evaluate a model version. Assets can also contain validation information that you use to debug a failed model training.

Contents

GroundTruthManifest

The S3 bucket that contains an Amazon Sagemaker Ground Truth format manifest file.

Type: GroundTruthManifest (p. 286) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
**AudioMetadata**

Metadata information about an audio stream. An array of AudioMetadata objects for the audio streams found in a stored video is returned by GetSegmentDetection (p. 129).

**Contents**

**Codec**

The audio codec used to encode or decode the audio stream.

Type: String

Required: No

**DurationMillis**

The duration of the audio stream in milliseconds.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

**NumberOfChannels**

The number of audio channels in the segment.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

**SampleRate**

The sample rate for the audio stream.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Beard

Indicates whether or not the face has a beard, and the confidence level in the determination.

Contents

Confidence

Level of confidence in the determination.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Value

Boolean value that indicates whether the face has beard or not.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
BlackFrame

A filter that allows you to control the black frame detection by specifying the black levels and pixel coverage of black pixels in a frame. As videos can come from multiple sources, formats, and time periods, they may contain different standards and varying noise levels for black frames that need to be accounted for. For more information, see StartSegmentDetection (p. 207).

Contents

MaxPixelThreshold

A threshold used to determine the maximum luminance value for a pixel to be considered black. In a full color range video, luminance values range from 0-255. A pixel value of 0 is pure black, and the most strict filter. The maximum black pixel value is computed as follows: \( \text{max\_black\_pixel\_value} = \text{minimum\_luminance} + \text{MaxPixelThreshold} \times \text{luminance\_range} \).

For example, for a full range video with BlackPixelThreshold = 0.1, \( \text{max\_black\_pixel\_value} = 0 + 0.1 \times (255-0) = 25.5 \).

The default value of MaxPixelThreshold is 0.2, which maps to a \( \text{max\_black\_pixel\_value} \) of 51 for a full range video. You can lower this threshold to be more strict on black levels.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 1.

Required: No

MinCoveragePercentage

The minimum percentage of pixels in a frame that need to have a luminance below the \( \text{max\_black\_pixel\_value} \) for a frame to be considered a black frame. Luminance is calculated using the BT.709 matrix.

The default value is 99, which means at least 99% of all pixels in the frame are black pixels as per the MaxPixelThreshold set. You can reduce this value to allow more noise on the black frame.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
BoundingBox

Identifies the bounding box around the label, face, text, object of interest, or personal protective equipment. The left (x-coordinate) and top (y-coordinate) are coordinates representing the top and left sides of the bounding box. Note that the upper-left corner of the image is the origin (0,0).

The top and left values returned are ratios of the overall image size. For example, if the input image is 700x200 pixels, and the top-left coordinate of the bounding box is 350x50 pixels, the API returns a left value of 0.5 (350/700) and a top value of 0.25 (50/200).

The width and height values represent the dimensions of the bounding box as a ratio of the overall image dimension. For example, if the input image is 700x200 pixels, and the bounding box width is 70 pixels, the width returned is 0.1.

**Note**

The bounding box coordinates can have negative values. For example, if Amazon Rekognition is able to detect a face that is at the image edge and is only partially visible, the service can return coordinates that are outside the image bounds and, depending on the image edge, you might get negative values or values greater than 1 for the left or top values.

**Contents**

**Height**

Height of the bounding box as a ratio of the overall image height.

Type: Float  
Required: No

**Left**

Left coordinate of the bounding box as a ratio of overall image width.

Type: Float  
Required: No

**Top**

Top coordinate of the bounding box as a ratio of overall image height.

Type: Float  
Required: No

**Width**

Width of the bounding box as a ratio of the overall image width.

Type: Float  
Required: No

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Celebrity

Provides information about a celebrity recognized by the RecognizeCelebrities (p. 166) operation.

Contents

Face

Provides information about the celebrity's face, such as its location on the image.

Type: ComparedFace (p. 249) object

Required: No

Id

A unique identifier for the celebrity.

Type: String

Pattern: [0-9A-Za-z]*

Required: No

KnownGender

The known gender identity for the celebrity that matches the provided ID. The known gender identity can be Male, Female, Nonbinary, or Unlisted.

Type: KnownGender (p. 296) object

Required: No

MatchConfidence

The confidence, in percentage, that Amazon Rekognition has that the recognized face is the celebrity.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Name

The name of the celebrity.

Type: String

Required: No

Urls

An array of URLs pointing to additional information about the celebrity. If there is no additional information about the celebrity, this list is empty.

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 255 items.

Required: No
See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
CelebrityDetail

Information about a recognized celebrity.

Contents

BoundingBox

Bounding box around the body of a celebrity.

Type: BoundingBox (p. 242) object

Required: No

Confidence

The confidence, in percentage, that Amazon Rekognition has that the recognized face is the celebrity.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Face

Face details for the recognized celebrity.

Type: FaceDetail (p. 277) object

Required: No

Id

The unique identifier for the celebrity.

Type: String

Pattern: [0-9A-Za-z]*

Required: No

KnownGender

Retrieves the known gender for the celebrity.

Type: KnownGender (p. 296) object

Required: No

Name

The name of the celebrity.

Type: String

Required: No

Urls

An array of URLs pointing to additional celebrity information.

Type: Array of strings
Array Members: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 255 items.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
CelebrityRecognition

Information about a detected celebrity and the time the celebrity was detected in a stored video. For more information, see GetCelebrityRecognition (p. 98).

Contents

Celebrity

Information about a recognized celebrity.

Type: CelebrityDetail (p. 246) object

Required: No

Timestamp

The time, in milliseconds from the start of the video, that the celebrity was recognized.

Type: Long

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ComparedFace

Provides face metadata for target image faces that are analyzed by CompareFaces and RecognizeCelebrities.

Contents

BoundingBox

Bounding box of the face.

Type: BoundingBox (p. 242) object

Required: No

Confidence

Level of confidence that what the bounding box contains is a face.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Emotions

The emotions that appear to be expressed on the face, and the confidence level in the determination. Valid values include "Happy", "Sad", "Angry", "Confused", "Disgusted", "Surprised", "Calm", "Unknown", and "Fear".

Type: Array of Emotion (p. 270) objects

Required: No

Landmarks

An array of facial landmarks.

Type: Array of Landmark (p. 299) objects

Required: No

Pose

Indicates the pose of the face as determined by its pitch, roll, and yaw.

Type: Pose (p. 310) object

Required: No

Quality

Identifies face image brightness and sharpness.

Type: ImageQuality (p. 291) object

Required: No

Smile

Indicates whether or not the face is smiling, and the confidence level in the determination.

Type: Smile (p. 328) object
Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ComparedSourceImageFace

Type that describes the face Amazon Rekognition chose to compare with the faces in the target. This contains a bounding box for the selected face and confidence level that the bounding box contains a face. Note that Amazon Rekognition selects the largest face in the source image for this comparison.

Contents

BoundingBox

BoundingBox of the face.

Type: BoundingBox (p. 242) object

Required: No

Confidence

Confidence level that the selected bounding box contains a face.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
CompareFacesMatch

Provides information about a face in a target image that matches the source image face analyzed by CompareFaces. The Face property contains the bounding box of the face in the target image. The Similarity property is the confidence that the source image face matches the face in the bounding box.

Contents

Face

Provides face metadata (bounding box and confidence that the bounding box actually contains a face).

Type: ComparedFace (p. 249) object

Required: No

Similarity

Level of confidence that the faces match.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ConnectedHomeSettings

Label detection settings to use on a streaming video. Defining the settings is required in the request parameter for CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26). Including this setting in the CreateStreamProcessor request enables you to use the stream processor for label detection. You can then select what you want the stream processor to detect, such as people or pets. When the stream processor has started, one notification is sent for each object class specified. For example, if packages and pets are selected, one SNS notification is published the first time a package is detected and one SNS notification is published the first time a pet is detected, as well as an end-of-session summary.

Contents

Labels

Specifies what you want to detect in the video, such as people, packages, or pets. The current valid labels you can include in this list are: "PERSON", "PET", "PACKAGE", and "ALL".

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 128 items.

Required: Yes

MinConfidence

The minimum confidence required to label an object in the video.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ConnectedHomeSettingsForUpdate

The label detection settings you want to use in your stream processor. This includes the labels you want the stream processor to detect and the minimum confidence level allowed to label objects.

Contents

Labels

Specifies what you want to detect in the video, such as people, packages, or pets. The current valid labels you can include in this list are: "PERSON", "PET", "PACKAGE", and "ALL".

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 128 items.

Required: No

MinConfidence

The minimum confidence required to label an object in the video.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ContentModerationDetection

Information about an inappropriate, unwanted, or offensive content label detection in a stored video.

Contents

ModerationLabel

The content moderation label detected by in the stored video.

Type: ModerationLabel (p. 300) object

Required: No

Timestamp

Time, in milliseconds from the beginning of the video, that the content moderation label was detected.

Type: Long

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
CoversBodyPart

Information about an item of Personal Protective Equipment covering a corresponding body part. For more information, see DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85).

Contents

Confidence

The confidence that Amazon Rekognition has in the value of Value.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Value

True if the PPE covers the corresponding body part, otherwise false.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
CustomLabel

A custom label detected in an image by a call to DetectCustomLabels (p. 66).

Contents

Confidence

The confidence that the model has in the detection of the custom label. The range is 0-100. A higher value indicates a higher confidence.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Geometry

The location of the detected object on the image that corresponds to the custom label. Includes an axis aligned coarse bounding box surrounding the object and a finer grain polygon for more accurate spatial information.

Type: Geometry (p. 285) object

Required: No

Name

The name of the custom label.

Type: String

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DatasetChanges

Describes updates or additions to a dataset. A single update or addition is an entry (JSON Line) that provides information about a single image. To update an existing entry, you match the `source-ref` field of the update entry with the `source-ref` field of the entry that you want to update. If the `source-ref` field doesn't match an existing entry, the entry is added to dataset as a new entry.

Contents

GroundTruth

A Base64-encoded binary data object containing one or JSON lines that either update the dataset or are additions to the dataset. You change a dataset by calling `UpdateDatasetEntries` (p. 228). If you are using an AWS SDK to call `UpdateDatasetEntries`, you don't need to encode `Changes` as the SDK encodes the data for you.

For example JSON lines, see Image-Level labels in manifest files and Object localization in manifest files.

Type: Base64-encoded binary data object


Required: Yes

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DatasetDescription

A description for a dataset. For more information, see DescribeDataset (p. 50).

The status fields Status, StatusMessage, and StatusMessageCode reflect the last operation on the dataset.

Contents

CreationTimestamp

The Unix timestamp for the time and date that the dataset was created.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

DatasetStats

The status message code for the dataset.

Type: DatasetStats (p. 266) object

Required: No

LastUpdatedTimestamp

The Unix timestamp for the date and time that the dataset was last updated.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

Status

The status of the dataset.

Type: String

Valid Values: CREATE_IN_PROGRESS | CREATE_COMPLETE | CREATE_FAILED | UPDATE_IN_PROGRESS | UPDATE_COMPLETE | UPDATE_FAILED | DELETE_IN_PROGRESS

Required: No

StatusLabel

The status message for the dataset.

Type: String

Required: No

StatusMessageCode

The status message code for the dataset operation. If a service error occurs, try the API call again later. If a client error occurs, check the input parameters to the dataset API call that failed.

Type: String

Valid Values: SUCCESS | SERVICE_ERROR | CLIENT_ERROR

Required: No
See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DatasetLabelDescription

Describes a dataset label. For more information, see ListDatasetLabels (p. 154).

Contents

**LabelName**

The name of the label.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: . {1,}

Required: No

**LabelStats**

Statistics about the label.

Type: DatasetLabelStats (p. 262) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DatasetLabelStats

Statistics about a label used in a dataset. For more information, see DatasetLabelDescription (p. 261).

Contents

BoundingBoxCount

The total number of images that have the label assigned to a bounding box.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

EntryCount

The total number of images that use the label.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DatasetMetadata

Summary information for an Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels dataset. For more information, see ProjectDescription (p. 311).

Contents

CreationTimestamp

The Unix timestamp for the date and time that the dataset was created.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

DatasetArn

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for the dataset.

Type: String


Pattern: (^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:[d12]:project\/[a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]{1,255}\/dataset\/(train|test)\/[0-9]+$)

Required: No

DatasetType

The type of the dataset.

Type: String

Valid Values: TRAIN | TEST

Required: No

Status

The status for the dataset.

Type: String

Valid Values: CREATE_IN_PROGRESS | CREATE_COMPLETE | CREATE_FAILED | UPDATE_IN_PROGRESS | UPDATE_COMPLETE | UPDATE_FAILED | DELETE_IN_PROGRESS

Required: No

StatusMessage

The status message for the dataset.

Type: String

Required: No

StatusMessageCode

The status message code for the dataset operation. If a service error occurs, try the API call again later. If a client error occurs, check the input parameters to the dataset API call that failed.

Type: String
Valid Values: SUCCESS | SERVICE_ERROR | CLIENT_ERROR

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DatasetSource

The source that Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels uses to create a dataset. To use an Amazon Sagemaker format manifest file, specify the S3 bucket location in the GroundTruthManifest field. The S3 bucket must be in your AWS account. To create a copy of an existing dataset, specify the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of an existing dataset in DatasetArn.

You need to specify a value for DatasetArn or GroundTruthManifest, but not both. If you supply both values, or if you don't specify any values, an InvalidParameterException exception occurs.

For more information, see CreateDataset (p. 14).

Contents

DatasetArn

The ARN of an Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels dataset that you want to copy.

Type: String


Pattern: (^arn:[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:[a-z\d-]+:\d{12}:project\/[a-zA-Z0-9-._\-]{1,255}/dataset/(train|test)/[0-9]+\$)

Required: No

GroundTruthManifest

The S3 bucket that contains an Amazon Sagemaker Ground Truth format manifest file.

Type: GroundTruthManifest (p. 286) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DatasetStats

Provides statistics about a dataset. For more information, see DescribeDataset (p. 50).

Contents

ErrorEntries
The total number of entries that contain at least one error.
Type: Integer
Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.
Required: No

LabeledEntries
The total number of images in the dataset that have labels.
Type: Integer
Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.
Required: No

TotalEntries
The total number of images in the dataset.
Type: Integer
Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.
Required: No

TotalLabels
The total number of labels declared in the dataset.
Type: Integer
Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.
Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DetectionFilter

A set of parameters that allow you to filter out certain results from your returned results.

Contents

MinBoundingBoxHeight

Sets the minimum height of the word bounding box. Words with bounding box heights lesser than this value will be excluded from the result. Value is relative to the video frame height.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 1.

Required: No

MinBoundingBoxWidth

Sets the minimum width of the word bounding box. Words with bounding boxes widths lesser than this value will be excluded from the result. Value is relative to the video frame width.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 1.

Required: No

MinConfidence

Sets the confidence of word detection. Words with detection confidence below this will be excluded from the result. Values should be between 0 and 100. The default MinConfidence is 80.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DetectTextFilters

A set of optional parameters that you can use to set the criteria that the text must meet to be included in your response. WordFilter looks at a word's height, width, and minimum confidence. RegionOfInterest lets you set a specific region of the image to look for text in.

Contents

RegionsOfInterest

A Filter focusing on a certain area of the image. Uses a BoundingBox object to set the region of the image.

Type: Array of RegionOfInterest (p. 320) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 10 items.

Required: No

WordFilter

A set of parameters that allow you to filter out certain results from your returned results.

Type: DetectionFilter (p. 267) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
DistributeDataset

A training dataset or a test dataset used in a dataset distribution operation. For more information, see DistributeDatasetEntries (p. 93).

Contents

Arn

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the dataset that you want to use.

Type: String


Pattern: (^arn:\[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:\[a-z\d-]+:\d{12}:project\/[a-zA-Z0-9_.-]{1,255}/dataset/(train|test)/(0-9)+$)

Required: Yes

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Emotion

The emotions that appear to be expressed on the face, and the confidence level in the determination. The API is only making a determination of the physical appearance of a person's face. It is not a determination of the person's internal emotional state and should not be used in such a way. For example, a person pretending to have a sad face might not be sad emotionally.

Contents

Confidence

Level of confidence in the determination.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Type

Type of emotion detected.

Type: String

Valid Values: HAPPY | SAD | ANGRY | CONFUSED | DISGUSTED | SURPRISED | CALM | UNKNOWN | FEAR

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
EquipmentDetection

Information about an item of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) detected by DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85). For more information, see DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85).

Contents

BoundingBox

A bounding box surrounding the item of detected PPE.

Type: BoundingBox (p. 242) object

Required: No

Confidence

The confidence that Amazon Rekognition has that the bounding box (BoundingBox) contains an item of PPE.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

CoversBodyPart

Information about the body part covered by the detected PPE.

Type: CoversBodyPart (p. 256) object

Required: No

Type

The type of detected PPE.

Type: String

Valid Values: FACE_COVER | HAND_COVER | HEAD_COVER

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
EvaluationResult

The evaluation results for the training of a model.

Contents

F1Score

The F1 score for the evaluation of all labels. The F1 score metric evaluates the overall precision and recall performance of the model as a single value. A higher value indicates better precision and recall performance. A lower score indicates that precision, recall, or both are performing poorly.

Type: Float
Required: No

Summary

The S3 bucket that contains the training summary.

Type: Summary (p. 342) object
Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
**Eyeglasses**

Indicates whether or not the face is wearing eye glasses, and the confidence level in the determination.

**Contents**

**Confidence**

Level of confidence in the determination.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

**Value**

Boolean value that indicates whether the face is wearing eye glasses or not.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
EyeOpen

Indicates whether or not the eyes on the face are open, and the confidence level in the determination.

**Contents**

**Confidence**

- Level of confidence in the determination.
  - Type: Float
  - Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.
  - Required: No

**Value**

- Boolean value that indicates whether the eyes on the face are open.
  - Type: Boolean
  - Required: No

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Face

Describes the face properties such as the bounding box, face ID, image ID of the input image, and external image ID that you assigned.

Contents

BoundingBox

Bounding box of the face.

Type: BoundingBox (p. 242) object

Required: No

Confidence

Confidence level that the bounding box contains a face (and not a different object such as a tree).

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

ExternalImageId

Identifier that you assign to all the faces in the input image.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-:]+

Required: No

FaceId

Unique identifier that Amazon Rekognition assigns to the face.

Type: String

Pattern: [0-9a-f]{8}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{12}

Required: No

ImageId

Unique identifier that Amazon Rekognition assigns to the input image.

Type: String

Pattern: [0-9a-f]{8}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{12}

Required: No

IndexFacesModelVersion

The version of the face detect and storage model that was used when indexing the face vector.

Type: String

Pattern: [0-9\.]+
Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
FaceDetail

Structure containing attributes of the face that the algorithm detected.

A FaceDetail object contains either the default facial attributes or all facial attributes. The default attributes are BoundingBox, Confidence, Landmarks, Pose, and Quality.

GetFaceDetection (p. 108) is the only Amazon Rekognition Video stored video operation that can return a FaceDetail object with all attributes. To specify which attributes to return, use the FaceAttributes input parameter for StartFaceDetection (p. 188). The following Amazon Rekognition Video operations return only the default attributes. The corresponding Start operations don't have a FaceAttributes input parameter.

- GetCelebrityRecognition
- GetPersonTracking
- GetFaceSearch

The Amazon Rekognition Image DetectFaces (p. 71) and IndexFaces (p. 138) operations can return all facial attributes. To specify which attributes to return, use the Attributes input parameter for DetectFaces. For IndexFaces, use the DetectAttributes input parameter.

Contents

AgeRange

The estimated age range, in years, for the face. Low represents the lowest estimated age and High represents the highest estimated age.

Type: AgeRange (p. 237) object

Required: No

Beard

Indicates whether or not the face has a beard, and the confidence level in the determination.

Type: Beard (p. 240) object

Required: No

BoundingBox

Bounding box of the face. Default attribute.

Type: BoundingBox (p. 242) object

Required: No

Confidence

Confidence level that the bounding box contains a face (and not a different object such as a tree). Default attribute.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No
Emotions

The emotions that appear to be expressed on the face, and the confidence level in the determination. The API is only making a determination of the physical appearance of a person's face. It is not a determination of the person's internal emotional state and should not be used in such a way. For example, a person pretending to have a sad face might not be sad emotionally.

Type: Array of Emotion (p. 270) objects
Required: No

Eyeglasses

Indicates whether or not the face is wearing eye glasses, and the confidence level in the determination.

Type: Eyeglasses (p. 273) object
Required: No

EyesOpen

Indicates whether or not the eyes on the face are open, and the confidence level in the determination.

Type: EyeOpen (p. 274) object
Required: No

Gender

The predicted gender of a detected face.

Type: Gender (p. 284) object
Required: No

Landmarks

Indicates the location of landmarks on the face. Default attribute.

Type: Array of Landmark (p. 299) objects
Required: No

MouthOpen

Indicates whether or not the mouth on the face is open, and the confidence level in the determination.

Type: MouthOpen (p. 301) object
Required: No

Mustache

Indicates whether or not the face has a mustache, and the confidence level in the determination.

Type: Mustache (p. 302) object
Required: No

Pose

Indicates the pose of the face as determined by its pitch, roll, and yaw. Default attribute.

Type: Pose (p. 310) object
Required: No

**Quality**

Identifies image brightness and sharpness. Default attribute.

Type: `ImageQuality (p. 291)` object

Required: No

**Smile**

Indicates whether or not the face is smiling, and the confidence level in the determination.

Type: `Smile (p. 328)` object

Required: No

**Sunglasses**

Indicates whether or not the face is wearing sunglasses, and the confidence level in the determination.

Type: `Sunglasses (p. 343)` object

Required: No

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
FaceDetection

Information about a face detected in a video analysis request and the time the face was detected in the video.

Contents

**Face**

The face properties for the detected face.

Type: FaceDetail (p. 277) object

Required: No

**Timestamp**

Time, in milliseconds from the start of the video, that the face was detected.

Type: Long

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
FaceMatch

Provides face metadata. In addition, it also provides the confidence in the match of this face with the input face.

Contents

Face

Describes the face properties such as the bounding box, face ID, image ID of the source image, and external image ID that you assigned.

Type: Face (p. 275) object

Required: No

Similarity

Confidence in the match of this face with the input face.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
FaceRecord

Object containing both the face metadata (stored in the backend database), and facial attributes that are detected but aren't stored in the database.

Contents

Face

Describes the face properties such as the bounding box, face ID, image ID of the input image, and external image ID that you assigned.

Type: Face (p. 275) object

Required: No

FaceDetail

Structure containing attributes of the face that the algorithm detected.

Type: FaceDetail (p. 277) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
FaceSearchSettings

Input face recognition parameters for an Amazon Rekognition stream processor. Includes the collection
to use for face recognition and the face attributes to detect. Defining the settings is required in the
request parameter for CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26).

Contents

**CollectionId**

The ID of a collection that contains faces that you want to search for.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 255.

Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+

Required: No

**FaceMatchThreshold**

Minimum face match confidence score that must be met to return a result for a recognized face. The
default is 80. 0 is the lowest confidence. 100 is the highest confidence. Values between 0 and 100
are accepted, and values lower than 80 are set to 80.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Gender

The predicted gender of a detected face.

Amazon Rekognition makes gender binary (male/female) predictions based on the physical appearance of a face in a particular image. This kind of prediction is not designed to categorize a person's gender identity, and you shouldn't use Amazon Rekognition to make such a determination. For example, a male actor wearing a long-haired wig and earrings for a role might be predicted as female.

Using Amazon Rekognition to make gender binary predictions is best suited for use cases where aggregate gender distribution statistics need to be analyzed without identifying specific users. For example, the percentage of female users compared to male users on a social media platform.

We don't recommend using gender binary predictions to make decisions that impact an individual's rights, privacy, or access to services.

Contents

Confidence

Level of confidence in the prediction.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Value

The predicted gender of the face.

Type: String

Valid Values: Male | Female

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Geometry

Information about where an object (DetectCustomLabels (p. 66)) or text (DetectText (p. 89)) is located on an image.

Contents

BoundingBox

An axis-aligned coarse representation of the detected item's location on the image.

Type: BoundingBox (p. 242) object

Required: No

Polygon

Within the bounding box, a fine-grained polygon around the detected item.

Type: Array of Point (p. 309) objects

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
GroundTruthManifest

The S3 bucket that contains an Amazon SageMaker Ground Truth format manifest file.

Contents

S3Object

Provides the S3 bucket name and object name.

The region for the S3 bucket containing the S3 object must match the region you use for Amazon Rekognition operations.

For Amazon Rekognition to process an S3 object, the user must have permission to access the S3 object. For more information, see How Amazon Rekognition works with IAM.

Type: S3Object (p. 322) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
HumanLoopActivationOutput

Shows the results of the human in the loop evaluation. If there is no HumanLoopArn, the input did not trigger human review.

Contents

HumanLoopActivationConditionsEvaluationResults

Shows the result of condition evaluations, including those conditions which activated a human review.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 10240.

Required: No

HumanLoopActivationReasons

Shows if and why human review was needed.

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item.

Required: No

HumanLoopArn

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the HumanLoop created.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 256.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
HumanLoopConfig

Sets up the flow definition the image will be sent to if one of the conditions is met. You can also set certain attributes of the image before review.

Contents

DataAttributes
Sets attributes of the input data.

Type: HumanLoopDataAttributes (p. 289) object

Required: No

FlowDefinitionArn
The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the flow definition. You can create a flow definition by using the Amazon Sagemaker CreateFlowDefinition Operation.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 256.

Required: Yes

HumanLoopName
The name of the human review used for this image. This should be kept unique within a region.

Type: String


Pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9](-*[a-zA-Z0-9]*)*

Required: Yes

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
HumanLoopDataAttributes

Allows you to set attributes of the image. Currently, you can declare an image as free of personally identifiable information.

Contents

ContentClassifiers

Sets whether the input image is free of personally identifiable information.

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Maximum number of 256 items.

Valid Values: `FreeOfPersonallyIdentifiableInformation` | `FreeOfAdultContent`

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Image

Provides the input image either as bytes or an S3 object.

You pass image bytes to an Amazon Rekognition API operation by using the `Bytes` property. For example, you would use the `Bytes` property to pass an image loaded from a local file system. Image bytes passed by using the `Bytes` property must be base64-encoded. Your code may not need to encode image bytes if you are using an AWS SDK to call Amazon Rekognition API operations.

For more information, see Analyzing an image loaded from a local file system.

You pass images stored in an S3 bucket to an Amazon Rekognition API operation by using the `S3Object` property. Images stored in an S3 bucket do not need to be base64-encoded.

The region for the S3 bucket containing the S3 object must match the region you use for Amazon Rekognition operations.

If you use the AWS CLI to call Amazon Rekognition operations, passing image bytes using the `Bytes` property is not supported. You must first upload the image to an Amazon S3 bucket and then call the operation using the `S3Object` property.

For Amazon Rekognition to process an S3 object, the user must have permission to access the S3 object. For more information, see How Amazon Rekognition works with IAM.

Contents

**Bytes**

Blob of image bytes up to 5 MBs.

Type: Base64-encoded binary data object


Required: No

**S3Object**

Identifies an S3 object as the image source.

Type: `S3Object (p. 322)` object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ImageQuality

ImagesQuality

Identifies face image brightness and sharpness.

Contents

Brightness

Value representing brightness of the face. The service returns a value between 0 and 100 (inclusive). A higher value indicates a brighter face image.

Type: Float

Required: No

Sharpness

Value representing sharpness of the face. The service returns a value between 0 and 100 (inclusive). A higher value indicates a sharper face image.

Type: Float

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Instance

An instance of a label returned by Amazon Rekognition Image (DetectLabels (p. 76)) or by Amazon Rekognition Video (GetLabelDetection (p. 119)).

Contents

BoundingBox

The position of the label instance on the image.

Type: BoundingBox (p. 242) object

Required: No

Confidence

The confidence that Amazon Rekognition has in the accuracy of the bounding box.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
KinesisDataStream

The Kinesis data stream Amazon Rekognition to which the analysis results of a Amazon Rekognition stream processor are streamed. For more information, see CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26).

Contents

Arn

ARN of the output Amazon Kinesis Data Streams stream.

Type: String

Pattern: (^arn:([a-z\d-]+):kinesis([a-z\d-]+):\d{12}:.+$)

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
KinesisVideoStream

Kinesis video stream stream that provides the source streaming video for a Amazon Rekognition Video stream processor. For more information, see CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26).

Contents

Arn

ARN of the Kinesis video stream stream that streams the source video.

Type: String

Pattern: (^arn:[\[a-z\d-]+]:kinesisvideo:[\[a-z\d-]+]:\d{12}:.+$)

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
KinesisVideoStreamStartSelector

Specifies the starting point in a Kinesis stream to start processing. You can use the producer timestamp or the fragment number. For more information, see Fragment.

Contents

FragmentNumber

The unique identifier of the fragment. This value monotonically increases based on the ingestion order.

Type: String


Pattern: ^[0-9]+$

Required: No

ProducerTimestamp

The timestamp from the producer corresponding to the fragment.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
**KnownGender**

The known gender identity for the celebrity that matches the provided ID. The known gender identity can be Male, Female, Nonbinary, or Unlisted.

**Contents**

**Type**

A string value of the KnownGender info about the Celebrity.

Type: String

Valid Values: Male | Female | Nonbinary | Unlisted

Required: No

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Label

Structure containing details about the detected label, including the name, detected instances, parent labels, and level of confidence.

Contents

Confidence
Level of confidence.
Type: Float
Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.
Required: No

Instances
If Label represents an object, Instances contains the bounding boxes for each instance of the detected object. Bounding boxes are returned for common object labels such as people, cars, furniture, apparel or pets.
Type: Array of Instance (p. 292) objects
Required: No

Name
The name (label) of the object or scene.
Type: String
Required: No

Parents
The parent labels for a label. The response includes all ancestor labels.
Type: Array of Parent (p. 305) objects
Required: No

See Also
For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
LabelDetection

Information about a label detected in a video analysis request and the time the label was detected in the video.

Contents

Label

Details about the detected label.

Type: Label (p. 297) object

Required: No

Timestamp

Time, in milliseconds from the start of the video, that the label was detected.

Type: Long

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Landmark

Indicates the location of the landmark on the face.

Contents

Type

Type of landmark.

Type: String

Valid Values: eyeLeft | eyeRight | nose | mouthLeft | mouthRight | leftEyeBrowLeft | leftEyeBrowRight | leftEyeBrowUp | rightEyeBrowLeft | rightEyeBrowRight | rightEyeBrowUp | leftEyeLeft | leftEyeRight | leftEyeUp | leftEyeDown | rightEyeLeft | rightEyeRight | rightEyeUp | rightEyeDown | noseLeft | noseRight | mouthUp | mouthDown | leftPupil | rightPupil | upperJawlineLeft | midJawlineLeft | chinBottom | midJawlineRight | upperJawlineRight

Required: No

X

The x-coordinate of the landmark expressed as a ratio of the width of the image. The x-coordinate is measured from the left-side of the image. For example, if the image is 700 pixels wide and the x-coordinate of the landmark is at 350 pixels, this value is 0.5.

Type: Float

Required: No

Y

The y-coordinate of the landmark expressed as a ratio of the height of the image. The y-coordinate is measured from the top of the image. For example, if the image height is 200 pixels and the y-coordinate of the landmark is at 50 pixels, this value is 0.25.

Type: Float

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ModerationLabel

Provides information about a single type of inappropriate, unwanted, or offensive content found in an image or video. Each type of moderated content has a label within a hierarchical taxonomy. For a list of moderation labels in Amazon Rekognition, see Using the image and video moderation APIs. For more information, see Moderating content.

Contents

Confidence

Specifies the confidence that Amazon Rekognition has that the label has been correctly identified.

If you don't specify the MinConfidence parameter in the call to DetectModerationLabels, the operation returns labels with a confidence value greater than or equal to 50 percent.

Type: Float
Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.
Required: No

Name

The label name for the type of unsafe content detected in the image.

Type: String
Required: No

ParentName

The name for the parent label. Labels at the top level of the hierarchy have the parent label "".

Type: String
Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
MouthOpen

Indicates whether or not the mouth on the face is open, and the confidence level in the determination.

**Contents**

**Confidence**

Level of confidence in the determination.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

**Value**

Boolean value that indicates whether the mouth on the face is open or not.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Mustache

Indicates whether or not the face has a mustache, and the confidence level in the determination.

Contents

Confidence

Level of confidence in the determination.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Value

Boolean value that indicates whether the face has mustache or not.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
NotificationChannel

The Amazon Simple Notification Service topic to which Amazon Rekognition publishes the completion status of a video analysis operation. For more information, see Calling Amazon Rekognition Video operations. Note that the Amazon SNS topic must have a topic name that begins with AmazonRekognition if you are using the AmazonRekognitionServiceRole permissions policy to access the topic. For more information, see Giving access to multiple Amazon SNS topics.

Contents

RoleArn

The ARN of an IAM role that gives Amazon Rekognition publishing permissions to the Amazon SNS topic.

Type: String

Pattern: arn:aws:iam::\d{12}:role/\+[a-zA-Z_0-9+=,.@\-_]+

Required: Yes

SNSTopicArn

The Amazon SNS topic to which Amazon Rekognition posts the completion status.

Type: String

Pattern: (^arn:aws:sns:.+:\w{12}:++$)

Required: Yes

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
OutputConfig

The S3 bucket and folder location where training output is placed.

Contents

S3Bucket

The S3 bucket where training output is placed.

Type: String


Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9\-._]*

Required: No

S3KeyPrefix

The prefix applied to the training output files.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 1024.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Parent

A parent label for a label. A label can have 0, 1, or more parents.

Contents

Name

The name of the parent label.

Type: String

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
PersonDetail

Details about a person detected in a video analysis request.

Contents

BoundingBox

Bounding box around the detected person.

Type: BoundingBox (p. 242) object

Required: No

Face

Face details for the detected person.

Type: FaceDetail (p. 277) object

Required: No

Index

Identifier for the person detected person within a video. Use to keep track of the person throughout the video. The identifier is not stored by Amazon Rekognition.

Type: Long

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
PersonDetection

Details and path tracking information for a single time a person's path is tracked in a video. Amazon Rekognition operations that track people's paths return an array of PersonDetection objects with elements for each time a person's path is tracked in a video.

For more information, see GetPersonTracking (p. 124).

Contents

Person

Details about a person whose path was tracked in a video.

Type: PersonDetail (p. 306) object

Required: No

Timestamp

The time, in milliseconds from the start of the video, that the person's path was tracked.

Type: Long

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
PersonMatch

Information about a person whose face matches a face(s) in an Amazon Rekognition collection. Includes information about the faces in the Amazon Rekognition collection (FaceMatch (p. 281)), information about the person (PersonDetail (p. 306)), and the time stamp for when the person was detected in a video. An array of PersonMatch objects is returned by GetFaceSearch (p. 113).

Contents

FaceMatches

Information about the faces in the input collection that match the face of a person in the video.

Type: Array of FaceMatch (p. 281) objects

Required: No

Person

Information about the matched person.

Type: PersonDetail (p. 306) object

Required: No

Timestamp

The time, in milliseconds from the beginning of the video, that the person was matched in the video.

Type: Long

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Point

The X and Y coordinates of a point on an image or video frame. The X and Y values are ratios of the overall image size or video resolution. For example, if an input image is 700x200 and the values are X=0.5 and Y=0.25, then the point is at the (350,50) pixel coordinate on the image.

An array of Point objects, Polygon, is returned by DetectText (p. 89) and DetectCustomLabels (p. 66) or used to define regions of interest in Amazon Rekognition Video operations such as CreateStreamProcessor. Polygon represents a fine-grained polygon around a detected item. For more information, see Geometry (p. 285).

Contents

X

The value of the X coordinate for a point on a Polygon.

Type: Float

Required: No

Y

The value of the Y coordinate for a point on a Polygon.

Type: Float

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Pose

Indicates the pose of the face as determined by its pitch, roll, and yaw.

Contents

Pitch

Value representing the face rotation on the pitch axis.
Type: Float
Required: No

Roll

Value representing the face rotation on the roll axis.
Type: Float
Required: No

Yaw

Value representing the face rotation on the yaw axis.
Type: Float
Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
A description of an Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels project. For more information, see DescribeProjects (p. 53).

Contents

CreationTimestamp

The Unix timestamp for the date and time that the project was created.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

Datasets

Information about the training and test datasets in the project.

Type: Array of DatasetMetadata (p. 263) objects

Required: No

ProjectArn

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the project.

Type: String


Pattern: (^arn:[a-zA-Z0-9-]+:rekognition:[a-zA-Z0-9-]+:\d{12}:project\/[a-zA-Z0-9_.-]{1,255}\/[0-9]+$)

Required: No

Status

The current status of the project.

Type: String

Valid Values: CREATING | CREATED | DELETING

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ProjectVersionDescription

A description of a version of an Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels model.

Contents

**BillableTrainingTimeInSeconds**

The duration, in seconds, that you were billed for a successful training of the model version. This value is only returned if the model version has been successfully trained.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

**CreationTimestamp**

The Unix datetime for the date and time that training started.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

**EvaluationResult**

The training results. `EvaluationResult` is only returned if training is successful.

Type: `EvaluationResult (p. 272)` object

Required: No

**KmsKeyId**

The identifier for the AWS Key Management Service key (AWS KMS key) that was used to encrypt the model during training.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9:_/+=,@.-]{0,2048}$`

Required: No

**ManifestSummary**

The location of the summary manifest. The summary manifest provides aggregate data validation results for the training and test datasets.

Type: `GroundTruthManifest (p. 286)` object

Required: No

**MinInferenceUnits**

The minimum number of inference units used by the model. For more information, see `StartProjectVersion (p. 204)`.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.
Required: No

**OutputConfig**

The location where training results are saved.

Type: **OutputConfig (p. 304) object**

Required: No

**ProjectVersionArn**

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the model version.

Type: String


Pattern: (^arn:\[a-z\d-]+:rekognition:\[a-z\d-]+:\d{12}:project\/[a-zA-Z0-9_\-]{1,255}/version\/[a-zA-Z0-9_\-]{1,255}\/[0-9]+$)

Required: No

**Status**

The current status of the model version.

Type: String

Valid Values: TRAINING_IN_PROGRESS | TRAINING_COMPLETED | TRAINING_FAILED | STARTING | RUNNING | FAILED | STOPPING | STOPPED | DELETING

Required: No

**StatusMessage**

A descriptive message for an error or warning that occurred.

Type: String

Required: No

**TestingDataResult**

Contains information about the testing results.

Type: **TestingDataResult (p. 346) object**

Required: No

**TrainingDataResult**

Contains information about the training results.

Type: **TrainingDataResult (p. 351) object**

Required: No

**TrainingEndTimestamp**

The Unix date and time that training of the model ended.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No
See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ProtectiveEquipmentBodyPart

Information about a body part detected by DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85) that contains PPE. An array of ProtectiveEquipmentBodyPart objects is returned for each person detected by DetectProtectiveEquipment.

Contents

Confidence

The confidence that Amazon Rekognition has in the detection accuracy of the detected body part.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

EquipmentDetections

An array of Personal Protective Equipment items detected around a body part.

Type: Array of EquipmentDetection (p. 271) objects

Required: No

Name

The detected body part.

Type: String

Valid Values: FACE | HEAD | LEFT_HAND | RIGHT_HAND

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
A person detected by a call to `DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85)`. The API returns all persons detected in the input image in an array of `ProtectiveEquipmentPerson` objects.

**Contents**

**BodyParts**

An array of body parts detected on a person's body (including body parts without PPE).

Type: Array of `ProtectiveEquipmentBodyPart (p. 315)` objects

Required: No

**BoundingBox**

A bounding box around the detected person.

Type: `BoundingBox (p. 242)` object

Required: No

**Confidence**

The confidence that Amazon Rekognition has that the bounding box contains a person.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

**Id**

The identifier for the detected person. The identifier is only unique for a single call to `DetectProtectiveEquipment`.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ProtectiveEquipmentSummarizationAttributes

Specifies summary attributes to return from a call to DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85). You can specify which types of PPE to summarize. You can also specify a minimum confidence value for detections. Summary information is returned in the Summary (ProtectiveEquipmentSummary (p. 318)) field of the response from DetectProtectiveEquipment. The summary includes which persons in an image were detected wearing the requested types of personal protective equipment (PPE), which persons were detected as not wearing PPE, and the persons in which a determination could not be made. For more information, see ProtectiveEquipmentSummary (p. 318).

Contents

MinConfidence

The minimum confidence level for which you want summary information. The confidence level applies to person detection, body part detection, equipment detection, and body part coverage. Amazon Rekognition doesn't return summary information with a confidence than this specified value. There isn't a default value.

Specify a MinConfidence value that is between 50-100% as DetectProtectiveEquipment returns predictions only where the detection confidence is between 50% - 100%. If you specify a value that is less than 50%, the results are the same specifying a value of 50%.

Type: Float
Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.
Required: Yes

RequiredEquipmentTypes

An array of personal protective equipment types for which you want summary information. If a person is detected wearing a required equipment type, the person's ID is added to the PersonsWithRequiredEquipment array field returned in ProtectiveEquipmentSummary (p. 318) by DetectProtectiveEquipment.

Type: Array of strings
Valid Values: FACE_COVER | HAND_COVER | HEAD_COVER
Required: Yes

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ProtectiveEquipmentSummary

Summary information for required items of personal protective equipment (PPE) detected on persons by a call to DetectProtectiveEquipment (p. 85). You specify the required type of PPE in the SummarizationAttributes (ProtectiveEquipmentSummarizationAttributes (p. 317)) input parameter. The summary includes which persons were detected wearing the required personal protective equipment (PersonsWithRequiredEquipment), which persons were detected as not wearing the required PPE (PersonsWithoutRequiredEquipment), and the persons in which a determination could not be made (PersonsIndeterminate).

To get a total for each category, use the size of the field array. For example, to find out how many people were detected as wearing the specified PPE, use the size of the PersonsWithRequiredEquipment array. If you want to find out more about a person, such as the location (BoundingBox (p. 242)) of the person on the image, use the person ID in each array element. Each person ID matches the ID field of a ProtectiveEquipmentPerson (p. 316) object returned in the Persons array by DetectProtectiveEquipment.

Contents

PersonsIndeterminate

An array of IDs for persons where it was not possible to determine if they are wearing personal protective equipment.

Type: Array of integers

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

PersonsWithoutRequiredEquipment

An array of IDs for persons who are not wearing all of the types of PPE specified in the RequiredEquipmentTypes field of the detected personal protective equipment.

Type: Array of integers

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

PersonsWithRequiredEquipment

An array of IDs for persons who are wearing detected personal protective equipment.

Type: Array of integers

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
• AWS SDK for Ruby V3
RegionOfInterest

Specifies a location within the frame that Rekognition checks for objects of interest such as text, labels, or faces. It uses a BoundingBox or Polygon to set a region of the screen.

A word, face, or label is included in the region if it is more than half in that region. If there is more than one region, the word, face, or label is compared with all regions of the screen. Any object of interest that is more than half in a region is kept in the results.

Contents

BoundingBox

The box representing a region of interest on screen.

Type: BoundingBox (p. 242) object

Required: No

Polygon

Specifies a shape made up of up to 10 Point objects to define a region of interest.

Type: Array of Point (p. 309) objects

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
S3Destination

The Amazon S3 bucket location to which Amazon Rekognition publishes the detailed inference results of a video analysis operation. These results include the name of the stream processor resource, the session ID of the stream processing session, and labeled timestamps and bounding boxes for detected labels.

Contents

Bucket

The name of the Amazon S3 bucket you want to associate with the streaming video project. You must be the owner of the Amazon S3 bucket.

Type: String


Pattern: [0-9A-Za-z\-_.] *

Required: No

KeyPrefix

The prefix value of the location within the bucket that you want the information to be published to. For more information, see Using prefixes.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Maximum length of 1024.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
S3Object

Provides the S3 bucket name and object name.

The region for the S3 bucket containing the S3 object must match the region you use for Amazon Rekognition operations.

For Amazon Rekognition to process an S3 object, the user must have permission to access the S3 object. For more information, see How Amazon Rekognition works with IAM.

Contents

Bucket

Name of the S3 bucket.

Type: String


Pattern: [0-9A-Za-z\-\._]*

Required: No

Name

S3 object key name.

Type: String


Required: No

Version

If the bucket is versioning enabled, you can specify the object version.

Type: String


Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
SegmentDetection

A technical cue or shot detection segment detected in a video. An array of SegmentDetection objects containing all segments detected in a stored video is returned by GetSegmentDetection (p. 129).

Contents

**DurationFrames**

The duration of a video segment, expressed in frames.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

**DurationMillis**

The duration of the detected segment in milliseconds.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

**DurationSMPTE**

The duration of the timecode for the detected segment in SMPTE format.

Type: String

Required: No

**EndFrameNumber**

The frame number at the end of a video segment, using a frame index that starts with 0.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

**EndTimecodeSMPTE**

The frame-accurate SMPTE timecode, from the start of a video, for the end of a detected segment. EndTimecode is in *HH:MM:SS:fr* format (and ,*fr* for drop frame-rates).

Type: String

Required: No

**EndTimestampMillis**

The end time of the detected segment, in milliseconds, from the start of the video. This value is rounded down.

Type: Long

Required: No
**ShotSegment**

If the segment is a shot detection, contains information about the shot detection.

Type: ShotSegment (p. 327) object

Required: No

**StartFrameNumber**

The frame number of the start of a video segment, using a frame index that starts with 0.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

**StartTimecodeSMPTE**

The frame-accurate SMPTE timecode, from the start of a video, for the start of a detected segment. StartTimecode is in HH:MM:SS:fr format (and ,fr for drop frame-rates).

Type: String

Required: No

**StartTimestampMillis**

The start time of the detected segment in milliseconds from the start of the video. This value is rounded down. For example, if the actual timestamp is 100.6667 milliseconds, Amazon Rekognition Video returns a value of 100 millis.

Type: Long

Required: No

**TechnicalCueSegment**

If the segment is a technical cue, contains information about the technical cue.

Type: TechnicalCueSegment (p. 344) object

Required: No

**Type**

The type of the segment. Valid values are TECHNICAL_CUE and SHOT.

Type: String

Valid Values: TECHNICAL_CUE | SHOT

Required: No

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
See Also

- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
SegmentTypeInfo

Information about the type of a segment requested in a call to StartSegmentDetection (p. 207). An array of SegmentTypeInfo objects is returned by the response from GetSegmentDetection (p. 129).

Contents

ModelVersion

The version of the model used to detect segments.

Type: String

Required: No

Type

The type of a segment (technical cue or shot detection).

Type: String

Valid Values: TECHNICAL_CUE | SHOT

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ShotSegment

Information about a shot detection segment detected in a video. For more information, see SegmentDetection (p. 323).

Contents

Confidence

The confidence that Amazon Rekognition Video has in the accuracy of the detected segment.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 50. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Index

An Identifier for a shot detection segment detected in a video.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Smile

Indicates whether or not the face is smiling, and the confidence level in the determination.

Contents

Confidence

Level of confidence in the determination.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Value

Boolean value that indicates whether the face is smiling or not.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartSegmentDetectionFilters

Filters applied to the technical cue or shot detection segments. For more information, see StartSegmentDetection (p. 207).

Contents

ShotFilter

Filters that are specific to shot detections.

Type: StartShotDetectionFilter (p. 330) object

Required: No

TechnicalCueFilter

Filters that are specific to technical cues.

Type: StartTechnicalCueDetectionFilter (p. 331) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
**StartShotDetectionFilter**

Filters for the shot detection segments returned by `GetSegmentDetection`. For more information, see `StartSegmentDetectionFilters` (p. 329).

**Contents**

**MinSegmentConfidence**

Specifies the minimum confidence that Amazon Rekognition Video must have in order to return a detected segment. Confidence represents how certain Amazon Rekognition is that a segment is correctly identified. 0 is the lowest confidence. 100 is the highest confidence. Amazon Rekognition Video doesn't return any segments with a confidence level lower than this specified value.

If you don't specify `MinSegmentConfidence`, the `GetSegmentDetection` returns segments with confidence values greater than or equal to 50 percent.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 50. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartTechnicalCueDetectionFilter

Filters for the technical segments returned by GetSegmentDetection (p. 129). For more information, see StartSegmentDetectionFilters (p. 329).

Contents

BlackFrame

A filter that allows you to control the black frame detection by specifying the black levels and pixel coverage of black pixels in a frame. Videos can come from multiple sources, formats, and time periods, with different standards and varying noise levels for black frames that need to be accounted for.

Type: BlackFrame (p. 241) object

Required: No

MinSegmentConfidence

Specifies the minimum confidence that Amazon Rekognition Video must have in order to return a detected segment. Confidence represents how certain Amazon Rekognition is that a segment is correctly identified. 0 is the lowest confidence. 100 is the highest confidence. Amazon Rekognition Video doesn't return any segments with a confidence level lower than this specified value.

If you don't specify MinSegmentConfidence, GetSegmentDetection returns segments with confidence values greater than or equal to 50 percent.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 50. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StartTextDetectionFilters

Set of optional parameters that let you set the criteria text must meet to be included in your response. WordFilter looks at a word's height, width and minimum confidence. RegionOfInterest lets you set a specific region of the screen to look for text in.

Contents

RegionsOfInterest

Filter focusing on a certain area of the frame. Uses a BoundingBox object to set the region of the screen.

Type: Array of RegionOfInterest (p. 320) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 0 items. Maximum number of 10 items.

Required: No

WordFilter

Filters focusing on qualities of the text, such as confidence or size.

Type: DetectionFilter (p. 267) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StreamProcessingStartSelector

Contents

KVSStreamStartSelector

Specifies the starting point in the stream to start processing. This can be done with a timestamp or a fragment number in a Kinesis stream.

Type: KinesisVideoStreamStartSelector (p. 295) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StreamProcessingStopSelector

Specifies when to stop processing the stream. You can specify a maximum amount of time to process the video.

Contents

MaxDurationInSeconds

Specifies the maximum amount of time in seconds that you want the stream to be processed. The largest amount of time is 2 minutes. The default is 10 seconds.

Type: Long

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 120.

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StreamProcessor

An object that recognizes faces or labels in a streaming video. An Amazon Rekognition stream processor is created by a call to CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26). The request parameters for CreateStreamProcessor describe the Kinesis video stream source for the streaming video, face recognition parameters, and where to stream the analysis results.

Contents

Name

Name of the Amazon Rekognition stream processor.

Type: String


Pattern: [a-zA-Z0-9_.\-]+

Required: No

Status

Current status of the Amazon Rekognition stream processor.

Type: String

Valid Values: STOPPED | STARTING | RUNNING | FAILED | STOPPING | UPDATING

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StreamProcessorDataSharingPreference

Allows you to opt in or opt out to share data with Rekognition to improve model performance. You can choose this option at the account level or on a per-stream basis. Note that if you opt out at the account level this setting is ignored on individual streams.

Contents

OptIn

If this option is set to true, you choose to share data with Rekognition to improve model performance.

Type: Boolean

Required: Yes

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StreamProcessorInput

Information about the source streaming video.

Contents

KinesisVideoStream

The Kinesis video stream input stream for the source streaming video.

Type: KinesisVideoStream (p. 294) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StreamProcessorNotificationChannel

The Amazon Simple Notification Service topic to which Amazon Rekognition publishes the object detection results and completion status of a video analysis operation.

Amazon Rekognition publishes a notification the first time an object of interest or a person is detected in the video stream. For example, if Amazon Rekognition detects a person at second 2, a pet at second 4, and a person again at second 5, Amazon Rekognition sends 2 object class detected notifications, one for a person at second 2 and one for a pet at second 4.

Amazon Rekognition also publishes an an end-of-session notification with a summary when the stream processing session is complete.

Contents

SNSTopicArn

The Amazon Resource Number (ARN) of the Amazon Simple Notification Service topic to which Amazon Rekognition posts the completion status.

Type: String

Pattern: (^arn:aws:sns:.:*:\w{12}:.+$)

Required: Yes

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StreamProcessorOutput

Information about the Amazon Kinesis Data Streams stream to which a Amazon Rekognition Video stream processor streams the results of a video analysis. For more information, see CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26).

Contents

KinesisDataStream

The Amazon Kinesis Data Streams stream to which the Amazon Rekognition stream processor streams the analysis results.

Type: KinesisDataStream (p. 293) object

Required: No

S3Destination

The Amazon S3 bucket location to which Amazon Rekognition publishes the detailed inference results of a video analysis operation.

Type: S3Destination (p. 321) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StreamProcessorSettings

Input parameters used in a streaming video analyzed by a Amazon Rekognition stream processor. You can use FaceSearch to recognize faces in a streaming video, or you can use ConnectedHome to detect labels.

Contents

ConnectedHome

Label detection settings to use on a streaming video. Defining the settings is required in the request parameter for CreateStreamProcessor (p. 26). Including this setting in the CreateStreamProcessor request enables you to use the stream processor for label detection. You can then select what you want the stream processor to detect, such as people or pets. When the stream processor has started, one notification is sent for each object class specified. For example, if packages and pets are selected, one SNS notification is published the first time a package is detected and one SNS notification is published the first time a pet is detected, as well as an end-of-session summary.

Type: ConnectedHomeSettings (p. 253) object

Required: No

FaceSearch

Face search settings to use on a streaming video.

Type: FaceSearchSettings (p. 283) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
StreamProcessorSettingsForUpdate

The stream processor settings that you want to update. ConnectedHome settings can be updated to detect different labels with a different minimum confidence.

Contents

ConnectedHomeForUpdate

The label detection settings you want to use for your stream processor.

Type: ConnectedHomeSettingsForUpdate (p. 254) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Summary

The S3 bucket that contains the training summary. The training summary includes aggregated evaluation metrics for the entire testing dataset and metrics for each individual label.

You get the training summary S3 bucket location by calling DescribeProjectVersions (p. 56).

Contents

S3Object

Provides the S3 bucket name and object name.

The region for the S3 bucket containing the S3 object must match the region you use for Amazon Rekognition operations.

For Amazon Rekognition to process an S3 object, the user must have permission to access the S3 object. For more information, see How Amazon Rekognition works with IAM.

Type: S3Object (p. 322) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Sunglasses

Indicates whether or not the face is wearing sunglasses, and the confidence level in the determination.

Contents

Confidence

Level of confidence in the determination.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Value

Boolean value that indicates whether the face is wearing sunglasses or not.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
TechnicalCueSegment

Information about a technical cue segment. For more information, see SegmentDetection (p. 323).

Contents

Confidence

The confidence that Amazon Rekognition Video has in the accuracy of the detected segment.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 50. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

Type

The type of the technical cue.

Type: String

Valid Values: ColorBars | EndCredits | BlackFrames | OpeningCredits | StudioLogo | Slate | Content

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
TestingData

The dataset used for testing. Optionally, if AutoCreate is set, Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels uses the training dataset to create a test dataset with a temporary split of the training dataset.

Contents

Assets

The assets used for testing.

Type: Array of Asset (p. 238) objects

Required: No

AutoCreate

If specified, Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels temporarily splits the training dataset (80%) to create a test dataset (20%) for the training job. After training completes, the test dataset is not stored and the training dataset reverts to its previous size.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
TestingDataResult

Sagemaker Groundtruth format manifest files for the input, output and validation datasets that are used and created during testing.

Contents

Input

The testing dataset that was supplied for training.

Type: TestingData (p. 345) object

Required: No

Output

The subset of the dataset that was actually tested. Some images (assets) might not be tested due to file formatting and other issues.

Type: TestingData (p. 345) object

Required: No

Validation

The location of the data validation manifest. The data validation manifest is created for the test dataset during model training.

Type: ValidationData (p. 353) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
TextDetection

Information about a word or line of text detected by DetectText (p. 89).

The DetectedText field contains the text that Amazon Rekognition detected in the image.

Every word and line has an identifier (Id). Each word belongs to a line and has a parent identifier (ParentId) that identifies the line of text in which the word appears. The word Id is also an index for the word within a line of words.

For more information, see Detecting text.

Contents

Confidence

The confidence that Amazon Rekognition has in the accuracy of the detected text and the accuracy of the geometry points around the detected text.

Type: Float

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0. Maximum value of 100.

Required: No

DetectedText

The word or line of text recognized by Amazon Rekognition.

Type: String

Required: No

Geometry

The location of the detected text on the image. Includes an axis aligned coarse bounding box surrounding the text and a finer grain polygon for more accurate spatial information.

Type: Geometry (p. 285) object

Required: No

Id

The identifier for the detected text. The identifier is only unique for a single call to DetectText.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No

ParentId

The Parent identifier for the detected text identified by the value of ID. If the type of detected text is LINE, the value of ParentId is Null.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.

Required: No
Type

The type of text that was detected.

Type: String

Valid Values: LINE | WORD

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
TextDetectionResult

Information about text detected in a video. Includes the detected text, the time in milliseconds from the start of the video that the text was detected, and where it was detected on the screen.

Contents

TextDetection

Details about text detected in a video.

Type: TextDetection (p. 347) object

Required: No

Timestamp

The time, in milliseconds from the start of the video, that the text was detected.

Type: Long

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
**TrainingData**

The dataset used for training.

**Contents**

**Assets**

A Sagemaker GroundTruth manifest file that contains the training images (assets).

Type: Array of Asset (p. 238) objects

Required: No

**See Also**

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
TrainingDataResult

Sagemaker Groundtruth format manifest files for the input, output and validation datasets that are used and created during testing.

Contents

Input

The training assets that you supplied for training.

Type: TrainingData (p. 350) object

Required: No

Output

The images (assets) that were actually trained by Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels.

Type: TrainingData (p. 350) object

Required: No

Validation

The location of the data validation manifest. The data validation manifest is created for the training dataset during model training.

Type: ValidationData (p. 353) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
UnindexedFace

A face that IndexFaces (p. 138) detected, but didn't index. Use the Reasons response attribute to determine why a face wasn't indexed.

Contents

FaceDetail

The structure that contains attributes of a face that IndexFaces detected, but didn't index.

Type: FaceDetail (p. 277) object

Required: No

Reasons

An array of reasons that specify why a face wasn't indexed.

- EXTREME_POSE - The face is at a pose that can't be detected. For example, the head is turned too far away from the camera.
- EXCEEDS_MAX_FACES - The number of faces detected is already higher than that specified by the MaxFaces input parameter for IndexFaces.
- LOW_BRIGHTNESS - The image is too dark.
- LOW_SHARPNESS - The image is too blurry.
- LOW_CONFIDENCE - The face was detected with a low confidence.
- SMALL_BOUNDING_BOX - The bounding box around the face is too small.

Type: Array of strings

Valid Values: EXCEEDS_MAX_FACES | EXTREME_POSE | LOW_BRIGHTNESS | LOW_SHARPNESS | LOW_CONFIDENCE | SMALL_BOUNDING_BOX | LOW_FACE_QUALITY

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
ValidationData

Contains the Amazon S3 bucket location of the validation data for a model training job.

The validation data includes error information for individual JSON lines in the dataset. For more information, see Debugging a Failed Model Training.

You get the ValidationData object for the training dataset (TrainingDataResult (p. 351)) and the test dataset (TestingDataResult (p. 346)) by calling DescribeProjectVersions (p. 56).

The assets array contains a single Asset (p. 238) object. The GroundTruthManifest (p. 286) field of the Asset object contains the S3 bucket location of the validation data.

Contents

Assets

The assets that comprise the validation data.

Type: Array of Asset (p. 238) objects

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Video

Video file stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. Amazon Rekognition video start operations such as StartLabelDetection (p. 196) use Video to specify a video for analysis. The supported file formats are .mp4, .mov and .avi.

Contents

S3Object

The Amazon S3 bucket name and file name for the video.

Type: S3Object (p. 322) object

Required: No

See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
VideoMetadata

Information about a video that Amazon Rekognition analyzed. VideoMetadata is returned in every page of paginated responses from an Amazon Rekognition video operation.

Contents

Codec
Type of compression used in the analyzed video.
Type: String
Required: No

ColorRange
A description of the range of luminance values in a video, either LIMITED (16 to 235) or FULL (0 to 255).
Type: String
Valid Values: FULL | LIMITED
Required: No

DurationMillis
Length of the video in milliseconds.
Type: Long
Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.
Required: No

Format
Format of the analyzed video. Possible values are MP4, MOV and AVI.
Type: String
Required: No

FrameHeight
Vertical pixel dimension of the video.
Type: Long
Valid Range: Minimum value of 0.
Required: No

FrameRate
Number of frames per second in the video.
Type: Float
Required: No

FrameWidth
Horizontal pixel dimension of the video.
See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific AWS SDKs, see the following:

- AWS SDK for C++
- AWS SDK for Go
- AWS SDK for Java V2
- AWS SDK for Ruby V3
Common Parameters

The following list contains the parameters that all actions use for signing Signature Version 4 requests with a query string. Any action-specific parameters are listed in the topic for that action. For more information about Signature Version 4, see Signature Version 4 Signing Process in the Amazon Web Services General Reference.

**Action**

The action to be performed.

Type: string

Required: Yes

**Version**

The API version that the request is written for, expressed in the format YYYY-MM-DD.

Type: string

Required: Yes

**X-Amz-Algorithm**

The hash algorithm that you used to create the request signature.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Valid Values: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256

Required: Conditional

**X-Amz-Credential**

The credential scope value, which is a string that includes your access key, the date, the region you are targeting, the service you are requesting, and a termination string ("aws4_request"). The value is expressed in the following format: access_key/YYYYMMDD/region/service/aws4_request.

For more information, see Task 2: Create a String to Sign for Signature Version 4 in the Amazon Web Services General Reference.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

**X-Amz-Date**

The date that is used to create the signature. The format must be ISO 8601 basic format (YYYYMMDD'T'HHMMSS'Z'). For example, the following date time is a valid X-Amz-Date value: 20120325T120000Z.

Condition: X-Amz-Date is optional for all requests; it can be used to override the date used for signing requests. If the Date header is specified in the ISO 8601 basic format, X-Amz-Date is
not required. When X-Amz-Date is used, it always overrides the value of the Date header. For more information, see Handling Dates in Signature Version 4 in the Amazon Web Services General Reference.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

X-Amz-Security-Token

The temporary security token that was obtained through a call to AWS Security Token Service (AWS STS). For a list of services that support temporary security credentials from AWS Security Token Service, go to AWS Services That Work with IAM in the IAM User Guide.

Condition: If you're using temporary security credentials from the AWS Security Token Service, you must include the security token.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

X-Amz-Signature

Specifies the hex-encoded signature that was calculated from the string to sign and the derived signing key.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

X-Amz-SignedHeaders

Specifies all the HTTP headers that were included as part of the canonical request. For more information about specifying signed headers, see Task 1: Create a Canonical Request For Signature Version 4 in the Amazon Web Services General Reference.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Required: Conditional
Common Errors

This section lists the errors common to the API actions of all AWS services. For errors specific to an API action for this service, see the topic for that API action.

**AccessDeniedException**

You do not have sufficient access to perform this action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**IncompleteSignature**

The request signature does not conform to AWS standards.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InternalFailure**

The request processing has failed because of an unknown error, exception or failure.

HTTP Status Code: 500

**InvalidAction**

The action or operation requested is invalid. Verify that the action is typed correctly.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidClientTokenId**

The X.509 certificate or AWS access key ID provided does not exist in our records.

HTTP Status Code: 403

**InvalidParameterCombination**

Parameters that must not be used together were used together.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidParameterValue**

An invalid or out-of-range value was supplied for the input parameter.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**InvalidQueryParameter**

The AWS query string is malformed or does not adhere to AWS standards.

HTTP Status Code: 400

**MalformedQueryString**

The query string contains a syntax error.

HTTP Status Code: 404

**MissingAction**

The request is missing an action or a required parameter.

HTTP Status Code: 400
MissingAuthenticationToken

The request must contain either a valid (registered) AWS access key ID or X.509 certificate.

HTTP Status Code: 403

MissingParameter

A required parameter for the specified action is not supplied.

HTTP Status Code: 400

NotAuthorized

You do not have permission to perform this action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

OptInRequired

The AWS access key ID needs a subscription for the service.

HTTP Status Code: 403

RequestExpired

The request reached the service more than 15 minutes after the date stamp on the request or more than 15 minutes after the request expiration date (such as for pre-signed URLs), or the date stamp on the request is more than 15 minutes in the future.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ServiceUnavailable

The request has failed due to a temporary failure of the server.

HTTP Status Code: 503

ThrottlingException

The request was denied due to request throttling.

HTTP Status Code: 400

ValidationError

The input fails to satisfy the constraints specified by an AWS service.

HTTP Status Code: 400